### SENATOR COLOUITY

Denies the Criticism Which Has Been Attributed to Him

CONCERNING GENERAL C. A. EVANS

He Never Gave Utterance Ito Any Such Remarks.

NEW YEAR'S , AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Mr. and Mrs. Cieveland Receive the Diplomats - Many Georgia Ladies Take Part in the Receptions of the Day.

Washington, January 1 .- (Special.)-There is absolutely no truth in the reports alleging coolness between Senator Colquitt and General Clement A. Evans, who is a candidate for the governorship of Georgia. This statement comes directly from Senator Colquitt himself.

The Alleged Rumor. About a week ago copies of Georgia newspapers were shown around here, intimating such a state of affairs. An article published in The Savannah Press and republished by other papers represented Senator Colquitt

as saying substantially this: "I would not vote in private for a man who did not ally himself in public with the party. General Evans was not heard from in 1892."

General Evans's Record. This intimation that General Evans had not rendered active aid to the party when needed, and that he had not been "heard from in 1892," was regarded as strange by those who knew the facts. It was recalled that General Evans had rendered marked service to the party in the contest between Black and Watson in 1892, in the tenth district fight. In fact, some of the cleverest feats of that campaign were the direct, personal suggestions of General Evans. He was called upon to do a great deal in the way of negotiation, which bore excellent fruit. All this service was known to Senator Colquitt as well as to Congressman Black. It was plain, therefore, that there must have been some mistake about the al-

Colquitt's Strong Denial. Senator Colquitt has been confined to his room for several days and was able to be for the first time this week today. Senator Colquitt is too weak to submit to an interview but gave an emphatic denial to the statement that he had ever made any derogatory statements of General

"Every one knows my relations with General Evans," said the senator, "and knowing them fully, realize that any such statement as has been attributed to me by the Press is unauthorized as well as untrue. I did not think it was necessary at the time to make any denial, as I thought no credence would be given it, but you have my unqualified rebuttal of the rumor or the report, whatever form it may have as-

Worthy Any Honor. This emphatic repudiation of the alleged interview, even in its faintest form, was only what was expected of Senator Colquitt as soon as he could be reached. The senator has the warmest personal regard

for General Evans and esteems him as worthy any honor which the democracy may choose to confer upon him. The White House Reception. The new year opened bright and clear,

more snap and crispness week. The day is more generally observed here than in most cities, and while the custom of keeping an open house is falling into desuctude with the more fash ionable social set, society observes the custom, and in many homes parties were made up to receive all callers. These receptions, however, do not begin until the afternoon and the event of the morning and early afternoon was the president's reception at the white house. The executive mansion was especially attractive for the occasion. The floral decorations were tasteful but not

Festoons of smilax were everywhere in elaborate profusion-from friezes of walls, from gas and electric light fixtures and in window embrazures. In the state dining room potted palms were placed. In the red room a row of Chinese primroses stood on mantelpiece flanked and backed by green plants. Palms were clustered before the fireplace and in the corners of the room. The blue room, in which the president and receiving party stood, showed the brightest flower effects. Daylight was wholly shut out of this room, and the great chandeller, with its glittering crystal pendants, was all ablaze. Before the window to the southward were drooped palms and plants, gorgeous scarlet leaves of the Christmas plants being the conspicuous feature. On the mantelpiece to the westward were Chines primroses again. The shelf on the other side of the room was a bank of bright flowers, roses, lilacs, carnations, tulips and white hyacinths. The east room decorations were confined to greens, with a few Chinese primroses peeping from the recesses here

Just before the reception began and while carriages of members of the diplomatic corps were arriving at the entrance to the mansion an old woman appeared and created a scene. The president, she said, owed her a bill and she wanted the money right away. She would take possession of the white house and stay there until Mr. Cleveland opened his purse.

It was a case of no pay, no go. The statement of the fact that today was a legal holday in the District of Columbia, and the non-debt could be legally collected until too frow had no effect on the old woman, but physical force and some strong moral suasion induced her to go to the police station. She Wanted Her Money.

All asson induced her to go to the police station.

The receiving party stood in the blue room, an oval-shaped apartment tastefully and elegantly decorated. A few minutes after 11 o'clock while the members of the diplomatic corps were arranging themselves for saying "Happy New Year." the marine band, stationed in the public lobby, struck up the usual "Hall to the Chief." The people who crowded the big, wide hallway which separates the public from the private part of the mansion, knew what that meant and all eyes turned to an old-fashioned, quaint-looking staircase at the end of the corridor.

The Receiving Party. The Receiving Party.

In a minuta there was a flutter of women's skirts seen in the turn of the staircase and a whispered "here they come" amounced the appearance of the receiving party. Colonel John M. Wilson and Captain Pitcher, of the army, both fine-looking men, headed the line. They were in full uniform. Immediately behind them came the president with Mrs. Cleveland on his arm. The vice president and Mrs. Stevenson followed and then came the cabinet of-ficers and their wives with Secretary and Mrs. Gresham leading.

In the blue room there was a bevy of ma-trons and young girls to whom the honor of standing "behind the line" had been ac-corded. The president, Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Stevenson and the ladies of the families of the members of the cabinet formed them. the members of the cabinet formed them-selves in from door to door of the blue

The First Lady of the Land. Mrs. Cleveland thever looked better than in the reception gown of vivid magent moire with bodice of Irish point lace finished with an artistic mass of chiffon at the front of the bodice. The skirt was entirely without trimming; she wore her hair part-ed in front and drawn back at each side into a simple knot at the back of her head which was fastened by a gold comb; no flowers were carried. Mrs. Hoke Smith wore

a gray silk with bodice and sleeves of spangled sunset velvet.

At 11 o'clock a. m. the vice president, members of the cabinet and diplomatic corps were received. They were followed by the chief justice and the associate justices of upreme court of the United States, of the United States court of claims, judges of the court of appeals and judges of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, senators, representatives, delegates of congress, commissioners of the District of Columbia and Judicial officers of the des-trict, ex-members of the cabinet and extrict. ex-members of the cabinet and exministers of the United States. officers of
the army, navy and marine corps, regents
and secretary of the Smithsonian institution, the civil service commissioner, interstate commerce commission, assistant secretaries of departments, assistant postmasters general, solicitor general, assistant
actorneys general, commissioner of labor,
heads of bureaus of the several departments and president of the Columbian institute-for the deaf and dumb, associate
veterans of the war of 1846 and Army of
the Republic, Loyal Lexion and the members of the Oldest Inhabitants' Association
of the District of Columbia,

of the District of Columbia.

At 12:35 o'clock the reception to the general public began and continued until 3 o'clock D. m. The crowd was so large that when the doors were closed there was a long line of persons standing in front of the white house who had been unable to gain admission.

Mrs. Stevenson and the ladies of the cabinet generally held receptions at their homes during the afternoon, at which greetings were exchanged with many callers. Mrs. Stevenson's parlors at the Normandie were prettily decorated with palms and flowers. Those assisting her included Mrs. Those assisting her included Mrs nowers. Those assisting her included Mrs. Crisp, Mrs. Blackburn, Mrs. Cullom, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Lindsay, Mrs. Springer, Mrs. Funk, Mrs. Judge Weldom, Mrs. John C. Black, Mrs. Frank B. Vrooman, Mrs. George Wendling, Mrs. Winston, Miss Carr, of Durham, N. C., the Misses Scott and Stevenson.

HORNBLOWER TO BE WITHDRAWN. Olney Will Be Nominated for the Vacant Judgeship.

St. Louis, Mo., January 1.—A Republic Washington special says: It is stated in administration circles tonight that the president will withdraw the nomination of Mr. Hornblower, of New York, for an as-sociate justiceship of the supreme court. A man high in the councils of the democratic party and very close to the president says: "The president has concluded that Hornblower cannot be confirmed. In con-sequence, he has decided to withdraw his nonlination and substitute Olnsy, the present attorney general, for the vacant judgeship; put Bissell, the present resonater general, in Olney's place, and put Josiah Quincy, late assistant secretary of state, in Bissell's place as postmaster general.

MCKINLEY TO THE LEGISLATURE. His Annual Message Advises a Short

Session and Little Legislation. Columbus, O., January 1.—Governor Mc-Kinley today in his message to the legisla-ture says: "Your honorable body meets at a time when the state is suffering from a prolonged industrial depression, for which unhappily, there appears to be no immedi ate prospect of relief. The beoble will de-mand that their representatives shall prac-tice economy in public expenditures, which necessity enforced upon them in their pri-vate expenditures. A short session and but vate expenditures. A short sessittle legislation would be appropriately

time like this.
"Real estate and other tangible property," says, "now pays the large share of tax while other varieties of property which is intangible either wholly escape or bear a disproprotionate share. He suggests that "the tax commission, which was appointed to and which did make a report recently upon the subject of tax revision be continued for such time as it may be deemed wise."

It is a bi-partisan body. Its report shows that the burden is very unequally distributed and inclines to the view that corporations as a class do not bear their fal. share. The governor cautions against tax legis-ation being so framed as to confiscate capdrive it out of the state.

MAIL CARRIERS' OVERTIME CLAIMS. Commissioner Has Been Appointed to

Examine Into Them. Washington, January 1.—Assistant Super-ntendent William Hill, of the free delivery service, postoffice department, who has been designated by the United States court of claims as commissioner to examine into the overtime claims of letter carriers, will enter upon his new duties on the 5th of next month. He will retain his present position and will get an additional salary of \$2,000 per annum. His duty will occupy him at least a year, during which time he will visit all the large cities cost all the large cities east of the Mississippi river. His tour of investigation will commence in New York city. It is acobable that another commissioner will soon be appointed to investigate the claims in cities west of the Mississippi river. The salary of this position will be \$3,000 per annum. The aggregate amount represented by the overtime letter carriers claims throughout the country is estimated at \$750.000. large cities east of the Mie

THEY WERE COOKED ALIVE.

A Terrible Accident Caused by Carelessness, and Two Lives Lost.

lessness, and Two Lives Lost.
Chattanooga., Tenn., January 1.—Two men were fairly cooked alive in a terrible boiler explosion that occurred at 10 o'clock this morning the roundhouse of the Cincinnati Southern railway.
Charles Beckert, a white boiler maker, was engaged in repairing an engine which came in last night with a leak in the steam flues. He was standing in the fire box with Jesse Lang, a colored assistant. Mistaking a screw plug for a driven plug, he gave the screw a careless tap, driving it in. The steam burst through the small aperture with a loud report.

Both men were horribly scalded and the flesh dropped from their bottles in a sick-

steam ourst through the shall appear a loud report.

Both men were horribly scalded and the flesh dropped from their bodies in a sickening manner. Death was instantaneous. The bodies were taken to Sharp's morgue, where a verdict of death from the carelessness of Beckert was found by the coroner's jury.

Admits His Guilt. Admits His Guilt.

Frankfort, Ind., January I.-Perry Gilliam, alias Charles Smith, who enticed little Viola Shaffer, a thirteen-year-old girl, away from the county porhouse and outraged her on December 8th, was arrested yesterday and is now in jail. Gilliam admits his guilt. He completed a five years' sentence a couple of months ago for a similar offense at Delphi.

Tragedy in Tennessee.

White Pine, Tenn., January I.-J. M. Fain was shot and instantly killed this afternoon by Policeman Smith. Fain was married Last Tuesday The fay following he had a bitter quarrel with Smith. They met today in the lepot and Fain, drawing a knife, started towards Smith who drewhis revolver and fired one shot. The coroner rendered a verdict of self-delense.

#### THIRD AND LAST ACT UNMASKING HOWARD

Railroad Play.

CENTRAL GOES UNDER THE HAMMER | EVEN HIS FAMILY DID NOT KNOW HIM

New Yorkers Furnish a Scenario of the Drama to a Correspondent.

ONE MAN MAY ACT MANY PARTS NO ONE CAN READ THE JURORS

Mr. Henry Crawford Represents the Majority Stock and Creditors-The Decree of Sale Is Ready to Be Signed.

New York, January 1 .- (Special.)-If Henry Crawford had been my invisible companion a few days ago while interviewing different parties having more or less inter est in Georgia Central securities, he would have heard some disagreeable remarks about himself and his clients, not exceeded in severity, however, by his own criticism acrimony of debate and the caustic of biting personalities, Henry Crawford is apt to provide entertainment. He is unsparing in his comments on the United States dis trict judge of the southern district of Georgia and he is really pathetic over the wreck of the Central and the ruin wreaked upon widows and orphans, executors, administra tors and assigns. By the way, ford now represents creditors of the Central

On the other hand there are those who Terminal people over the diminishing val-

ues of the Central system. Said one gentleman: "There is but one thing for the Terminal to do, and that is to buy in the Central at public outcry. The property is going to be sold and it is the interest of the buyer to buy cheap. Every Every disadvantageous report and every bad showing of earnings goes toward les-sening the price of the road at the coming public vendue. Mr. Crawford's crocodile tears show his tender heart, but if sincere they would not prove a business head. Not is it dishonest for a purchaser to pay out as little as possible for a railroad any more than for land and cattle or any other specles of property. There are no doubt some onest men in the present Terminal group of financiers. But again some of then ssisted in the wreck of the Central. the Terminal got control of the Central and they governed it before they leased it, the purpose was to run the property down

"And, mark you, the only way to secure a railroad cheap is to foreclose and sell it out under the hammer. If you attempt to buy the stock and the bonds they at once begin to rise in value until fabulous prices are reached. But securities have no value except as measured by property on which they are bar a m told General Alexander used to argue that the owners of the majority steel, would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the majority steels would not deeper a second control of the second control of of the majority stock would not do any harm to their own possessions, that such a course would be suicidal. How flimsy is such logic. It is not the modern system of reasoning. By ruining the property the ma-jority stockholders squeeze out the minority, they shut out the bondholders and all credit-ors. If they have the money they can go on and buy it in at a bankrupt sale and bankrupt prices, just as you can buy goods cheap when a trader is forced to a The majority of the stockholders lose not ing and gain everything when they b

The speaker, while not a Georgian, keeps an open eye on the railroads of that state.

From others I learned that all thought of reorganizing was gone. In fact, they clear through all scheme of reorganization. 'The Terminal was nov about to reach the denouement of the plot formed years ago. The unities had been preserved all the way through and the loot-ers were soon to divide their booty. They had pounded the Central consistently and uninterruptedly. Nothing had been left done that was calculated to discredit splendid property. The Terminal had vol-untarily surrendered the lease which Judge Jackson held was a valid instrument, and after stripping the property of money, rolling stock and diverting immense volumes of business from it, they turned it loose only

to get a more deadly grip on it.

It is reported and generally credited that
Mr. Jacob Schiff of the banking firm of
Kuhn, Loeb & Co., is taking an active hand in Central affairs just now. His firm is sald to be assisting in financiering the float-ing indebtedness. The floating creditors do not care to be at large much longer. They are soon going to get on the sinking craft and their weight is more than apt to send it to the bottom. Indeed, it is a certainty or next to it.

Mr. Crawford Is Versatile.

One party remarked that "it was a little singular that Mr. Crawford, the attorney for the majority stockholders, should also represent the creditors who were pressing the sale under foreclosure. All the time he has pretended to battle for the stock and the property rights. He gave up all other business and removed to New York on a plendid guaranty to act at attorney for the Terminal people or if you prefer the on a plendid guaranty to act at attorney for the Terminal people or if you prefer the majority stockholders. And remember because the Terminal company is bankrupt, the men interested in it are not, and they can work through a moribund corporation if they see fit to do so. Anyway, it is clear that the majority stockholders are anxious for the road to be sold. In the purchase, Jacob Schiff will fixure in the public eye."

It is not easy to get information about

public eye."

It is not easy to get information about the plans of the majority stockholders. Their lawyers and financiers do not lay down their hands at the call of a newspaper man. They are not disposed to a public discussion of their ulterior purposes. It is a stroke of luck to catch a glimpse of them.

At Frexel, Morgan & Co.'s today I had At Frexel, Morgan & Co's today I had a full-sized view of Mr. Acosta through the open door and glass frame work in the main office, but though he seemed quite at ease, he sent word that it was the first day of the year and that a half holiday, he was rushed with business. Perhaps later he will have a little leisure. Mr. Joline still stands mute, though not by any means a taciturn man—so with the whole list.

means a tactural man—so with the whole list.

One thing in this business is a little strange to an outsider. Why is there such a delay in the signing of the final decree? I saw one or two printed copies on Mr. Crawford's desk, but that gentleman declined to let me have one. It wouldn't be proper, he said, to give it out before it was signed. No doubt this is correct, but I thought it might be interesting reading matter to interested parties before the solemn seal of the court attests Justice Jagkson's sign manual.

G. H.

grinson, Ark., Jinuary 1.—The belle commotive pulling the through freigh St. Louis exploded near here ently thing. The tryn consisted of thirty fiv fourteen of which were loaded with a hour twenty cars were wrecked great number of cattle killed. Headen and the state of the stat

Now for the Climax in the Great General Hawkins Argues That the Doctor Is a Huge Fraud.

His Pretty Little Sister-in-Law Was Ignorant of His Paper.

Their Faces Indicate Nothing of What They Think About the Case-It Has Cost More Than \$40,000.

Jackson, Tenn., January 1.-(Special.)-With the new year came renewed interest in the fate of Dr. Howard and early this morning the throng began to assemble to hear the closing words of the defendant. When court adjourned Saturday night he was in the midst of a flowery appeal to the jury for mercy and he left it with them over Sunday. He came in this morning looking refreshed and confident. He took up the thread of his discourse and asked an acquittal at the hands of the jury. Howard closed with eloquent and feeling words.

The United States attorney, General S. A. Hawkins, then began the argument of his life, taking up the thread of the romantic story told in the dry evidence and lifting the robe of the preacher from the true character that they had so long hidden He scored the defendant unmercifully uron the evidence. Said he: "As to the connec tion of this defendant with William Lord Moore, let's take up that golden thread of no juror shall be dissatisfied when he comes to make up his verdict." Hawkins went into the discussion of Miss Emily Hughes's testimony, showing that the little girl was clearly under the influence of a master mind, and though her testimony was given in good faith, was as far from the trith as the poles are apart. He showed that notwithstanding the fact that the defendant was in the newspaper Jusiness in New York when the young lady was there, sne testified that she had never heard of The Church, Home and State, and cited this to show that she was equally as much in the dark regarding the defendant's movements at 5 Ingersol Road, London. "Yes," said the solicitor, "this man of God so designated by Mr. Canada and by the defendant himself compared to the Savior who paid the benalty of the sins of the world upon the cross, we find living a double life, verily the life of a ant was in the newspaper business in New upon the delicate hand of the young girl to upon the delicate hand of the young girl to lift him from the slough of despair. Now, gentlemen, why was the defendant left in London when his wife and her sigter returned to America on the lith of May? Take the testimony of Terrefi and Brown, and it shows plainly that it was to continue the William Lord Moore matters. Can this be denied?"

Hawkins then traced the defendant on and on through all of his aliases and baid: "Isn't it strange that when all of these parties were lost to sight, though still to memory dear, that the defendant appeared in Jackson and took up the business where they had left off and inaugurated the gigan-

Through all of this the defendant chafed. He afterward contradicted flatly, or cor-rected the attorney general. The crest of Dr. Howard gradually lowered as the argument progressed, and when court adjournment progressed, and when court advanted tonight he wore his old dejected look.

Mrs. Howard was in the courtroom with her husband, pale and looking thred from the worry of the long trial and the mental pressure upon her. It is given out by one in position to know that up to Saturday night the defendant was confident of acquittal, but certainly tonight some that confidence is gone and as he bas said:
"The old premonition of impending il sits
with him." The opinion is gaining ground
among those who have heard the evidence that it will be a hung jury, but in that event Judge Hammond has already said that a new trial will be called immediately. So far it is estimated by one connected with the government that this man has cost Uncle Sam more than \$45,000, and another trial means more than half that much more. The jurymen are as dumb as oysters and the trial is not even discussed when their guards are

in the room. It seems that the victims of the disper-It seems that the victims of the directy doctor continue to come up. C. W. Hunt, editor of The News, Burlington, N. C., writes that, reading The Atlanta Constitution, he recognized the defendant as the man who beat him out of a \$200 advertising bill of the European claims agency in 1890, and that when he wrote about it he received a letter from another party saying that koss was very ill and never heard from him again.

Mr. Hawkins will probably conclude his argument by noon tomorrow and the charge will consume the balance of the day, the jury getting the case late in the afternoon.

SUING O'BRIEN'S BONDSMEN.

The Defendants State That an Offer The Defendants State That an Offer Was Made to Compromise.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 1.—(Special.)

The suit of the Catholic Knights of America against M. H. Clift, John Cumming, J. H. Light, C. C. Howard and J. T. Williams, the five local bondsmen of the defaulting treasurer, M. J. O'Brien, was taken up in the United States court today. There was

the United States court today. There was a very able legal array on both sides. The defense entered a motion to quash three depositions of the plaintiffs, which were ir regularly secured from Cincinnati witnesses.

Judge Key overruled the motion. A plea
of accord was then entered by the defense, stating that the supreme officers of the Catholic Knights had agreed to compromise Catholic Knights had agreed to compromise the suit for \$13,500. The plaintiffs' answer was that they had not agreed to such a proceeding. Judge Key dismissed court until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning to consider the case, at which time, unless he orders a judgment to be entered for the amount alleged to have been agreed upon, the trial will proceed. Ex-Supreme Secretary Barr and ex-Supreme Trustee Duffy are here. Supreme President Kane and ex-President Coleman are also expected.

Raleigh, N. C., January 1.—(Special.)—Some years ago it was stated that the governor proposed to locate the Apache Indians now at Mt. Vernon, Ala, somewhere in, western North Carolina. It appears that this plan is again in contemplation, as Captain Witherspoon, who has been for quite a long time in charge of these Indians, has just had a conference with Agent Potter, at the Cherokee reservation in this state, regarding the removal question. There was objection several years ago, but it is not known whether there is now any. Thirty-six of the North Carolina Cherokees have been sent to the Indian school at Carilise, Pa. The Cherokees hold in their own right a vast tract of land in Talk of Moving the Apaches,

he will then be in full control of the office. Judge Winburn is no stranger to the people of Gainesville and Hall county, for ne filled the office of ordinary for years. Mr. W. A. Wood, his predecessor, has given universal satisfaction ouring his administration of the affairs and retires with the best wishes of all classes of people.

OPERA HOUSE BURNED. Arthur O'Neil's Theater Makes a New

Year's Bonfire. Charleston, S. C., January 1.-(Special.)-O'Neil's Grand opera house made a New story of the destruction of this beautiful temple of art is briefly told. The building was discovered to be on fire about 2:30 o'clock. The fire engines were quickly on the spot. The water was not in the mains and in fifteen minutes the vast structure

one hour nothing but walls were left stand-

The building was the property of the Ag-

ricultural Society of South Carolina. It

was built in 1881 for the purpose of holding fairs and institutes. It had the largest floor space of any public building in the city. It cost \$40,000 and was only the beginning of a huge hall which was intended to be erected by the society. In 1887 it was leased to F. L. O'Neil, the chief of the fire department here, who converted it into a theater and called it the People's theater. Chief O'Neil made the first break in theater prices, reducing the admission from \$1 to 25 cents. He ran it for three or four years, when he was bought out by L. Arthur O'Neil, the present lessee and proprovements were made and the place became very popular. O'Nell's Grand opera house was the home of summer at popular prices in Charleston. Both the building and the theater properties were consumed, among the latter being an entire operatic outfit, including costumes for over thirty operas. The loss is almost fully covered by insurance. Many noted attractions were booked for the Grand opera house this season, but all dates will be canceled. Manager O'Neil announces his purpose of erecting a new theater at once. The loss on the building will be about \$40,000 and on the scenery and properties about \$10,000, all of which is covered by insurance.

MISSISSIPPI'S LEGISLATURE.

Twenty-Five of the Democrats Have Gone Over to the Populists. Jackson, Miss., Jaryary 1.-(Special.)out 100 members of the legislature have arrived and the balance will be in tonight. The question as to whether there shall be a democratic caucus called and the committees rearranged on account of some twentyfive members who were elected as democrats two years ago, but who have since become populists, has not been determined. There is a strong sentiment in favor of such a course. Pink Smith will be elected without opposition to fill the vacancy in the house clerkship caused by the appointment of R. F. Wilson to be registrar of lands in this state. The contest for the clerkship of the senate made vacant by the appointment of D. P. Porter, as postmaster of this city, is being hotly contested by General William Henry, of this city; ex-Senator Boyd, of Tippah, and D. A. Sadler,

BROKE HER NECK.

An Old Lady Falls from A Second-Story Window. Montgomery, Ala., January 1 .- (Special.)-

At 3 o'clock this morning, at the residence of Mrs. Burton, 15 Mildred street, Mrs. V. R. Burton, aged seventy-nine years, fell from a window of the second story of the house to the ground below and was instantly killed. The deceased had been sick last week for a few days, but while very weak was considerably better. She slept a great deal during yesterday and in co was restless last night. Shortly before the accident, which resulted in her death, she left the room which she occupied and went into a room occupied by her grandson. supposed to see if day was breaking. The window blinds came open easily and Mrs. Burton lost her balance, falling to the ground below, breaking her neck.

Want to Issue Certificates.

Savannah, Ga., January 1.-(Special.)motion will be made before Justice Jack motion will be made before a stated as on by the receivers of the Central railroad January 4th to order Receivers Comer and Lowry, of the Savannah and Western, to issue receivers' certificates to the amount of \$701,000 to reimburse the Central railroad for money spent on the Savannah and Western out of the Central railroad's general fund. This includes a deficit in the regular course of operations. It will, of course, be fought by bondholders, Alexander Brown, Simon Berg and others repre-sented by Pat Calhoun and Leopold Mal-bach. A strong fight will be made on the

Kansas City, Mo., January 1.—One hundred populists, of Missouri, representing each congressional district in the state, assembled in convention at the Metropolis hotel today. W. O. Atkinson, of Butler, was elected chairman and J. W. Long, of Warrensburg, secretary. A committee was appointed to report a plan of campaign to carry the state for the populist party at the next election.

To Impeach Governor Waite. Lake City, Col., January 1.—At a meeting of citizens at Hinsdale county, resolutions have been adopted instructing their representatives in the general assembly to bring impeachment charges against Governresentatives in the general assembly to bring impeachment charges against Govern-or Waite and then work for an immediate adjournment of the extra session. This is brought about by the governor's determina-tion to call the legislature together and his recent row with the warden of the peni-tentiary.

A White Cap to Hang Jackson, Miss., January 1.—(Special.)—
The supreme court today affirmed the death sentence of the circuit court of Marion county vs. Will Purvis, the young white man convicted of murdering Buckley. Purvis, it will be remembered, was a white cap and killed Buckley, who had been a witness before the grand jury against the outlaws. He belongs to a large family. Every effort has been made to save him. The execution has been ordered for February 2d.

A Brave Motorman.

Denver, Col., January 1.—Two men attempted to hold up an electric car on the Eighth avenue line last night. One of them smashed 'the headlight and then made a dash for the motorman, who drew a revolver and fired at him. The motorman quiekly turned on the full current and both robbers were left behind. There were only four passengers in the car. Denounces Governor Waite's Scheme

Denver, Colo., January 1.—Senator Teller, in an interview, denounces the extra session scheme of Governor Walte as one of the worst things that could have happened to Colorado.

DeGlers Seriously III.

St. Petersburg, January 1.—M. DeGlers, the minister of foreign affairs, is seriously III, the result of a bad chill.

### VETOES IT TODAY.

Jacksenville's Mayor Is Determined on His Course About the Fight.

NO FIVE-OUNCE GLOVE CONTEST

Athletic Club Men Are Counting on Judge Call's Decision.

BOTH SIDES ARE THOROUGHLY MAD

The Club People Say That if They Get Favorable Decision from Call They Will Go Ahead.

Jacksonville, Fla., January 1.-(Special.)-At the regular semi-monthly meeting of the city council tomorrow, Mayor Fletcher will send in a lengthy message vetoing the ordinance permitting boxing contests with fire ounce gloves. In an interview tonight the mayor said to The Constitution's represen-

"Two weeks ago I announced my intention of vetoing this ordinance and since then I have learned nothing of a nature to change my opinion. In fact, I'm more firmly convinced than ever that this fight would be a great injury to the city and state. I have been asked a dozen times if the council will pass the ordinance over my veto. I must say to you, as to those who have questioned me before, that I know nothing about it. My duty is done when I decline to sign the ordinance and give the council my reasons therefor. Public sentiment may not be behind me but my conscience is clear."

The Veto May Stand.

canvass of the councilmen shows ten for a passage, two opposed and four noncommittal. It requires only eleven votes to pass the ordinance over the veto, which is two-thirds of the whole body. But of the four non-committal members, two will un-doubtedly vote for it, thus giving the meassaid tonight that it is possible that action may be deferred until a special meeting, to be held after the decision of Judge Call in the habeas corpus case next Wednesday. one that the ordinance will get fourteen

W. A. Brady, manager for Corbett, is up from the beach tonight and is highly indignant at the report sent out last Saturday night to the effect that the cham-"stale" over training and out of condition. He declared that Corbett is only ing the matter with him in any other way. "It was too warm to train last week," said Brady, "but Jim took it up again today and with a will, too. He exercised with the ed ten miles outside of his regular work.

There is nothing the matter with Corbett. . No More Foolishness Wanted. The application for a writ of habeas car-pus for the release of Mitchell and Corbett will be argued on Wednesday instead of tomorrow. The postpone nent is to give the governor more time to file instructions.

the governor more time to file instructions, if he has any.

The athletic club is very sanguine today of pulling off the fight. The lawyers say that it will be impossible for the governor to declarg martial law after the courts have decided that no law is to be violated, unless he assumes the arbitrary powers of a dictator, and the general opinion is that he would hardly do that. The lawyers add that a requisition for Mitchell from Mississippi, an account of his part in the Richburg affair, will not issue. That it cannot because the statute of limitation bars any proceeding at this late day. The argument was that the statute would not apply Mitchell had been beyond the vici the court. The Englishman's friends deny that such is the case. They say he has been in America repeatedly since the Rich

Hartridge Has Cooled Off.

Augustus G. Hartridge, state attorney for the fourth judicial district who was angry yesterday at the publication of Attorney General Lamar's letter, declining to mix up in the Corbett-Mitchell case, cooled down somewhat today. Last night he said that he had prepared a personal letter in reply to Mr. Lamar's, which he would give out for publication today. This morning out for publication today. This morning, however, he decilined to give anything out fir the newspapers, and it is surmised that the governor's friends and supporters here have persuaded him to keep quiet.

It is now the general belief that if Judge all releases the two pugilists next Wednesday on a writ of habeas corpus, the Duval Athletic Club will defy the governor and all other authorities, which would obstruct them and will bring suit for \$200,000 damages if anybody interferes with the fight. Both sides are mad now and the fight is sure to come off here for the club and its backers will not put up with any more foolishness, as they call it. more foolishness, as they call it.

Steve O'Donnell and Jim Hall, who will assist in training Mitchell, passed through Jacksonville today, en route to St. Augustine, where the Englishman is quartered Fred Taral, the well known jockey, also ar

The Governor Keeping Num.
Governor Mitchell passed through Jacksonville this morning, en route to Tallahassee, the state capital, but while here, he let drop no hint as to how he proposes to stop the fight if Judge Call decides that glove contests are not illegal in this state. There was a story current in sporting circles today that the managers of the athletic club had inside information that the governor would look to Sherin Browsed, of this county, to stop the fight and if he failed would suspend him from office. The story is of a piece with others fluating around. The truth is, everything is uncertain, for nobody knows what Governor Mitchell will do save the governor himself and he is not divulging his plans. The Governor Keeping Mum. and he is not divulging his plans.

MRS. LEASE'S SUIT.

She Employs Additional Counsel to

Assist Her.

Topeka, Kans., January 1.—Mrs. Lass day employed Judge Doster to assist Eur Hagen in prosecuting her suit agn ast governor. The first blow in the co rts be struck by Mesars. Hagen and D ste morrow morning, when the will opport the supreme court for an indian on venting J. W. Freeborn from emplot take Mrs. Lense's place, ag it be to the proceedings would have been astituted by but for the fact that Ne 'y' day is a legal holiday. Jurs. Lesse le tomorrow morning for Olisthe to a tend meeting of the board. This meets was have been held at Winteld, but he p was changed by order of Mrs. Lesse matter was afterward brought to the tention of Governor Lewelling nor immediately telegraposed in bers that Mrs. Lesse was the indiger nected with the board. Airs. Lesse was the indiger nected with the board. Airs. Lesse inght, however, stated that there would a full meeting at Olathe tomorrow.

## O'FARRALL'S

Yirginia's New Governor Is Sworn in st Richmond.

INAUGURAL 'ADDRESS

The Chief Executive Says That Taxes Ought to Be Decreased-He Puts in a Word for Schools.

Richmond, Va., January 1 .- (Special.)-Hon. Charles T. O'Ferrall was today inaugurated governor of Virginia. The local military, consisting of infantry, cavalry and artillery, with visiting soldiers from various of the state, repaired to the Ex change hotel where the governor-elect was stopping and in triumphant procession es-corted him through the principal streets which were thronged with people, to the state capitol building, where he was sworn Into office. Judge L. L. Lewis, president of the supreme court of appeals, administered the oath. This ceremony took place from the southern portico of the capitol. Governor O'Ferrall then proceeded to deliver a long inaugural address.

Governor O'Ferrall's Speech. Governor O'Ferrall's inaugural address was one of the best speeches that he has ever delivered. In opening he complimented Virginians on their conservative public sentiment and commended their tolerance when not carried too far. He declared the state to be famous for stamping out fanaticisms, dwelt at some length upon the Virginia school of statesmanship and her proud history, and added:

"Let us resolve that her future achieve-ments, if opportunities are equal, shall equal those of her past, that her progress to come shall surpass her progress behind us." The governor discussed the question of official and personal responsibilities; declared his purpose to be just in the discharge of his duties and to uphold and enforce the laws of the state, and, coming

to the question of taxation, said taxes should be limited strictly to the needs of to the question of taxation, said taxes should be limited strictly to the needs of the government economically administered:
"In my opinion the present rate of taxation upon property can soon be reduced. The rapid advancement of values in many directions, the great strides we a making in our material development, t. blaze of industries lighting up our gorges, the hum of machinery and the lumbérman's ax breaking the stillness of our primeval forests and craggy recesses, the miner's pick unearthing the black diamond and jetty coal vein, the whistle of the locomotive converting quiet and gloom into life and cheerfulness, all open up before us as a prospect so bright that taken in connection with important reforms and reductions which have been proposed, leads me to hope and believe that before the close of the next four years the condition of our treasury will justify the legislature in lessening the rate of taxation upon real estate and personal property, with advantage to the taxpayer and without mjury to any interest."

The governor asserted that educational nterests should have his fostering care,

interests should have his fostering care, and went on to say:

"The sure foundation of a state is laid in knowledge, not in ignorance, and when there is universal suffrage there should be universal education, for the more general the diffusion of knowledge the more general does public virtue prevail, and in a republican government where the people govern the hand that casts a ballot should have behind it a mind power of intelligence. goven the hand that casts a ballot should have behind it a mind power of intelligence.
"I remember when to receive public aid in educating his child the father had to humiliate himself and pin on the lapel of his child's coat a pauper's badge. In the providence of God that day has passed, and now under our public free school system those faculties which distinguish main from the brutes of the field, can be cultivated at public expense, and every child, whether rich or poor, whose heart beats under Virginia's roof tree can pass the threshold of her schoolroom with a feeling of full heirship in her benefaction, and without humiliation he enters the field rich in hopes and abundant in possibilities.
"Public education creates a security of our liberties and a state and national

"Public education creates a security of our liberties and a state and national strength which all the laws, all the maniments of war, all the forts, all the armies, and all the navies cannot give. The Railroads.

"It is proper for me to state that I shall encourage and approve wise and judicious legislation respecting the regulation of the railroads of the state. I believe this is essential to the interests of both the roads essential to the interests of both the roads and the people, that there may be no oppression or discrimination on the part of the one and no unreasonable demands on the part of the other. I have no sympathy with that sentiment, prevailing to some extent, that apparently regards railroads as public enemies and oppressors. It is the cry of the demagogue and time-serving politician. Neither do I sympathize with the

public enemies and oppressors. It is the cry of the demagogue and time-serving pollitician. Neither do I sympathize with the arrogant spirit shown by some rallroads to disregard the wishes or conveniences of the communities through which they pass, simply because they have a monopoly and the people are powerless.

"But while they are shedding general benefits, let them not be converted into engines of oppression of any section or locality. Let their blessings fall alike upon all as the dews of heaven. Keep them within the bounds of the purposes for which they were permitted by the state in the exercise of her right of eminent domain to take private property—the public good and public welfare, not sectional or local advantages. See that they are the servants, not the masters, of the people, at the same time recognizing the fact, that while they may be called soulless corporations, individual money constitutes the capital stock, and these citizens are entitled to the same protection as if their money was invested in agricultural, mechanical, industrial or commercial pursuits. With blind eyes and steady hand hold the scales."

commercial pursuits. With blind eyes and steady hand hold the scales."

The governor touched briefly upon the oyster and fisheries question, advised the encouragement of immigration and, coming to a subject of great interest to him-the

military—said:

"I would be false to my feelings, false to the dictates of justice and false to the welfare of the state if I did not speak of Virginia's volunteer soldiery. These battal ions before me are the mainstay of the law in times of turmoil and trouble. They are the mighty peacemakers, the potential factors in maintaining order and suppressing mob violence. They should receive at the hands of our legislators such support as will make their organization a credit to the state—an ornament to the commonwealth.

the state—an ornament to the commonwealth.

"Virginia's soldiers have never disgraced their uniform nor trailed their colors in the dust. Her skies are bespangled with their glories, in every niche in her wall of fame, on every scroll of her recorded deeds, on every page of her illustrious history, on every sepulchre of her great dead and in every graveyard of her worthles are the names of her soldier sons.

"We read of her legions of the revolution, her Lee Light Horsemen, her Morgan Rifemen and her Culpepper Minute Men with exalted pride in their achievements. We listen to the recital of the courage and daring of Pickett's infantry. Stuart's and Ashir's cavalry, Breathed's and Carter's artillery, with bosoms heaving and souls swelling. We hear the story of Lee and Jackson and Hill with moist eyelids, and in our imaginations catch the rattle of muskery, the clang of the saber and the roar of the cannon and then the shouts of victory as they sweep over hills and valleys, which, alas, were stained with commingled gore of the gray and the blue in deadly strife. We linger about the fields of Manassas, the Valley, Seven Pines, Fredericksburg, the Wilderness, Malvern Hill.

DEPRICE'S Flavoring **Extracts** NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

> Of perfect purity-Of great strength-Economy in their usa

Cold Harbor and Petersburg with emotions that stir our natures, remembering that many of the gallant men whose hero spirits took their flight from these memorable carnage plains were our kindred in name, our kindred blood, bone of the same bone and flesh of the same flesh."

After speaking in terms of tenderness of the confederate veterans, for whom he says the confederate veterans, for whom he says the state should continue, as it now does, the state should continue, as it now does, to make provision, the governor concluded:
"In assuming my duties I succeed a chief magistrate whose administration has been eventful, fraught with much good and marked by ability, wisdom and superior judgment, and under which out state has been peculiarly prosperous and happy. He retires with the plaudits and carries with him in his retirement the respect and confidence of the whole people. I shall feel gratified, indeed, if I can look back with as much satisfaction over my admaistration at its close, as my worthy predecessor can over the events and results of his administration."

FIRE IN THE GLOBE.

One of Boston's Fine Theaters De stroyed This Morning.

Boston, January 2 .- 2:45 a. m .- The new year began in this city with a destructive, and at one time a very dangerous blaze in the Globe theater, on Washington street, owned by John Stettson, and at present occupied by the Hanlon Superba Company, which is playing an engagement here. The elegant playhouse is completely gutted and the property of the Hanlons is ruined. Every engine that can possibly be spared is being used to try and protect adjacent property. At this hour the large six-story building just erected by the Harvard college trustees has caught and every effort is being made to save it. It looks as if the entire block on the Harrison avenue extension would be swallowed up.

During the progress of the fire several severe explosions occurred, which proved to be the powder and cartridges owned by the Hanlon company. It is stated that every particle of the wardrobes of the company has been lost.

The inmates of the houses on Essex street and Hayward place are preparing to leave in case the conflagration extends. The efforts of the firemen on this street were gigantic and every line of hose that could be obtained was brought into play, with partial success. On the Essex street side, adjoining the theater, are valuable blocks of buildings which are occupied by large business concerns. The streets of the city are in total darkness and the electric cars have ceased to run, owing to the current being

The heavens are illuminated with the blaze, which can be seen for miles around Sparks from the fire traveled with the wind two and three blocks away and most careful watch is being kept by a cordon o police.

Water Towers Doing Good Work. The new regulations of the fire commissioners, which went into effect today are proving very efficient, as the firemen have plenty of room to work. A number of police have roped off the various avenues and thousands of people are congregating from every section of the city watching the progress of the fire. The water towers are stationed on the Washington street side of the fire and pouring thousands of gallons of water into the flery furnace.

The first alarm of the fire was given at 1:15 o'clock a. m. and was quickly followed by a second and third alarm. When Chief Webber saw how the fire was gaining he had a fourth alarm turned in.

It is thought the fire started in the coatroom of the theater by some one throwing a lighted elgarette on the floor and that it smouldered until it broke out into a blaze. It is estimated that the loss on the theater vill be in the neighborhood of \$500,000, and that of the Hanlon Superba Company will be in the vicinity of \$40,000, as 'hey have not been able to save any of the valuable scenery which they carry with them. Tonight is the second time that the Globe

theater has been visited by fire, the first time being on Decoration Day, 1873. 3.25 a. m.-The fire has been checked on the Essex street and Harrison avenue extension side of the theater, but on Hay

ward place, the fire is still eating its way into adjacent buildings. The Globe cafe is a total loss. During the whole conflagration not an accident has

Loss Nearly a Million Dollars.

3:55 a. m .- At this hour the fire is anparently under control and the danger of a general conflagration is passed. The total loss will undoubtedly be nearly

million dollars. All the property is well insured.

MELLO WOUNDED.

It Is Said That He Is Going Ashore to Be Treated.

New York, January 1.—The Herald's Montevideo cable says it is reported in this city that the Brazilian rebel, Admiral Mello, has been seriously wounded and will soon come here in order to have his injurie attended to. It is surmised that a frag ment of a shell must have struck him when the Aquidaban was escaping from the har-bor at Rio, and had to run the gauntiet of the loyal forts at the entrance. That so generally known is explained by his sympa the fact, and have his wound treated by the ship's surgeon, but that it must have proven so stubborn as to necessitate his coming ashore at last. There is no au-thentic information obtainable here as to the nature of the wound or how he rethe nature of the wound or how he re-ceived it. Mello's provisional government in Desterro, Santa Catharina, has published in Desterro, Santa Catharina, nas published a manifesto, saying that Mello and De Gama are fully in accord as to the ends to be aimed at and that both intend to maintain the constitution and the republic. Shore Leaves Cut Off.

Rio de Janeiro, January 1.—(Copyright by the United Press.)—Captain Picking, of the cruiser Charleston, who is in command of the American naval station here, has isthe American naval station here, has issued an order to the commanders of vessels instructing them to cut off shore leave hitherto given to seamen, maria. 3 and others of the crews. This curtailment of shore liberty is due to the fact that the yellow fever season is approaching and that Captain Picking is determined to keep the warrhing free of disease it possible. There warships free of disease if possible. There is little danger of any one on board the warships contracting the disease so long as shore leave is stopped.

It Is Hoped They Did. Cape Town, Africa, January 1,--Advices re ceived today from Buluwayo say that na-tive runners, who have arrived there, state positively that a portion of Captain Wilson's force reported to be massacred by Matabeles, escaped from the natives and fied in the direction of Hartley hills.

KILLED HER FRIEND

Accident at a Christmas Party in Tennessee. Clarksville, Tenn., January 1.—News has just reached here of a tragedy at Hadens-ville, Ky., fifteen miles from Clarksville, on the Louisville and Nashville road, one

ecoming the slayer of another girl Three young ladies, aged eighteen cr

Three young ladies, aged eighteen or twenty years, were examining Christmas presents at the residence of J. F. Shelton, when Miss Shelton picked up a revolver and, aiming it at Miss Allen, daughter of 'Squire Allen, one of her guests, suid: "Watch out, I will shoot." Instantly a loud report rang out and Miss Shelton beheld the companion of her girlhood fail dead at her feet.

There are several reports as to the cause of the tragedy. Reliable parties "atte that Miss Shelton committed a murder. Other equally as reliable are of the opinion that the shooting was accidental, Miss Shelton not knowing the wespon-was loaded.

#### TAXES IN MACON.

in a Council Meeting.

ECONOMY IN THE COUNTY SALARIES

Several Officials Will Get Smaller Pay This Year-Roland Ellis Is Appointed Solicitor of the City Court.

Macon, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Much interest is centered on the meeting of the city council tomorrow night. It is generally thought that the council will pass the tax trought that the council with passing ordinance, fix saloons and make appropriations for the year 1894. It is said that the appropriations may not be announced to-morrow night. A suggestion has been offered that no appropriation be made until the city tax assessors have assessed property for the year and rendered their report to the council. When this has been done, the council. When this has been done, then the council will know exactly how much revenue can be depended on for the year, and the appropriations can be made accordingly.

The liquor dealers are anxious to know whether the license will be increased for 1894. The retailers' license has been for a long time \$100 per annum. It is not though that the license will be raised for this year at least. An alderman said to The Con-stitution representative today that ordinarily he might be willing to increase the li-cense to \$250 per annum, but in view of the general dull trade and depressed financial condition, he thought this was not the time to be increasing taxes and licenses, and he was disposed to allow the retail liquor li-

An Important Meeting.

An Important Meeting.

The county commissioners will hold an important meeting tomorrow. Among the business to be transacted will be the election of a county physician, a superintendent of the Roff home and a janitor for the courthouse. Dr. Worsham is the present county physician, and it is probable that he will be re-elected without opposition. His salary has been \$70 per month, but with the commencement of the new year the salary will be only \$50 per month. The commissioners have also reduced the salary of the superintendent of the Roff home from \$75 per month to \$50 per month. The superintendent is rurnished free a house for himself and family, and can obtain many table supplies free from the garden and fields of the home. So it is estimated that with these perquisites, the monthly salary of the superintendent is equivalent to \$75 per month. Superintendent Calloway is a candidate for re-election. He will be opposed by Mr. Bush Lumsden and Mr. John T. Knight, of the Hazard district. The courthouse janitor is paid \$40 per month. Janitor Flowers is a candidate for re-election and has several opponents. e-election and has several opp

Liquor Dealers Registering.

The liquor dealers of Bibb county are now registering with the ordinary which they are required by law to no before paying the specific taxes which are imposed on them by the state. Only a few have registered so far, as some are waiting to see if the city council will raise the license for 1894. If the city license is increased some of the retail dealers will discontinue business. Council meets tomorrow night, and if the license is not raised there will be a rush of dealers to the ordinary's office on Wednesday. The state tax is \$100. The number of dealers registered last year was 157. There will probably be more than this for 1894, if the city license is not increased. There is not a liquor dealer in Bibb county outside of the city of Macon. Liquor Dealers Registering.

Solicitor General Ellis. Judge John P. Ross, of the city court, returned to Macon last evening from Fort Valley, where he has been spending the Christmas holidays. He convened court this morning, and went actively to work. He has appointed Mr. Roland Ellis solicitor general pro tem. of the city court, and Mr. Ellis entered upon the discharge of his duties this morning. Mr. Ellis is one of the most popular and brilliant of the younger members of the Macon bar. He is an eloquent speaker and most excellent young gentleman in every respect.

RE-ELECTED THE OLD ROARD. Terminal's Majority Block of Stock Did Not Appear.

Savannah, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)— The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central railroad was held today at the Central Railroad bank, from 10 to 1 o'clock. Only 7,999 shares were polled, and the vote was solid for the present board of d.rectors as follows: H. M. Comer, prestdent: Abraham Vetzburg, G. J. Milis, Joseph Hull, H. R. Jackson, Savannah; C. H. izy, Augusta: E. P. Howell, Atlanta U. B. Harrold, Americus; S. R. Jaques, Macon; James Swann, New York; J. B. Holst, Columbus; W. S. Tison and L. T. Turner, Savannah.

After the election the directors held a meting over a banquet board. The 42,000 shares, so much talked of, didn't show up. Messrs. Swann and Jaques were the only

out-of-town directors present. Mr. Marion Erwin voted over 200 shares for his clients and filed with the meeting a copy of the record and appeal in the Rowena Clarke case, simply to put the directors and others on notice that they were still contesting the right of the 42,000 shares to vote should they appear. It would have undoubtedly had the legal right to franchise if any attempt had been made to exercise it. The meeting was a very quiet and uninteresting one.

GENERAL LAWTON CHOSEN.

The Augusta and Savannah Stockholders Hold Their Election. Savannah, Ga., January &—(Special.)—The Augusta and Savannah railroad stock-Savannah, Ga., January &—(Special.)—
The Augusta and Savannah railroad stockholders' annual meeting was held today,
resulting in the election of the following
board of directors: Messrs. F. H. Miller,
Augusta; W. W. Thomas, Athens; George
S. Owens, H. H. Hull, J. D. Weed, General
A. R. Lawton and F. S. Lathrop. The latter
was elected in place of Dr. S. W. Lawton,
deceased. At the close of the stockholders'
meeting the directors held a meeting and
unanimously elected General A. R. Lawton
president to succeed his brother, Dr. W. S.
Lawton. General Lawton was the first
president of the road and worked
hard for its success from the beginning.
It was his pride when he could say at the
close of his administration that it did not
owe a dollar. Resolutions of regret on the
death of the president, Dr. W. S. Lawton,
were adopted by the board.

SHE TOOK MORPHINE But Whether She Intended to Commi

Rome, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Miss Nannie McDaniel died early yesterday morning in north Rome from an overdose of, morphine, taken, it is believed, with suicidal intent. She was a young woman of about thirty-five years and had been in Rome about eighteen months with her sister, Mrs. F. W. Quarles. For the past few months her health has not been good, and by some it is thought the suffering affected her mind. She was in good spirits Saturday night and conversed pleasantly with the family, and Sunday morning she was found lying on her bed with her clothes on and in a dying condition. The body was carried to Bolling Green, Ky., for interment. Suicide Is Unknown.

DEATH ROLL. Waycross, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—David Jefferds, a prominent farmer, died at his home three miles west of Waycross yesterday. Mr. Jefferds was an earnest Christian gentleman. He had been suffering with lung disease for several years and for three months he was confined to his led. Chattanooga, Tenn., January 1.—(Special.) The funeral of Jacob McCollum, father of Superintendent McCollum, of the Western and Atlantic railroad, who died yesterday at Morganville, Ga., twenty miles from here on the Alabama Great Southern railroad, occurred at that place today. Superintendent McCollum and a number of railroad officials went down today to attend the funeral. The old gentleman was in his eighty-first year. He was highly respected.

## DO NOT CREDIT IT.

Property Owners are Deeply Concerned Alabamians Have No Idea That Oates Will Oppose Morgan.

HE MAY RUN AGAINST PUGH SOME DAY

Two Colleges Destroyed at Woodlawn-A Lady Is Knockedi Down in Her Door way, and Her Assailant Runs Away,

Birmingham, Ala., January 1.—(Special.)-The special from Washington to The New York World of Sunday to the effect that Congressman Oates would contest for Senator Morgan's seat in the senate at the next session of the legislature, is regarded by well posted political leaders here as far from probable. The belief here is that nobody can beat Morgan and the politicians say nobody knows that better than Congressman Oates. It is stated that Oates, when he was in Alabama a few weeks ago announced that he would probably be a candidate before the legislature three years from now for Senator Pugh's seat. Nohere believes that he aspires to Morgan's. When it was stated a week or two ago that the chances were that Oates would not be a candidate for governor of Alabama The Montgomery Advertiser, his organ, indignantly repudiated the statement and Oates stated in type that he had comto no such determination. The belief here is that Oates will forego the governorship and try to beat Pugh for the senate. A Fire at Woodlawn.

Two frame cottages were burned to the ground in Woodlawn, a suburb, today. They belonged to Rev. Z. A. Parker and John Bunch. Parker's was unoccupied, but Bunch lived in his. The loss on the dwell-ings is about \$4,000. Bunch lost all of his furniture, worth some \$2,000 more. The property was partially insured.

A few nights ago some one rang the door bell of W. E. Davis's residence at Decatur. Mr. Davis being ill, his wife answered the call. She opened the door and put her head out to see who was there when she was struck a heavy blow in the temple with a club, which felled her to the floor. The assallant then made off. Mrs. Davis was seriously hurt, but is thought to be on the road to recovery. The man who struck her left no clue as to his

Attacked by a Hog. A special from Huntsville says that a vicious hog assaulted a twelve-year-old son of Sidney Darwin, a prominent merchant of that place, yesterday and bit him severely about the breast and hip. The animal would probably have killed the boy had not his nine-year-old brother come to his rescue with a club and beat the brute away. Young Darwin is suffering considerably, but is not regarded as fatally hurt.

A FUTURE METROPOLIS. Citizens of Jug Tavern Nominate Mu-

nicipal Officers. Jug Tavern, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—
A meeting of the citizens of the city now known as Jug Tavern, but the name of which, by the last general assembly was changed to Winder, today nominated W. A. Matthews, the agent of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad, for mayor. The nominations for council were, first ward, H. nominations for council were, first ward, H. T. Etheridge; second ward, S. E. Sharpton third ward, A. A. Camp; fourth ward, H S. Legars. For the city at large, R. L. Carithers and N. J. Kelly. Mr. Matthews did not seek the nomination but was urged into the race by his friends.

EMPLOYES GRANT MORE TIME. The Company Asks Them to Take the

Present Wages a Month Longer. Nashville, Tenn, January 1.—(Special.)— The demand of the employes of the Nash-ville. Chattanooga and St. Louis railway for a restoration of wages to where they were before the 10 per cent cut last Sep-tember will not be pushed just now. When the cut was accepted it was with the understanding that wages would be restored December 1st, if the condition of the road's business justified it. Late in November President Thomas issued a circular letter, as follows:

"While there has been a slight increase in business, the improvement has not been sufficient to permit the restoration of wages on December 1st, and it is hoped that all on December 1st, and it is hoped that all officers, agents and employes will cheerfully consent to a continuance of the present reduced wages until February 1st."

The employes agreed to this but lately there has been some dissatisfaction among the conductors and firemen, and today Chief E. C. Clark, of the conductors, and Chief Sargent, of the firemen, with local representatives of all the organizations must sentatives of all the organizations, met President Thomas in conference. It was decided to again accept the present wages until February 1st when, 'n case wages are not restored, a further conscience must be

RAS A NEW RECORDER. W. H. Barrett, Jr., Elected to a Good

Position in Augusta. Augusta, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—The Mayor Alexander in suspending Recorder R. L. Pierce upon the charge of incompe-tency. Mr. W. H. Barrett, Jr., was unani-

mously elected recorder.

Dr. Robert C. Eve was elected city physician to succeed Dr. J. B. Morgan, resigned.

Mr. Leonard Phinizy, attorney of the Mr. Leonard Phinizy, attorney of the Augusta Southern railroad, appeared be-



Uvalde, Texas. SHAKESPEARE

What Mr. Smith Thinks He

Said About Hood's Sarsaparilla "Had Shakespeare lived here and suffered as

and Snakespeare lived here and suffered as
I have, I think he would have said, Throw
away all medicine except Hood's Sarsaparilla. As an Englishman, coming to this
climate, I have felt the heat very much. In
the spring I felt as if I had all the care and
anxiety of America on my mind. I got one
bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and after I had
taken it I felt as if I could undertake

The President's Duties. nonth I had a return of prickly heat; it amed impossible to stand up or lie down thout almost tearing myself to pieces. I an got one more bottle and it has not only red the heat but I believe it put my blood

Hood's Sarsa- Cures

in good condition. I advise all to take Hood's Sarsaparilla in the spring and fail." GEORGE SMITH, Uvalde, Texas.

fore Justice Jackson in Washington city today and obtained an order om him al-lowing the Augusta Southern to cross the Central railroad track at Tennille. The Augusta Southern had a crossing there be-fore, but it was torn up by the Central last month.

The opening of the port at Fort loval and already being felt and direct trade will soon prove something more than talk. The beginning was marked Saturday when the Georgia road billed through ninety-seven carloads of corn billed for Liverpool. The shipment came direct from Kansas City, consigned to England's great port. The whole lot consists of 250 carloads and this way to the first liment. The grain will is only the first installment. The grain will be loaded on a steamer salling the first half of January. This will make quick time from the west to Europe and other big shipments are bound to follow the ltad.

The Georgia road is going to send a solic-

The Georgia road is going to send a soliciting agent to London.

The negroes' emancipation celebration today started in a row. The trouble arose from the order in which the companies should march. The Douglas Light infantry claimed first place on the grounds of being the oldest company. This was disputed by the Georgia Light Infantry and neither side would yield. The officer: of the battalion decided in favor of the Douglas, so the other competitor withdrew and, accompanied by the Augusta Light Infantry, had a parade of their own.

The Douglas Light Infantry, the Augusta Cadets and the Attuck Rifles were with the battalion officers in the regular proces-

the battalion officers in the regular proce

THREW HIS LIFE AWAY. A Young Man of Good Family Dies

Dishonorably.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 1.—(Special.)—
Last Friday a young man died here in a house of ill fame owned by a notorious woman named Dollie Holmes. 11.11.12 was known of him except that he was a storting man known as "Jack Miles." Ite was buried on Friday—his funeral belief attended by Dollie Holmes, a numier of the inmates of her place and a few gamblers, a minister and the undertator. But today new and more general interso, was added to the young man's death by information received from Birminghan. It seems that Dishonorably. ceived from Birminghan. It seems that the dead man was none other than a son of the dead man was none other than a son of General Miles, of Birmlag nm. Ala. a prominent and weattay resident of that state. The young man had a good education, and his prospects in life were bright, but drink had blighted his life and was the cause of its end.

He had been an actor, a comedian and had earned the name of "Happy Jack" Miles because of his joynal nature—"a ishthead over a heavy heart"—he said. He tried law and was fairly a coccessful, his favoer

law and was fairly a cocastid, his faner being one of the for nose lawyers of his native state. Young Miles used his pen to advantage and had been known to receive sometimes large checks for articles from the leading magazines and daily papers of

the young man died, claims to have been his wife. She says they were married in New Orleans a year or so ago. He was a hard drinker, but she loved him and tried to effect his reform. The task seemed useless and she left him in New Orleans and came to Knoxville unknown to him. He learned her location and followed her. Here she did all in her power for him, even putting him under the bichloride of gold treatment.

Jacksonville, Fla., January 1.—(Special.)— It was noised about at Mitchell's training quarters today that the Duval Athletic Clul had drawn up a new set of articles of agree ment and had submitted them to both Cor bett and Mitchell for their approval.

These articles call for a fight at some point in Florida not to be made known to the principals or to the public until twenty-four hours before the fight comes off, and the club is to have the privilege of changing the date from January 25th. Mitchell it is said, refused to sign them, demanding at least two weeks notice and two weeks advertising of the time and place The submission of these new articles would appear to mean that the Duval Club has se-rious doubts of being able to "pull off" the

fight on January 56th in this nity. Jacksonville, but this is not so. The force of men at work is not large, but it will be increased after next Wednesday, so the club officers say. After his regular training today Mitchell weighed 182 pounds, but it is altogether probable that his clothing, weighing about six pounds, was included, which would make his weight, stripped, about 176 pounds. It is doubtful if he gets below here this afternoon. Fogarty is expected back by the middle of the week.

Corbett Knows Nothing of Them. Mayport, Fla., January 1.—(Special.)—At Corbett's quarters today he and his men proessed to know nothing about the new arti-cles of agreement offered by the Duval Club.

A Peculiar Accident. A Peculiar Accident.

Bartow, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Sandy
Patterson, a negro boy about eleven years
old, while hunting Saturday, accidentally
shot himself and died in a few minutes.
He was leaning on his gun with his back
resting on the muzzle when the gun fired,
sending the charge entirely through his
body. Jack Samples, another negro bty,
was the only witness.

Randolph Goes West Cuthbert, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Randolph county voted wet by 121 majority

in the prohibition election. Of the eight districts in the county, five voted for the sale and three voted against it. Considerable interest was felt in the election. No disturbances occurred. A full vote of the county was polled.

New Year at the Y. M. C. A. The new year for the Young Men's Christian Association opened up very brightly yesterday if the appearance of the rooms and the success of the reception tendered yesterday if the appearance of the rooms and the success of the reception tendered to the young men of Atlanta is any indication. The Ladies' Auxiliary decorated the rooms until they were beautiful to behold. The reception was one of the most successful events the Young Men's Christian Association has yet held. More than a thousand callers partook of the generous hospitality of the Ladies' Auxiliary. Refreshments were served from 7:30 to 11 o'clock p. m. and at the same time exercises of the most attractive nature were going on in various parts of the building. A delightful holiday entertainment was rendered in the large audience hall. The exercises consisted of singing by the Ohpheus Giee Clubreadings by Mr. E. L. Brown, plano solos by Mr. Henry Howell, the flute by Mr. Carl Barth, and Mr. J. Shafer, the physical director, gave an exhibition of Indianclub swinging. After this the visitors were invited into the gymnasium to witness exercises performed by members of one of the symnasium classes. The exercises consisted of dumbbell drill, broad sword drill, apparatus work mat work and tumbling, this last under the supervision of Mr. Edward Drake. A game of basket ball, a sort of indoor football, closed this part of the evening's entertainment. The Ladies' Auxiliary and the association are certainly to be congratulated on the success of the evening.

Dr. Kendall to Speak.

Dr. T. R. Kendall is announced to speak on "Missions" during the incoming week of prayer. This announcement recalls the notable missionary collection which the doctor lifted during his pastorate at Trinity church several years ago. This collection was preceded by a season of special prayer. The outcome of that meeting was a contribution of nearly \$2,000 from the single congregation. gle congregation.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

The Kimball—J. A. Bowen, Georgia; C. W. Kelter, Tallapoosa; W. G. Patrick, Spartanburg, S. C.; Waiter Gariand, Saltimore; H. H. Dawson, Denton, Tex.; F. E. Raymond, Brunswick; Hugh McRae and wife, Willingham, N. C.; J. T. Watts, Georgia; H. M. Turce, New York; H. K. Nicholson, Athens, Ga.; E. S. Messick, New York; A. M. Schow, Richmond, Va.; J. C. Cary, South Carolina; W. R. Watts, St. Louis; G. R. Hetchen, Tallapoosa; A. S. Burney, A. Caidwell and wife, Georgia; S. J. Learett, MR. COBB TO J. EAV. C. W. S. R. P. MR. COBB TO LEAVE -Mr. T. R. P. Cobb. attorney and president of the Atlanta Young Men's De Abratic 1994 attending to some logal business. He will archibile to some logal business. He will archibile leave again tomorrow to continue the transaction and may 10 in New York several weeks.

### TOM LAMB RETIRES.

Brunswick's Fever Mayor Steps Down and Out Under Protest.

HE WILL CONTEST DUNWOODY'S SEAT

Both Men Say That There Is No Fe Between Them-Lamb Claims That He Holds Over.

Brunswick, Ga., January 1.-(Special.)-A the conclusion of the council session to day the new council, preceded by Hon. I f. Dunwoody, appeared in the counc chamber. Superior Court Clerk J. L. Beac arose and called Mr. Dunwoody forward he administered the oath of Mr. Downing, E. H. Mason and A. H. Lan were then sworn in as aldermen. Immed ately after the new members took the seats Aldermen Aiken, Atkinson and Me riwether retired as old members. Mayor Lamb continued in the chair as

was approached by Mr. Dunwoody, who claimed his seat. Lamb replied that, has ing been elected for a term of two year he should hold over, leaving the question present to be decided by the council. Thereupon Dunwoody rapped the council to attention and stated that having qualfled as mayor he was ready to proceed to business. Lamb stated that there being a Alderman Mason then offered a resolu Adderman Mason then offered a resolutes that the council recognize Dunwoody a mayor-elect. The question was put and Aldermen Kennon, Downing, Lane and Mason voted yea; Aldermen Joereger and Coloon voted nay.

Tom Lamb Steps Down.

Mayor Lamb then said: "Gentlemen, a majority of the council recognize Mr. Dunwoody as the rightful mayor I can only yield, but do so under protest. The courts must decide the question of legality. That is all I desire."

is all I desire."

He then stepped down and Mayor Dunwoody took his seat. The council was called to order, and on motion adjourned to meet at the regular time Wednesday night. The entire proceedings were conducted in a harmonious manner and no ill feeling whatever displayed itself in the actions or attitude of either claimant for the seat. As Dunwoody stepped to the chair Lamb extended the hand of fellowship, and both,

smiling, clasped hands.

When the council adjourned Lamb, Dunwoody and The Constitution's correspondent walked up the street together and both

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gentlemen expressed themselves as having no personal feeling toward each other. Dunwoody would not talk for publication today and Lamb would only say that he would contest the seat to set at rest all doubts as to the legality of the act of the mayor that the council recognized. Two aldermen who voted for Dunwoody today stated that their action was without per-sonal feelings against Lamb, but merely because they believed Dunwoody was legally elected. Dunwoody has previously stated that his submitting his name for the office meant nothing personal against Mayor Lamb, nothing against him as an applicant for collector of customs, but was made be-cause he believed Lamb's term expired this

Mrs. Lawshe Laid to Rest.

Mrs. Lawshe Laid to Rest.

Mrs. Annie Green Lawsh was laid to rest yesterday in Westview cemetery. Rev. C. C. Davis and Rev. J. H. Eakes, pastor of Walker street church, conducted the services, Mr. Eakes preaching the sermon. The four brothers, Dr. S. H. Green Messrs. P. B. Green, C. P. Green and D. W. Green acted as pallbearers.

Mrs. Lawshe was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Green. She was an only daughter, a devoted wife and mother and a consistent member of the Methodiet church. The two children, Eva and Dannie, are aged respectively four years and three months. Mrs. Lawshe was ill only three months. Her death was particularly sad.

THE WEATHER REPORT. THE WEATHER REPORT.

The new year opened with clear and The new year opened with clear and pleasant weather prevailing over the entire country. Except a light rain at Wilmington, N. C., and Tampa, Fla., the day was entirely without precipitation, and at 7 o'clock in the evening every weather bureau station east of the Rocky mountains, except five, reported clear skies. In the southern states the mercury was registering somewhat below the normal, while ing somewhat below the normal, while further north the weather, although quite cold, was not unseasonably so. An area of high barometric pressure covered the regions east of the Mississippi river, while to the west pressures gradually diminished northwestward until a well defined center of "low" was formed over the Dakotas.

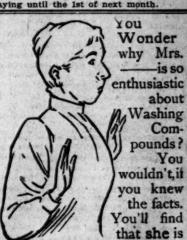
Forecast for today: For Georgia, fair; warmer.

Given More Time. Columbia, S. C., January I.—(Special,—Here's good news to hundreds of belated taxpayers throughout the state. Comptroller Ellerbe today extended the time for taxpaying until the 1st of next month.

-1S SO

about

You



using Pearline, instead of the poor and perhaps dangerous imitation of it that you are trying to wash with. You mustn't think that all Washing Compounds are alike. Pearline is the original and the best. Millions know it. So does every peddler, though to sell you his stuff he tells you that it's the "same as" Pearline.
Beware of imitations 345 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

Delightful and Refreshing

Bottled at the Apollinaris Spring Rhenish Prussia.

Apollinaris

THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"The leading dietetic Table Water." NEW YORK TRIBUNE,

#### ETIRES

Steps Down rotest.

VOODY'S SEAT

-(Special.)-A ncil session to-ded by Hon. H. in the council lierk J. L. Beach woody forward, oath of office. and A. H. Lane ermen. Immedi the chair and ed the cou

e Dunwoody as was put and Al-Lane and Ma-Joereger and Co-

"Gentlemen, as il recognize Mr. mayor I can only of legality. That

and Mayor Dun-the council was tion adjourned to Vednesday night. ill feeling whator the seat. As

elves as having each other. k for publication nly say that he o set at rest all of the act of the recognized. Two Dunwoody today voody was legally previously stated ame for the office against Mayor term expired this

d to Rest. she was laid to view cemetery. ev. J. H. Eakes, hurch, conducted

she was an only and mother and a Methodict church, and Dannie, are years and three as ill only three as reticularly sad. REPORT.

every weather bu-Rocky mountains, ear skies. In the pury was register-

ary 1.—(Special.)— ndreds of belated a state. Comptrol-i the time for tax-ext month.

You

Wonder why Mrs. -is so enthusiastic about Washing. Compounds? You wouldn't, it you knew the facts. You'll find that she is stead of the

dangerous at you are with. You all Washing like. Pearland the best. So does ough to sell tells you that "Pearline. AMES PYLE, N. Y.

Ilinaris Spring enish Prussia,

narıs

BLE WATERS.

dietetic

TRIBUNE.

#### CRABB WAS FIRED

For His Little Escapade with My Lord Beresford.

THE CAMP MAY BE ABOLISHED

Governor Northen Cites the Lessess to Appear Before Him on Wednesday. The Letter to Colonel Lowe.

Peniteatiary Thipping Boss J. A. Crabb has been dismissed from the service of the sententiary and the state.

And all on account of his escapate with "ite Lud" Beresford.

Arabb is, it will be remembered, the guard who went with Lord Beresford to Americus and allowed the festive lord a good many more liberties than the law allows.

The governor ordered the principal keeper

more liberties than the law allows.

The governor ordered the principal keeper of the penitentiary to investigate and ascertain the exact facts. This was done and when the report was made he cited Colonel W. B. Lowe, president of penitentiary No. 2, to appear before him. Captain Lowe showed that Beresford was sublet to the Gress camp and the governor, after passing a formal order for the discharge of Crabb, sent the following letter to Colonel Lowe: "Captain W. B. Lowe—Dear Sir: Upon investigation I find it becomes necessary to discharge Mr. Crabb, whipping boss at Kramer, a camp of penitentiary No. 2, because of conduct contrary to the regulations controlling the discipline of the state penitentiary.

controlling the discipline of the state penitentiary.

"My information leads me to believe, further, that it will be necessary to make further investigation into the management of this camp, based upon the conduct to which I have called you attention, and you are requested to appear at my office at 10 p'clock Wednesday morning. January 21, to show cause why this camp should not be aboished and its management subjected to penalty in proper fine. Very truly, etc.,

"W. J. NORTHEN, Governor."

According to this order, therefore, the authorities of penitentiary No. 2, will be before the governor to show cause why the Gress camp should not be abolished.

Sending Out Letters of Instruction.

Sending Out Letters of Instruction.

Commissioner Bradwell was busy yester-day sending out letters of instruction to bunty school authorities, in which he gives his construction of the school laws recently

#### HE LIFTED TOO MUCH.

Will Robinson Tried to Lift an Iron Safe and Is Now at the Hospital.

Yesterday afternoon Will Robinson, a ne-gro drayman, attempted to lift an iron safe weighing several tons and last night he was reposing at the Grady hospital in a

dangerous condition.

Robinson was working at a wholesale store on Alabama street, assisting in the removal of an immense iron safe. He tugged at the mountain of iron with the strength of a giant and surprised even himself with his marvelous ability of muscle.

He sustained a severe strain by overtaxing his strength and turned away dizzy.

He was too sick to continue work and was He was too sick to continue work and was released to go home. He started out and after walking about half a block dropped to the sidewalk as if dead. Patrolman Cochran quickly reached his side and saw that he was suffering intensely, perhaps

The city ambulance was telephoned for and Robinson was sent to the hospital. He is considered as being in a dangerous condition and may die from his injuries.

#### SUING FOR LIBEL.

Mrs. Selina Hall Is Suing E. F. Gould for \$25,000 Damages.

The suit of Mrs. Selina Hall against Mr.
E. F. Gould was taken up in Judge Van Epps's court yesterday morning and several witnesses examined, among them Mr. Charles Read and Mr. J. K. Ohl.

Mrs. Hall is suing Mr. Gould for writing and publishing a card about her. The card was signed by Mr. Gould and appeared in The Constitution. The allegations made in the card Mrs. Hall denounces as totally false, and is suing on that account.

"The Lost Paradise." Mr. Charles Frohman's company in H. C. DeMille's highly successful American play, "The Lost Paradise," will have its first production in this city Wednesday night at production in this city weathers.

the Grand. The play will be presented in the same careful manner as characterized. Its successful runs of 300 nights in New York, 150 nights in Boston and 100 nights in Chicago. The play has everywhere been conceded as one of the most interesting plays of the period, and it deals with one of the greatest living issues. The characters introduced are broadly real, and although there is a hero in the character of Reuben Warner, the superintendent of the Knowlton iron works, strange to say there is no villain. The interesting story it tells are incidents happening in everyday life and the present time. The second act of "The Lost Paradise" is a faithful reproduction of an iron foundry in full swing and, it is said, coupled with the dialogue and dramatic action it constitutes one of the most powerful stage pictures seen in years. The engagement will include a matinee Thursday and another performance at night.

Modjeska. In the role of Mary Stuart, which Mod-jeska essays next Friday night at the Grand, she offers a clearly conceived and beauti-ful piece of acting, for even in the exactsne offers a crearly conceived and beautiful piece of acting, for even in the exacting portrayal of the unhappy queen there is are no difficulties to an actor of her fine talent. She has reconstructed the original play, without reference to tradition, with the result that her presentment of the royal woman, who lived, suffered and died, is most convincing in every look, tone and gesture. On Saturday afternoon she will present her beautiful new production of "As You Like It," she herself appearing as the graceful and charming Rosalind, a character she embellishes with the refinement of her art, and her delightful womanliness in a manner unequaled by any other actress. On Saturday night the engagement will come to a close with the first presentation in this section of the country of her new play of "Magda," which is one of the most masterful things that modern dramatists have given to the stage. Otts Skinner, who is the best Shakespearian actor in the country now, will play the leading male role.

The Patti Engagement. The Patti Engagement.

There seems to be considerable interest evinced in the approaching concert and grand opera to be given by Madame Adeima Patti and the well selected company of artists who are with her. Besides a specially selected miscellaneous concert programme, the second act of "Martha" will be given in costume, with scenery paraphermalia, etc. The prices will be \$5, \$4, \$3 and \$2. The sale of seats will begin Monday, January 8th.

The Fulton County Industrial Educa tional Loan Association. The regular monthly meeting will be held at the governor's mansion Wednesday, Jan-uary 3d, beginning promptly at 10 o'clock a. m. A full attendance is desired. MRS. W. J. NURTHEN, President. MRS. M. L. M'LENDON, Secretary.

BOARD MEETING THIS AFTERNOON.

There will be a meeting of the board of directors of the Young Men's Library Association at the building on Marietta street this afternoon at 5 o'clock. As this is the first meeting of the year a full attendance is expected.

Coughing is at once stopped by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Keep it always in the house

#### MEETINGS.

e annual meeting of the stockholders he State Savings bank, will be held in bank rooms, 19 Decatur, corner of or, on the second Tuesday, the 9th of lary, 1894, at 4:30 p. m.

J. C. DAYTON, Cashier.

#### A MASS OF RUINS.

ville Is in Ashes.

PBOPLE WEPT AS THEY SAW IT BURN

The Building, Which Had Been the Scene of So Much History and Dear to Every Georgian, Is No More.

Milledgeville, Ga., January 1 .- (Special.)-At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon smoke was seen issuing from the cupola of the old capticl, the present quarters of the Middle Geor-gia Mechanical and Agricultural college. The entire population of the city quickly gathered at the scene and together with the fire department began to make extraordinary efforts for the preservation of the historic building. Their efforts were almost entirely futile, and tonight there remains of a buildning hallowed by memories dear to the people of Georgia, nothing more than a mass of blackened ruins

and bare walls. The college had today opened for its spring term, and hopefulness for its future was the universal sentiment of the people It is impossible to locate the cause of the fire, though the most generally accepted idea is that it owes its origin to a defective flue. The north end of the building was saved; almost intact. Unfortunately the water facilities were unequal to the task of controlling the flames. No fire plug was within 100 yards or more of the building and the hose was short.

The history of the capitol is familiar to the state. It was built in 1803-4 and since 1888 has been used as a college. Milledgeville is not hopeless. Her people

are already discussing ways and means of rebuilding and conducting the college Arrangements of a temporary character but entirely sufficient for the purpose will be made to open the college by Wednesday and within three months the biulding is expected to be rebuilt. The state holds insurance on the property for \$20,000 and it is stated by good authority that the damage done can be replaced for less than that The picturesque old walls are still standing. A committee of citizens will go to Atlanta tomorrow to advise with the ernor. Many were the eyes that were wet with tears of sorrow as the flames

#### A FRIGHTENED ENGINEER.

He Saw Light on the Trestle and Expected a Collision.

Waycross, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Will Hendricks, an engineer on the Waycross Air-Line, was terribly frightened Saturday night by a jack-o'-lantern. He was on his engine coming from Waltertown to this place. As he came near Kettle creek this place. As he came hear trestle he was making a high rate of speed down grade. When the trestle was reached he saw a light just about the center of the trestle and he thought it was the headlight of an engine. A collision, he thought, was inevitable. His first thought was to jump from his engine down in the darkness, where he would land at a distance of fifty feet. Then he decided to save the passer gers by reversing the engine. A moment only was lost in these thoughts and with a like a flash. The engine ran back a distance of a hundred yards and the light mysteri-

ously disappeared.

There was a drizzling rain and nothing could be seen on the track. Signals were given, but no answer was received. Hen-dricks was mystified. Shortly afterwards he resolved to go slowly down to the trestle and see what had become of the phan-tom headlight. There was sign of anything on the track and Hendricks decided to make the run across the creek. The en-gine leaped into the darkness and sped through the woods like a reindeer. On reaching Waycross Hendricks concluded that the light was nothing more than a

Positive economy, peculiar merit and won-derful medicina power are all comoloed in Hood's Sarsapariha. Try it. Hood's cures.

#### Bank Directors Elected.

Washington, Ga., January 1 .- (Special.)-At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Washington Exchange bank held here today Mr. James Hines was elected as a director in place of J. A. Benson, resigned; also Mr. M. A. Pharr in place of Mr. M. M. Sims, resigned. All the other officers hold over for another year. The bank is in a splendid condition. The usual semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent was declared, payable on January 5th.

Georgia's Old Statehouse at Milledge- How the Local Criminal Contingent Began the New Year.

RESOLUTIONS NO GO IN POLICE CIRCLES

The Figures Showing Last Year's Worl of the Department-Police in West End-Arrests Made Yesterday.

virgin blotter, crisp and new, went or duty at police headquarters yesterday ing, and during the day it received

ing, and during the day it received some very unwholesome impressions of Atlanta's criminal side as it took up the record of the misdoings of the new year. The veteran, ragged-edged blotter which had survived the Christmas shadings, was shelved, and took its place with the old year.

Station House Keeper Bonneli took official notice of the passing of the old year by drawing upon the police docket a number of incomprehensible outlines, representing nothing but a series of inky convolutions, but expressing to that officer's mind the rebut expressing to that officer's mind the re-tirement of the big book. His eye ran down a column of figures and, looking up,

"Business gets better every year. Last year was better than the year before, and this year is better than last. The new year just beginning will be a heavier one than last year. Why I expect there'll be 15,000 cases next year.'

cases next year."

The entries on the docket last night seemed to give plausibility to the station house keeper's prophecy. Over thirty cases were made during the day, but not one had the serious designation of state case. The offenses were mild, very. A physician enjoyed a little unprofessional jag and was arrested. Four young white men engaged in a rock-throwing contest and, without hurting one another seriously, were arresthurting one another seriously, were arrest-ed, and will have to answer in police court today. Various citizens of high and low degree imbibed too freely of jag water and fell into the protecting arms of the police-

fell into the protecting arms of the policemen.

But the new year began without any serious mishaps or misadventures. New year's resolutions probably prevented the harvest of maieractors such as characterized every day of the Christmas holidays. Chief Controlly started the force upon the new year with words of encouragement, and all were given to understand that a stricter attention to duty than ever would be exacted of every officer on the force. He took charge of the new territory of West End at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. Mounted Officers Conn and Whatley were sent out and enjoy the distinction of being the first Atlanta pluecoats to do police duty in West End. They spent the day riding about the quiet annex, and failed to find anything that resembled a disturbance, and saw not a single man who approached a violation of the city laws. They came off duty at 4 o'clock, rejoicing that they had a snap so far as police work was concerned.

Last year was a busy one with the po-

Last year was a busy one with the police. The total number of city cases docketed was 11,171, which is an increase of 122 over 1892. In 1892, 11,049 city cases were made. The total number of state cases made by the police during the year has not yet been ascertained, but is somewhere near 1,500.

yet been ascertained, but is somewhere near 1,500.

The income from the police court derived by the city is not an inconsiderable item, while the work done on the streets by the city's convicts would call for quite a good outlay of cash if it was paid for in money. During the year 1893 Recorder Calhoun imposed fines to the amount of \$48,926.60, but all of this sum was not collected. Just \$13,600.10 came to the city in cash, and \$26,420 was worked out on the Streets.

Chief Connoily has received a large number of applications for places on the police force. The retirng West End policemen have sent in applications, and they will be acted upon with the others. There will be a meeting of the board one week from last right, and the number of men added to the force depends upon the action of council.



At some period in her life, a woman requires a general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine.

If you're a tired or afflicted woman, you can find no other remedy that's guaranteed. If the "Prescription" ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your manue, hack. have your money back.

So small is the chance of failure, with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, that its proprietors are willing to make this promise: "If we can't cure your Catarrh, no matter how bad your case is, we'll pay you \$500 in cash."

## Skin **Eruptions**

And similar annoyances are caused by an impure blood, which will result in a more dreaded disease. Unless removed, slight impurities will develop into Scrofula, Eczema,

Show

Bad Blood.

I took many remedies that did me no good. I have now taken four bottles of with the most wonderful results. Am enjoying the best health I ever knew, have gained twenty pounds, and my friends say they never saw me as well. I am feeling quite like a new man. JOHN S. EDELIN, Gov't Print'g Office. Washington, D. C.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

RESOURCES.	(	LIABILITIES.	
otes and bills discounted \$ verdrafts oronds, stocks or other securi- ties untiture and fixtures ue from state banks and bankers, not in this state Cash on hand, viz. urrency \$73,472.00 bid 35,55.00 viver 2,318.45 ucollected checks 2,769.52 \$	5,879.13 10,000.00 2,909.20 51,102.35 76,790.11	Capital stock paid up\$ Surplus Undivided profits Due banks and bankers in the state Due banks and bankers with- out the state Due unpaid dividends Due depositors, viz.: Subject to check	500,00 20,00 23,95 7,65 4,65 15,00

\$1,023,575,64 \$1,023,575.64 CLASSIFICATION OF NOTES AND BIL LS DISCOUNTED.-Other Debts Due to

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON CO cashier of the American Trust and Bank's the above statement is a true co the Looks of file in said bank, and he furt the state bank examiner of the condition of edge and belief, that the said bank, throug obligation imposed by lavr.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this



"TO SAVE TIME IS TO LENGTHEN LIFE DO YOU VALUE LIFE?" THEN USE

## SAPOLIO

Our Stock of

## DIAMONDS

IS TOO LARGE.

We will offer special inducements in prices during the holidays.

# Maier & Berkele,

31 AND 93 WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA ELEVATOR ATLANTA, GA.

## THE LOWRY BANKING COMP'Y

OF ATLANTA, GA.

At the Close of Business, December 30th, 1893. Capital stock..... Leans and discounts. Bonds and discounts.

Real estate, furniture and fixtures.

Bonds and stocks.

Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.

Due from other banks...\$280,608 51

Checks on city banks...\$64,067 57

Currency, gold and silver 247,193 79 Surplus.
Undivided profits, net...
Bank deposits.....\$178,899 86
Individual deposits.....945,333 69 46,434 41 88,622 75 6,036 45

\$1,603,130 03 \$1,603,130 0 State of Georgia, County of Fulton, ss.
I. JOS. T. ORME, Cashier of The Lowry Banking Company. of Atlanta, Ga., do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOS. T. ORME, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this last day of January, 1894.

J. H. STERCHI, Notary Public,
T. D. MEADOR,

Fulton County, Ga.

JOEL HURT, T. D. MEADOR, R. J. LOWRY.

## 1,800 BALES COTTON Damaged by Fire.

Will be sold Thursday. January 4th, to highest bidder at Savannah, Ga. About 1,200 bales in

good condition. About 400 in fair condition.

Balance broken.

COMMTTEE: W. H. DANIEL,

JNO. W. PEARCE, HENRY E. REESE.



Scientific Opticians,

64 Marietts street, opposite postoffice, set up and operated the first emerginding machinesy ever brought into this section, and have been the first to introduce every optical improvement. Their retail salesroom is at or Marietta street, opposite postoffice. CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

TO JAPAN AND CHINA TO HONOLULA AND AUSTRALIA

# Cotton Sale. Terrible Sloughter

#### \_\_\_AT-A FEARFUL SAGRIFIGE. THEY GO AT ANY PRICE

Close Out at Once

We throw on the market for this week 3,000 worth of elegant fancy plush and leather goods in comb and brush sets, workboxes, collar and cuff sets, albums, manicure sets, handkerchief and glove sets, cologne cases, jewel cases, mirrors, writing desks hatracks, towel racks, pocketbooks, card cases and thousands of other fancy novelties. The entire lot to go-price or no price Den't buy until you see us. Your price is

Lieberman & Kaufmann 92 Whitehall St., Atlanta.

FOR RENT

REAL ESTATE SALES.

ANSLEY RBOS. Real Estate.

your home,
0-CENTRAL renting property. Rent
ing for \$150 per month to good parties
The best investment in the city for the BEAUTIFUL lot at De

REAL ESTATE SALES

\$3,000 to loan on improved city property for two and three years, at 8 per cent, and reasonable commission.

\$500 to loan for three to five years.

Ormewood Pork Lots, the prettiest sub-urban property near the city; is just outside city limits beyond Grant Park. Thousands of dollars have been spent on permanent im-provements during the past year. Beauti-ful drives, elegant homes, best of neighbors. Lots 50x200 feet, from \$250 up; easy terms; special inducements to those who build houses. Call and let us show you these lots.

houses. Call and let us show you these lots.

\$2,700 for three 4-room, one 5-room and one 2-room house on corner lot 110x127 feet on E. Fair street and car line; rent for \$30 a month, a first-class investment.

\$50 a front foot for choice Piedmont avenue lots, 185 feet deep to side alley. High, level and shady; liberal terms. Just beyond the beautiful houses of Judge Lumpkin and Messrs. H. C. Peeples and Hugh McKee. They are very cheap.

\$2,200 for 8-acre dairy farm less than 4 miles from center of city, on main public road and right at postoffice. All well set in grass; beautiful grove; good orchard of 250 trees. Improvements cost over \$2,000 and consist of new 3-room house with hall and veranda, barn for 6 head cattle, store 24x38 feet, at which a profitable business is carried on. Is located in the junction of two main roads, and is a very finely located property. The price asked is far below the real value of the property.

\*\*GOODE & BECK\*\*

\*\*Corner Peachtree and Marietta Sts.\*\*

The holidays are near at hand and every one is preparing to turn over a new leaf. To be sure, we will all resolve to make nore money the next year than ever be-

To do this you will be compelled to seek

The history of Atlanta and surroundings

Consequently now is the time to buy Tacts are stubborn things and figures don't lie." Would be pleased to have you

ISAAC LIEBMAN,

Union Square Land Co. IS OFFERING.

G.W. ADAIR

ESTATE, REAL 14 Wall Street, Kimball House

will sell before the courthouse door on I will sell before the courthouse door on Tuesday, 2nd, of January, 1894, at it o'dock sharp three very valuable lots carner Piedmont avenue and Houston street, upon which are two frame dwelling houses and one brick storehouse.

A will also sell three lots corner Bellwood avenue and Lindsey street in Bellwood. 'Inis is first-class property and will be

Cail for a plat and attend the sale.

Terms one-half cash; balance in twelve months 8 per cent interest. W. M. Scott & Co., Real Estate Agents, No. 14 North Pryor Street, Kimball House Entrance.

House Entrance.

ARE YOU PAYING RENT?—Look at this: North side, new and modern ?-noom house, with gas, water and all conveniences, on large lot, running through from street to street. Only half block from electric cars and in a section that is being built up more rapidly and with a better class of houses than any other part of the city. Now listen: We will sell part of this as follows: Price, \$4,000, five-year hortgage \$2,000, balance only \$200 cash, he ance \$100 a month without interest. Let you this. W. M. Scott & Co.

SOUTH SIDE—Go look at the new 3-room house, corner Georgia aversue and street. No better built nor nicer finished house anywhere; every possible convenience; paved street, electric cars at door and two other lines just one block; way on each side. The most desirable property in

#### THE GONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY.

Contributors must keep copies of articles We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will do so under no circum-stances unless accompanied by return post-

Nichols & Holliday, Eastern Advertising Agents. Address Constitution Building, At

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For The Daily Constitution, or 50 cents per calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for The Daily and Sunday Constitution, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of At-lanta. Send in your name at once. Where to Find The Constitution.

The Constitution can be found on sale as WASHINGTON-Metropolitan Hotel. JACKSONVILLE-H. Drew & Bro. CINCINNATI-J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine

NEW YORK-Brentano's, 124 Fifth avenue Fifth Avenue hotel news sta CHICAGO-P. O. News Company, 91 Adams street; Great Northern hotel, Audi-torium annex, McDonald & Co., 55

ATLANTA, GA., January 2, 1894.

Where We Follow-Not Lead.

We clip the following from our esteemed contemporary, The Lee County Enterprise:

The Atlanta Constitution it seems is de termined to make the people believe that General Evans will be the next governor of Georgia. The "Georgia Bible" is barking up the wrong tree this pop, "sartin."

If we were in the business we should

not hesitate to wager a barrel to a bunghole that our esteemed Lee county contemporary has failed to gauge the sentiment even of its own county.

The Enterprise compliments The Constitution by an extravagant comparison, which is, of course, unmerited. It is true that the people of Georgia are overwhelmingly with The Constitution in its demand for the redemption of every pledge of the democratic platform and in its earnest and persistent efforts for an increase instead of a contraction of the currency. But in this matter The Constitution is simply following the just demands of the people. When they believe that The Constitution is right they are not afraid to express themselves, and when they believe that any position we take is wrong they will not follow our advice any longer than it will take them to drop it.

In the matter of the governship noth ing could further misrepresent The Constitution than the statement that it seeks to have the people follow it for General Evans. On the other hand, The Constitution is simply doing its best to keep up with the great public procession for General Evans. This is a frank acknowledgement, but it is none the less true, and we find it a very difficult undertaking to keep pace with the wonderful tide which seems to have set in from all parts of the state in response to the denand for General Evans's nomination.

Possibly if The Constitution had the naming of the governor—and a few of its misguided contemporaries seem to think it has-we might select some one else. There has always been a latent yearning on our part to see Hon. Patrick Walsh governor of Georgia. Again, the suggestion of Colonel J. H. Estill's name would cause serious reflection in this office, and if we were in the governor-making business it would not be at all surprising should our choice fall somewhere in the neighborhood of the residence of Hon. Steve Clay, notwithstanding his declina tion to enter the race. Nor would it make a very crooked path if we followed our inclination through the front gate of Hon. Allen Fort, or Colonel J. W. Robertson, or Colonel William A. Little, and the high estimation in which he is held in this office would invoke warm personal consideration for Hon. W. Y. Atkinson. There are others who could not consider themselves safe from the gubernatorial lightning if such bolts were forged and thrown from the top of the sixth story of this office.

But, fortunately-or unfortunately, as the case may be-this is a business to which the people attend themselves. If there is any one thing more certain than another, it is that the people of Georgia want General Evans to be their next governor. Instead of The Constitution leading them to this conclusion, they have led us to theirs. The demand for General Evans seems to be universal. It comes from every section of the state. There seems to be a spontaneity about it as enthusiastic as it is sincere. If we believed that there was any valid reason why General Evans should not be governor we should not hesitate to say so, and if we thought that popular opinion was not justified we would very promptly take the bit in our mouth and endeavor to convince the people that they were wrong. But there is no possible ground for such a course on our part. General Evans is active and vigorous and a man of unimpeachable character. He has been a democrat all his life, and has done good service for the party. He is in the prime of his lifejust sixty years old-while Gladstone, at eighty-four, is the most active man in public life in England. He is a splendid business man-an organizer, a pro moter, a developer. He has the confice of the people, and by his splendid record and straightforward, honest life has won his way into the public heart.

Even if we were disposed to oppose him we would not feel justified by any shortming that might be charged to him to do so, and it will be a very desperate campaign, indeed, that bases its hope of success on the attack of any weak spot in the career of a man whose life has been well nigh a perfect one.

The Opinion of an Expert. The proposed Cotton States and Sub Tropical Exposition has excited more widespread enthusiasm than any similar project within our recollection.

Leading railroad and business men heartily endorse the project, and the interview in our Sunday's issue with the Hon. William L. Scruggs spoke volumes in favor of the enterprise. Colonel Scruggs has spent about twenty years in South America in the capacity of United States minister, and he has made a special study of the trade relations of the two continents. As Colonel Scruggs puts it:

An air-line drawn from Chicago to Havana, in Cuba, would pass directly through Atlanta as its central point. A straight line drawn from Des Moines, in Iowa, to Jacksonville and St. Augustine, in Florida, and thence to Nassau in the Bahami islands, would pass through Atlanta as its central point. Another straight line from New York city via El Paso, Tex., to Central Mexico a little southward of the Mexican capital, passes through Atlanta as its central point. If you draw a circle inclos ing Boston, New York, Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, the City of Mexico, Greytown, Ha-vana, Nassau and Kingston, you will have Atlanta as its radius.

In other words, Atlanta is the center of vast area that would be directly inter-sted in a continental exposition such as has been suggested; and the marvelous suc cess of our cotton exposition of 1881, when doubts, if any exist, of our ability to make the enterprise a success.

This is only preliminary. The colonel's interview made it plain that Atlanta is the natural market of Mexico, Central America, northern South America and the West Indies. For years past the inhabitants of those countries have been growing tired of European domination, and nothing but our indifference has pre vented us from getting their trade.

Under our new system of low tariff duties our manufacturers will naturally reach out for new markets for their goods, and they will find them in the countries south of us. When we secure this trade our manufacturers will find that a low tariff is a blessing.

But all this talk will amount to noth ing unless we have an exposition worthy of the occasion that will bring all the interested parties together, introduce them and convince them that they have reciprocal interests. Atlanta's situation is such as to make this city the finest point that could be selected for a continental exposition that would suit the convenience of the countries south of us now looking in our direction.

We have made a capital start already, and if we lose no time in presenting the facts of the case to the countries interested we may rest assured that the Spanish-Americans will camp out within our gates next year to make the acquaintance of their neighbors of the cotton states and contiguous sections.

Too Much Bickering.

We confess we do not quite under stand the attitude of The Richmond Times on the Wilson tariff bill. Heretofore The Times has made haste to attach itself to every policy or project to which Mr. Cleveland was supposed to give his approval. But it draws back from the Wilson bill with an exclamation of horror and declares that it has

no taste for such an undemocratic dose. But what is the matter with the Wilson bill? The republican organs declare it is a free trade measure, and a great. howl has gone up from the protected interests to the effect that they will be utterly ruined if the bill becomes a law. On the other hand, our Richmond contemporary declares that it is a protective mossure and a clear violation of the tar-

iff plank of the democratic platform. The Baltimore Sun, defending the Wilson bill from the republican charge that it is a free trade measure, declares that it is "a free raw material measure, which will prove to be beneficial to American industries." The Richmond Times hotly resents this, and wants to know if iron and coal mining are not to be described as American industries. It charges the placid old Baltimore Sun. which is not wide awake enough to know whether it is for free trade or hot toddy, with placing only New England interests in the category of "American

industries" We doubt if this charge will hold good. The Sun simply has a habit of talking in its sleep, and as it is asleep all the time only rank injustice could accuse it of taking any position at all on any sub-

ject. But The Times persists in saying:

The New England manufacturers, then conduct "American industries," and for tha reason our laws must be so shaped that they will compel all other Americans to buy what those manufacturers produce, at their own prices, but all the other Americans, ver hard they work, are conducting kind of "industry" that is not "Amer and, therefore, are entitled to no f consideration at the hands of our sort of consideration at the names of the laws, and they must quietly submit themselves to a process that will pillage them for the benefit of New Englanders, because for the benefit of New Englanders, because the latter are so patriotic that they conduct "American Industries," pure and simple, with no foreign adulteration what

This seems to be the size of Mr. Cleveland's democracy, and, therefore, the size of The Baltimore Sun's democracy, but it is not democracy at all, and The Times intends to fight it right straight along as the worst kind of republican paternalism and

nonopoly.

Now, we submit that this side-wipe at Mr. Cleveland by one of his old-time worshipers is a blow below the belt. Mr. Cleveland did not frame the Wilson bill; Mr. Cleveland has not hummed and hawed over it, and turned it over and made it more protective since the committee got through with it. Mr. Cleveland will sign it when it comes to him. but he is in nowise responsible for the features that The Times criticises.

Let us be fair. Let us be just. What ever is wrong in the Wilson bill the dem ocrats are responsible for and they will have to be responsible for it. If the free list sop to New England Industries will hurt the south, southern democrats are responsible for it. They could look after the interests of their section as the east-

southern democrats in the house and on the committee have promoted the free raw material features and seem to be proud of them, we must conclude that free coal and free iron are the very things the south has been pining for, for,

lo! these many years. Therefore, we say let democrats put an end to this incessant bickering among themselves. They are in the saddle so far as legislation is concerned, and they can make the measure just what they choose to make it. They can give it a free trade or a protective twist. They can hurt the south or they can hit the east. They can carry out the platform pledge, or they can put it on the shelf

with the financial plank. In short, the democrats have absolute control of the Wilson measure and absolate power over it. If the bill doesn't suit them they can change it in a caucus until it does suit them. The whole matter is in their hands.

But whatever they do they should do quickly. They should act at once. There is a certain amount of business going on even in a time of severe stress and stagnation, but this business must have some basis for its output and its contracts. That basis is the tariff, which affects more or less all manufacturing and mercantile interests. Let the basis be fixed at once. Let all doubt and uncertainty be removed.

Push the tariff bill through! Tax big individual incomes! Repeal the tax on state banks! Make both gold and silver the stand ard money of the country!

Carry out the pleages of reform! Carry out the pledges of relief! Issue no bonds!

Mayor Goodwin's Review. The annual review of our municipal affairs by Mayor Goodwin in his address to the general council, printed in another column, is an elaborate and a clear summary of our assets, conditions and pros-

Despite the general depression, it will be seen that we have preserved the integrity of the city's credit and carried on extensive public works. These facts will appear from a glance at the reports of the various city officers. We have run our public schools on full time, built new ones, completed the magnificent Forsyth street bridge, done a vast amount of street work, annexed the prosperous suburb of West End, completed a splendid system of waterworks that will furnish a permanent water supply for 250,000 people, to say nothing of other improvements.

We have a cash surplus and our debt this year of \$45,000 for the new engines for the waterworks should be met by the assets in the offices of the marshal and collector.

The assessed value of the property in Atlanta is \$57,000,000, and our indebtedness is 51-5 per cent of the assessed taxable total. Mayor Goodwin recommends the reduction of our tax rate from 11-2 per cent to 12-5 per cent, with reduced water rates, and his facts and figures show that this reduction can be made.

The mayor's recommendations in re gard to needed public improvements during the coming year are on a conservative line, and will not hurry our city fathers into the extreme of over-development, or the opposite extreme,

Altogether, this annual review is an encouraging prelude to Atlanta's new chapter of progress, embracing her great exposition year. But Mayor Goodwin's ss should be read in its entirety We have merely touched a few salient points of interest. The whole document will repay a close perusal and is the happy climax of a successful administration.

Carry Out the Democratic Policy.

The New York World, of Sunday, has several pages devoted to the financial and business history of the year. At the beginning of the record it presents a big cartoon showing Mr. Cleveland in a full suit of mail, armed with a sword a quarter of a mile long. In the picture the president has already killed a monstrous dragon labeled "Silver Oppres sion," and is engaged in a tremendous conflict with another horrible monster labeled "Tariff."

We need hardly say that the cartoon is brighter and more encouraging than the text which accompanies it. The pic ture fires the imagination and stimulates the mind, but the text is weighed down with facts that are cold enough to put the fire out.

When the east demanded the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law the promise was that relief would be imme diate. Business men were told that "confidence" would be restored and that trade would revive. The farmers were told that the price of their products would cease to fall.

But now, that the Sherman law has been repealed and the situation has grown steadily worse, except in so far as the growth of the bank reserves may be considered an improvement, The World is obliged to change its explanation. Up to September the silver dragon was the disturbing element. Since that time it has been the tariff monster, or, as The World puts it, "the uncertaintle engendered by a proposed revision of

the tariff.' This is very vague. In fact, it is im possible to say whether The World be lieves that business and trade are at a standstill because the people are afraid the tariff monster will be slain, whether he will be spared or whether his horns

and forked tail will be preserved. All this apart, it is a tremendous show ing The World makes, and every figure ft gives, every fact it presents demon-strates beyond all question that if unconditional repeal had any effect on the sit nation at all it deepened the gloom and gave a new turn to the financial screws It demonstrates that prices have faller lower during the two months that have intervened since repeal than they did during the two months previous to re-

But does The World maintain that the fear of democratic tariff revision is one of the factors that have caus so-called panic and its results? This is the republican cry; this is the repub-

maintained that the delay of congress in revising the tariff has given rise to doubt and uncertainty on the part of dealers and manufacturers and prevented in measure a revival of business, and this is unquestionably true. But when The World goes further and says that the crisis has been made more acute by "the uncertainties engendered by a proposed revision of the tariff" it gives away the whole democratic case and

surrenders to the republican contention. The uncertainty is occasioned by the delay of congress, and not by the knowledge on the part of the business public that the democrats propose to revise the tariff. The republicans are harping on this idea, but it is ridiculous on the face of it, as ridiculous as to say that the fall of prices and the shrinkage of values, which are as serious in Europe as they are here, are the result of a knowledge that the democrats are to revise the

The situation is bad enough as it is, without charging it upon the desire of the people and the purpose of the demo cratic party to revise the tariff.

The New York Evening Post sneers at the address of Mr. Sovereign to the Knights of Labor. The Post sneers at everything that doesn't emanate from the goldbugs of the east.

The idea of The Richmond Times attack ing the sleep-walking Baltimore Sun is ridiculous.

Our readers no doubt remember General blew it last spring.

If the democratic party wants to increase These will enter into circulation and help to give the people relief without additional interest. This is the only kind of bond issue that would be tolerated.

The southern congressman who votes bond issue should have his commission for some ather office in his pocket.

The congressional holiday has been a costly one for the country, but there is nothing now to prevent the statesmen from going ahead rapidly with the work of re

If there is any ambitious statesman in Georgia who wants to make the race for governor on the goldbug platform and bond issue, let him come forward.

Goldbuggery will soon have an opportunity to test its standing in Georgia.

If there is any goldbug politician who be eves that the people of Georgia are not in favor of the free coinage of silver, and more money, let him press to the front.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Hugh O. Pentecost, orthodox preacher sensational evangelist, atheist republican and democrat, now rounds up his turbulent life as assistant district attorney in New York. He never studied law long enough to justify his admission to the bar, but thu fact is a small matter.

Actress Langtry has gone into the rac Park stud a few days ago for £15,000 or thereabout, and will personally direct the business of conducting it. She is casting about for a manager and she means to make the stud. which will bear her name, famous

may have British royalty at Atlanta's great exposition. A London special says: "America will, in all probability, receive a visit from two representatives of the British royal family early in the coming year. It has been decided by Queen Victoria that the time is propitious for the long deferred honeymoon trip of the duke and duchess of York, and the royal pair being agreeable arrangements have been made for an extended tour, including Australia, Canada and the United States. George and May leave England in April for Melbourne whence, after a tour of the colonies, they will proceed to Victoria and journey east-ward to Montreal.

as at first made up, would have ended at' Halifax but for the intervention of the prince of Wales, who insisted that the trip should be extended to New York. Washington and through Virginia, taking in those points of interest with which he familiarized himsel thrity-seven years ago, when, as a boy he visited the United States. As matter now stand, the royal twain will board either a British warship or the prince of Wales's yacht, Britannia, at Halifax, and cruise leisurely to New York, proceeding thence by rail to Washington and Virginia and re embarking at Old Point Comfort."

Who Is the Dark Horse!

Editor Constitution: In this afternoon Journal I observe a communication signed "W. C. Glenn," of Atlanta, which begins thusly:

"The announcement of Hon. W. Y. Atkinson makes patent and forces to the front an issue which is the necessary outcome of two divergent lines of thought in the politics of this state. In short the queston of 'administration' and 'anti-administration' is upon us. I, for one, shall sup port the administration." Now, Mr. Editor, the question naturally

arises, "who does Mr. W. C. Glenn propos to support?" There are but two candidates in the field C. A. Evans and Mr. Atkinson Mr. Glenn says he cannot support Mr. Atkinson. He does not say he will support General Evans. "I, for one," says he, support the administration." Does this mean, Mr. Editor, that the "administration," whatever that means, proposes to run a candidate for governor of Georgia! If so, who is the dark horse? Where is the man in Georgia who will dare to stand on a goldbug platform and ruthlessly tread upon the platform pledges and solemn promises of the party? Where is the man, Mr. Editor, who is willing to go before the people of Georgia in an attempt to defend that very small part of Georgia's representation in congress which threw the pledges of the party to the wind, and clasped their arms around the neck of Wall street, clinging so tightly to it that it was with great difficulty that they were pulled away, if indeed they are away yet.

If there is any democrat in Georgia who wants to come out on this line, Mr. Editor, let him trot out where the people can have a look at him. If by his statement Mr. Glenn means that he cannot support either General Evans or Mr. Atkinson because he wants a chance to vote for a goldbug, then he should be more definite. Like General Evans, Mr. Atkinson has come out into the open arena, telling the people just where he stands, declaring for the redemption of every pledge of the party, denouncing the infamous demonetization of silver, and declaring for the coinage of silver under dectaring for the coinage of silver under the same unrestricted conditions as regu-late the coinage of gold. In other words, they both stand absolutely with the people of Georgia on this point. There is no issue between him and Mr. Atkinson about this, and it is exceedingly fortunate for the people that this is so.

A PLATFORM DEMOCRAT. A Great Truth.
From The Jesup, Ga., Sentinel.
The man who borrows your paper is able to subscribe as you are.

JUST FROM GEORGIA,

A Song of Winter.
of the kind and beautiful New Year Come with no violets on the wafting air: But sweet it is, for all the summers lost,

To sing the rime that freezes all the rills-That grays the green of all the glorious That gives the faint and fevered lips re-

To Pestilence, God's peace!

Divine and sweet, and cooling dews that We half forget the birds of clarion call,

That made the springtime splendor in sweet God's silver rims His flowers!

The Columbus Sunday Ledger is always up to the "highwater" mark. It is a good paper the year round.

May This Be So

In this New Year Let every heart God's higher comfort share! Climbing to all the holier heights above— Hiding dark hate beneath the wings of And in despite of storm and stress and

strife. Living the larger and the lovelier life! Editor Cooper, of The Rome Tribune, has declared a boycott against the poets. Unfortunately, however, he has written this

The editor of The Macon Sunday News advertises for first-class New Year resolu-tions." Only those that are warranted not to break will be considered.

Happy New Year. A great New Year for Georgis— A year of growth and grace: With roses for her footsteps And sunshine for her face!

Hal Moore's Macon Evening News con-inues to scintillate. Its editorial plage is one of the brightest in the state. Good Times.

skies are full of sunship No chilling snowflakes fall: The fiddles sing through Geor While the partners "balance a

Tom Reed is keeping The Athens Banner up to a high standard. Its Sunday issues are especially notable for news and editorial matter.

ABOUT THE GOVERNORSHIP.

Newnan Herald: The nomination of Gen-Newhan Heraid: The nomination of Genreral C. A. Evans for governor of Georgia seems to be almost an assured fact. Last Sunday's Constitution contained a poll of the state and the old soldier is overwhelmingly the choice of the people. It showed that Georgia wants to honor this man who is well worthy of any honor that can be given him. Why should not Georgia honor General Evans? There is not one single argument that can be beaught assigned. gle argument that can be brought against him. He is a man of pure and spotless character, and this is the first requisite to make a good public servant. He is a man of great ability, and this is another requisite. He is a Christian gentleman and a noble patriot, and these are requisites no less mportant than the others. He is a true blue democrat and always has been one. This is a requisite of great magnitude and importance. He is not a politician nor an office seeker. He never sought office in his life. When he was a young man of twenty-five years he was elected to the state senate without opposition. When the war came he went as a private soldier and by his valor, bravery and ability, rose to the rank of general. Since then he has de-voted himself to the ministry. General Evans is the choice of the people of Geor-gia for governor, and we believe he will be nominated, and we know he would be elected.

formal announcement of Hon. W. Y. Atkin-son as a candidate for the governorship of Georgia. It is a clear and logical document. It speaks without equivocation and places its writer squarely on the platform of 1892 as it was argued to the people in the cam-paign. It boasts of no great deeds for its author and claims nothing save as the people of Georgia may wish to use him. entered the race to win, and he has our best wishes and heartlest support. He is thoroughly qualified for the place and Geor-gia will do herself proud when she places in his hands the commission of her chief

Griffin Call: Today Colonel W. Y. Atkin son, of Coweta, makes his formal announce-ment for governor in various papers of the state. This announcement fairly opens the campaign for the office of governor of Georgia by two candidates at least—General Evans and Colonel Atkinson. Colonel At-Evans and Colonel Atkinson. Colonel Atkinson's announcement, received by The Call yesterday, is cleverly made and is prominent for its degree of modesty, a feature not generally so clearly disernable in such papers, and will be read with interest by his friends in different sections of the state. Colonel Atkinson reviews his services to his country, party and state, which began in the days of reconstruction, and for such services asks recognition and promotion to the office of governor. Colonel Atkinson is a young man of high ability and a fine record, but he could well afford to walt a few years pefore seeking ford to wait a few years pefore seeking such distinctions. His present attitude, in our judgment will result in the final defeat of his high and laudable aspirations. There of his high and laudant voice of the people is no doubt but that the voice of the people in for General Evans, and we don't today is for General Erans, and we don't think Colonel Atkinson will be able to suc-cessfully contend against it, notwithstand-

ing he proposes to make a thorough canvass before the people. Carnesville Tribune: In the vote in Sunday's Constitution, to show the drift of feeling in the gubernatoffal race, Crisp, Atkinson, Blount, Clay, Walsh, Bacon, Robertson and others are casually mentioned from their respective localities, but the name of General Evans takes the lead by a large majority from pearly every county in the majority from nearly every county in the

ABOUT THE SENATORSHIP.

Macon News: The Columbus Enquirer-Sun says it is political rumor that F. G. duBignon, who, it is understood, will be a candidate for the office of United States senator to succeed Senator Colquitt, will invite the other candidates, who may an-nounce, to meet him on the stump and dis-cuss the leading issues of the day.

cuss the leading issues of the day.

Clarkesville Advertiser: Major Bácon's senatorial boom may be said to have been fairly well launched, and beyond question he will be one of the strongest candidates in the field.—Columbus Ledger. Major A. O. Bacon is a candidate for the United States senate. He has announced his platform by a set of resolutions introduced in the legislature. He comes out squarely for silver, state banks of issue, an income tax and declares that customs duties should be levied for revenue only. Tais is unquestionably the platform upon which a United States senator must be elected. It is democratic, it is sound and pure, and it is according to the demands and in the interest of the people. It is a platform good enough to live by ple. It is a platform good enough to live by and die by. The senator ought to be a man of such high integrity and honesty that he will not only be elected upon it, but stand upon it, not only in Georgia, but in Washington also.

FUN FROM GEORGIA WEEKLIES. Says the funny man of The Cedartown

tandard:
"We've had the ossifted giant
And the women with long hair,
Reminding us of the sideshows
In the Midway at the fair."

Thus warbles the poet of The Griffin

The year is drawing to a clo Which makes your duty clea to make new yows in place o You've broken since last year

### EVERYBODY'S HAPPY.

West End Is Atlanta from Now on and Forever.

MOUNTED POLICE CREATE A SENSATION

Chief Joyner Tells What He Would Do in Case of Fire-Nothing Is Lacking in an Emergency.

At 12 o'clock-that hour about which the oets insist on casting so much glamour and mystery and endowing with so much significance—on Sunday night, just as December 31st was beginning to totter and fall at the very feet of January 1, 1894, Mayor Nelms, of West End, awoke and sat up in

Just as he finished rubbing his eyes to try and awaken himself the first stroke of 12 began to ring out; Mayor Nelms recogclock. He looked at the chair nearest his bed and saw there the robe that signified the mayoralty of West End. As the sound of the midnight clock strokes began to usher in 1894 the robe became ugly and old. until the last stroke had died away and with it the garment faded away and Mayor Nelms gently laid down and began to dream dream of Atlanta.

For West End, as a separate town, was no more, and Atlanta, the great Gate City, had spread out her territory to take another suburb under her kind and motherly

On yesterday morning there was a subdued excitement in the air in the seventh ward. It was West End no longer. At the corner of the stores the boys and men gathered to talk over the time when West End was West End; when it was a city fairly developing into a second Atlanta, and when it was preparing to have a police station, waterworks and fire department of its own. Those were bygones now. The older men told stories of what had often happened in

A mounted policeman came trotting down the street into the seventh ward. He stopped to see what the excitement was and the crowd gathered thick about. It

and the crowd gathered thick about. It was something out of the ordinary.
"He's ours," screamed a youngster.
"Yes," added an older personage, solemnly, "we are Atlanta now. Not in Atlanta, but Atlanta."

For some time the policeman was the cen-ter of admiration, and the excitement was increased when a second officer made his appearance. Later in the day the novelty wore off and the only other excitement was when a scared nigger insisted that the stone that had formerly marked the city limits had disappeared in a hole in the ground, and that portions of the now needless boundary line had been seen floating in the trees near Colonel Adair's home. Colonel Adair was himself very much interested in the change since he owns a lot that is situated. change, since he owns a lot that is situated half and half, but could discover

What Chief Joyner Will Do. "Of course we will go out to any fire in West End," said Chief Joyner, in answer to a question. "Since there are no alarm boxes in West End the alarm will have to ned in. I wish to ask that at there be a fire that the location be given, as I will then know what to order out. I have ordered the hook and ladder No. 1 have ordered the hook and ladder No. 1, chemical No. 1, steamer No. 5, hose wagon No. 5 and hose wagon No. 2 to answer calls from West End. With the plus on Peters street and the engine and three hose wagons we can reach nearly to the corner of Peeples and Gordon avenue, at least, so I would judge, since we would have 3,300 feet of hose. If the location of the fire was given me I would bring along hose wagon No. 1, which would give 1,180 feet of hose additional.

"If the alarm was sent in soon chemical could extinguish the blaze. I hope chemical could extinguish the blaze. I hope to have everything arranged by the 1st of April. The engine house will be located at the corner of Oak and Railroad avenue There will be a foreman and eight men sta-tioned there, with a hose wagon. This com-pany will answer West End calls, the old barracks, out Peters street to Fair and out Whitehall to Hood. In these calls it will be assisted by No. 1 and No. 5."

The police service will be as good as the fire service. Two policemen were stationed in West End last night, and during the day there will be two mounted men. This continue until the appropriations are m when there will be two mounted men and

CHRISTMAS IN GEORGIA.

Augusta Chronicle: The yule log has been consumed, but the small boy keeps playing in the ashes.

Gainesville News: With the sun shining bright and the thermometer ranging be-tween 60 and 70 degrees above zero, no one could complain about Christmas weather— even those who were confined to their homes with the grip.

South Georgia Sentinel: There was ver little drunkenness during the week and th

little drunkenness during the week and the policemen have been permitted to enjoy the holidays as well as other folks. We can only wish that every Christmas could be as pleasant as this one was. Macon County Citizen: Christmas night of 1893 will long be remembered. There of 1883 will long be remembered. There were many bright and happy faces when the beautiful Christmas cabin was exposed to view. It was an event in which all were

interested alike; every one had put in present and almost every one expected present. Cherokee Advance: He who rules the heavens and the earth blessed us with perfect weather for the holidays. Did you think to return thanks to Him for this return of another Christmas and the pleasures it brought?

TALK ABOUT CONGRESS.

Carroll Free Press: The country is no doubt in a serious condition and it is time that congress was getting down to business and doing something. So far the administration has been a failure: this will be

istration has been a failure: this will be admitted by all cancid men.

Valdosta Times: Concress will reassemble next week. It will get down to business at once. The tariff bill will sags the house before the 1st of February. Then it will go to the senate, and will probably become a law before summer. We believe it will go through practically in its present shape.

A GREETING TO THE NEW YEAR. We hall the coming ninety-four. We hall thee as the glad new year, Thou latest born of Farther Time,

With hearts devout and festal cheer.

What thou mayest have in store for us We little reck or care to know; Enough He sits upon the throne And measures out our joy and woe.

Thou bringest us a mingled cup, With births and deaths in cot and hall, For into every mortal life "Some drops of rain are sure to fall." This chequered lot is man's estate, Nor would we murmur or repine. Even sorrow has its gracious ends When hallowed by the touch divine.

Midst winter chill and springtime's glow. Midst summer's heat and autumn sere. Through all the seasons in their round We welcome still our blest new year.

Once more we greet thee, minety-four, Thy sunlight and thy shadows, too; May blessings crown thy evening days, When thou shalt bid the world adieu.

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quick, fair drawn the the memb adjournm members made him The most session was tiring memb attention of Whereas, whereas, as the most it is expecte enterprise and tion affairs cuties, great would not different enterprises of yet, Chicago, has carried grandest entenown in thour own cit pression, but Our own cit pression, but her neighbor of new ener take our orls perity. The be overcome good times ca getic fight on sition is a mo ried out suo ing benefit than any of the out of the ou

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THE NEW COUNCIL.

The Council of 1893 Goes Out and the Council of '94 Starts Is.

THE ANNUAL REPORTS ARE SUBMITTED

And Referred to the Clerk, by Whom They Will Be Turned Over to the Pointing Committee—The Mayor's Address.

trol of the city government last night at the city hall in the presence of one of the largest and most representative gatherings that has ever witnessed a change of administration in Atlanta.

The council chamber was thronged with the best people of the city and everything that transpired was watched with the closest and most city linerest.

The new members were sworn in and took their seats with an air which indicated

that they had come for business and for ess only, and before the meeting was over it was apparent the none of them were in the least bashful in asking for what they wanted and then supported the requests with an ease and grace which showed that they were not to be terrorized by the older members.

The old council-or the council of 1893 as it is written in the history of Atlantamet yesterday afternoon and disposed of the work in hand. There was nothing before the body except the disposition of the annual reports by the committees, the ficers and the collateral bodies. During the session all of these reports were presented to the general council and ordered filed with the clerk, who was instructed to turn them over to the chairman of the printing committee of the council of '94 for publication. The session was one full of business, but the air which pervaded the room was that same air which is said to be present just before a poarding school breaks up for the year and there was very little time given to talk. In fact about the only talking of the afternoon was done by Mayor Pro Tam. Shropshire, one of the best and most faithful members the council has ever had. For a year he has served the body as presiding officer and he has made one of the best the council has ever had. By his quick, fair and impartial decisions he has drawn the respect, confidence and esteem of the members of the body and before the adjournment hour he made a talk to the members of the general council which made him nearer and dearer to them than

The most important event of the afternoon ession was a resolution by Mr. Meador, retiring member from the sixth ward. The resolution, as soon as it was read, caught the attention of the entire house. It read:

attention of the entire house. It read:

Whereas, Atlanta, standing pre-eminently as the most progressive city of the south, it is expected of her to lead in matters of enterprise and carry to successful completion affairs of such magnitude as other cities, greater in population and wealth, would not dare consider. The general depression of this year has stagnated the enterprises of almost the entire country, and yet, Chicago, with wonderful determination, has carried through most successfully the grandest enterprise the world has ever known in the Columbian exposition.

Our own city has shared in the general depression, but to a less extent than any of her neighbors, and now only needs the show of new energy and confidence to see us take our original position of life and prosperity. The cry of "hard times" can best be overcome by making good times, and good times can be brought about by an energetic fight on hard times. The propose apposition is a move in this direction and, if carried out successfully, will be of more lasting benefit to the upbuilding of our city than any other factor to be taken hold of, by attracting the attention of the whole country to our city, filled with people of energy, capacity and such confidence in thelip city and each other as to pull together and succeed in any emergency, therefore, be if.

Resolved, by the mayor and general council of 1893, That it is both practical and feasible to start to work now for a grand exposition in 1895, and recommend that the council of 1894 shall extend all aid possible, in legislation and financial support, to this enterprise.

"It think," said Mr. Rice, "that is one of

"I think," said Mr. Rice, "that is one ot the best resolutions that has been brought before this body since I have been here. Atlanta wants and must have that exposi-tion, and the city will, in all probability, have to give some assistance. Of course, we all know how the charter reads and none of us know it better than Mr. Meador. Still it is something we must do. I move the adoption of that resolution."

Mr. Hill thought the resolution a good

So was Mr. Northen. Mr. Stockdell was for the resolution and was willing to go on record as voting for it, notwithstanding the fact that he is one of the holding over members.

"Well, I'm the same way," said Mr. The resolution was adopted without a dis-

clerk stated that there was no further business on the table. It was then that Mayor Pro Tem. Shropshire arose and addressed the members of the council. Taking the membership one after another, he congrat-ulated himself upon having been associated with the gentlemen and declared that Atanta had never had a better or more efficient legislature than the one about to ex-pire. His talk was full of feeling and made quite an impression upon those who heard it. At the conclusion of the address a mo-tion was made to adjourn until 7 o'clock in the evening, when the members-elect and

the mayor would be present.

The Evening Session. The council chamber was thronged before the mayor put in an appearance after tea. Nearly all of the old members and the abers-elect were present when the clock

struck 7. Mayor Pro Tem. Shropshire called the body to order and the roll call found the entire membership of the old council present, except Mr. McWaters, of the third ward. "I'd like to say," said Mr. Northen, chairman of the salary committee, "that we have neglected to fix a salary for the ward physician of the seventh ward, and I have

here a resolution fixing that salary. The resolution was read and it fixed the salary at \$300 a year. It was adopted. Mayor Goodwin's Address

Mayor Goodwin's Address.

That completed the work of the old council and Mayor Pro Tem. Shropshire called Mayor Goodwin to the chair. The mayor walked up and, facing the audience, made his annual address. Mayor Goodwin said; Gentlemen of the General Council—I ask your indulgence and attention while I review generally the municipal work of the city for 1893, and on the threshold of this duty it is proper to state that while on the one hand the general and great depression existing throughout the country and which was sensibly fett with us, brought considerable solicitude for the conduct of city affairs; yet on the other hand the watchful care exercised by the general council and committees has brought us to the close of the year with most graffying results, and the showing made is one in which every Atlantian should feel a pardonable pride, and one which will place still higher throughout the country the splendid financial reputation of our city and the public spirit of its people.

While the financial stringency of 1893 will be vividly remembered for a generation, the municipal record made by Atlanta in the midst of such a stringency will be ever memorable and stand out brightly in the history of our municipal affairs. During this remarkable experience through which the report of the city comptroller and of the various officers and committees of your body will show that the regular departments were well and efficiently maintained, the integrity of the city's credit preserved and exalted, and much public

work carried on. While most of the departments will be referred to separately later on, it may be mentioned now that the public schools were maintained on full time, and two new grammar schools erected and paid for, and one of the school lots paid for, and the money is on hand and set laide for the payment of the other. A considerable extent of brick silewalks and stone curuing have been laid, sewerage constructed and beigian blocks put down, and Peachtree street, from Pine street to the city limits, paved with asphalt; and, in addition to this, and as one of the great events of the year, the splendid new waterworks system has been practically completed and put into operation with most satisfactory results. Also the splendid Forsyth street bridge has been completed. Another important event of the year is the accomplishment of the annexation of West End, on terms of union specified in the act of annexation and on a basis mutually beneficial to Atlanta and the annexed suburb. By the act it was created the seventh ward, and the annexation goes into effect today, and we welcome for the first time the representative from the seventh ward in the general council, and I know you will join with me in extending to him and his constituency a sincere and hearty greeting and reception.

The financial affairs of the city have been administered by a faithful and capable committee and officers and boards and departments of the city. And I can well congratulate the people in having as public servants such worthy representatives. While I cannot claim perfection for any, I am profoundly impressed with the fidelity of all departments in the discharge of public duty. The finance committee labored honestly and successfully during all the experiences of the year, and their efforts have been well seconded and sustained by you. In the early part of the year and previous to the issue and sale of the remainder of the waterworks bonds, which issue amounted to size,000, and when out of abundant caution if became necessary to temporarily re

member of your body with the mayor and finance committee. And had it been otherwise the results might have been very different.

The receipts of the year from all sources aggregated the sum of \$1,947,790.88 and added to the balance on hand at the commencement of the year, made a grand total of \$2,273,133.84.

The expenditures of the year aggregated \$2,019,915.69, and added to the balance on hand, as shown by the comptroller's report, which balance amounts to \$253,218.15, makes the grand total of expenditures and balance on hand, as shown by the comptroller's report, which balance, as shown by the treasurer's report is \$254,769.40, being \$1,551.25 larger than the comptroller's balance; but this difference of \$1,551.25 is accounted for by the fact of there being outstanding checks or warrants issued and not presented to the treasurer, but the comptroller's balance is the net balance after the issue of all checks. It will be seen that the balance of \$253,218.15 is not only sufficient to meet and pay all the charter obligations as to sinking funds (amdunting to \$181,000), but also to set aside and pay \$38,000 of maturing bonds in addition to \$3,500, special redemption fund, which will make the amount of bonds retired on the first day of 1894, or as fast as presented, \$41,500, and also to pay the balance on the Forsyth street bridge, now held up by litigation, of \$3,992.45, and to finish widening Wheat street, \$4,275; to widen to pay outstanding warrants, \$1,551.25; to pay for Williams street school lot, \$6,993; to pay for Boulevard dire engine lot, \$1,070; leaving a cash surplus of \$3,287.70.

But is it fair to state in this connection that about \$45,000 will be due and payable in 1894 on the new engines for the waterworks, one of which engines had not been included in the original estimate of the cost of construction; but it was regarded as necessary to the safety of the system to have this duplicate engine at the reservoir station, and it has now been set up and its payment will be provided for out of this year's

lice station house, which was unpaid in 1892, and brought over to this administration.

This gives a fair general statement of the financial condition of the city outside of the bonded indebtedness. This bonded debt of the city, including the debt of West End lately assumed by Atlanta, aggregates, including all former issues and all water bonds, \$2,964,000, and the interest charge on the same is \$189,872.50.

The assessed tax value of the city, including all former issues and all water bonds, \$2,964,000, and the interest charge on the same is \$189,872.50.

The assessed tax value of the city, including the conservative estimate, and the debt of the city is therefore five and one-fifth per cent, only of the assessed taxable values.

Going somewhat into details, the receipts of the year show an increase over 1892 from general tax, \$45,389.21; on retail liquor license, \$9,115.27; on water rates, \$3,127.10; on public schools, \$3,903.53, this last item referring chiefly to the city's proportion of school tax coming from state collection.

Decreases were found as follows:

In general business license ... \$2,258.22 License on drays and hacks ... 1,433.30 In the recorder's court ... ... 1,707.67

The decrease in business license from 1892 grew out of the policy of the city, put in force in 1893 to reduce considerably the rate for license of various kinds of business.

The receipts from these several sources

ness.

The receipts from these several sources named were substantially the estimates as made by the city government early in the

named were substantially the estimates as made by the city government early in the year.

To illustrate, the actual and the estimated receipts from general tax were practically the same, and the increase and the decrease on other matters almost balance each other.

As bearing on the conduct of the financial affairs of the city, I would say, with reference to the \$41,500 of bonds to be paid off as soon as presented, that \$40,000 of the same are 6 per cent floating debt bonds issued in 1879, and the installment was not large enough to justify the submission of a renewal of them by issuing redemption bonds in their place to an election and vote of the people; and besides it is a wise and proper policy to gradually and regularly reduce the debt of the city and thereby save the payment of interest. While our debt, compared to tax values, is small as already stated, yet the payment of the annual interest on this sum is a considerable item, and if greatly reduced in the course of ten years would enable a considerable reduction in the rate of tax to be made, and of the tax rate, the reduction of both should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the fixed policy of the city and should become the start and bring it from 1½ per cent to 1 2-5 per conton 1½ per c

which, though small, would be a substantial beginning and establish a good precedent.

I think we will be able to do this if real economy and care are exercised, and that, too, without cripping any of the departments or stopping public inprovements. True, the payment of the bonds and the reduced water rates, which will lessen the income from water at least \$20,000 annually, are equivalent to this reduction of taxes from 1½ per cent to 1 2-5 per cent and may possibly stand in the way and prevent the latter unless great care and economy are brought to bear. The reduction of the tax rate from 1½ per cent to 1 2-5 per cent would reduce the annual income from general tax about \$60,000, and the bonds to be paid and the reduced annual amount for water are at once several thousand dollars greater than this difference between 1½ and 1 2-5 per cent tax rate; yet we should make an honest effort to reduce the tax rate and carry on the necessary departments and work on a proper basis. For in the present financial condition of the country we certainly owe it to the people to stand against waste, extravagance and unnecessary expenditure any and everywhere. Unless some extraordinary and unforeseen condition shall hereafter arise in the history of the city, we cannot forsee occasion in the future for issuing any more bonds for any purpose, and with a stendy reduction of the debt and interest charge and of the tax rate, we should have the maximum of municipal benefits and public service at the minimum of cost. While compared with other cities our tax rate is low, it should it practicable be made lower. In many cities of the country the rate is from 1½ to, 2 per cent, but that is no reason why ours should be kept at 1½ if we can with justice reduce it. For as At-

lanta, escoils hi many other respects the thousal same or in tath, would not have public work and improvement, such as extreet and such each public work and improvement, such as extreet and such each public work and improvement, such as extreet and such each public work and ability property to make them such as a such each public work and ability property to make them such as a such each public work and ability property to make them such as a such each pear, and especially should this be work and as such each pear, and especially should this work and and the such each pear, and especially should this work and the such each pear, and especially should the each pear, and especially should the proper one for the middle resund of the such each proper one for the middle resund of the such each proper one for the middle resund of the such each proper one for the middle resund of the such each proper one for the middle resund of the employment it will give our people the complex of the compl

mirable fire department can now give the freezest measure of protection. The task system of the city is of course, the basis of municipal operations, and it importance cannot be the course of the co

the sanitary grounds and resulted in the loss of the steeles, nearly the whole of the live stock, all of the harness and most of the other property kept on the grounds. The fire occurred very late on Saturday night or very early on Sunday morning and a meeting was had of the board of health, committee on sanitary affairs with the chief inspector early on Sunday morning and steps taken to prepare at once for the burial of the dead carcases so as to prevent any injury to health or comfort from their exposure on the surface, and also to procure teams by the purchase of mules, horses, wagons and harness so as to resume work on Monday. The necessity was upon the department to reorganize the department and to resume work before any hurtful accumulation of garbage in the city could take place, and win, wonderful energy the officers and employes of the department, together with the co-operation of the commissioner of public works and his department, succeeded in burying \*1' the carcasses on Sunday, the same day of the fire, and resumed work on Monday, the next day, without break or loss of time. The health record of the city has continued exempt from visitations of epidemic or contagious diseases to any appreciable extent.

The relief work of the city is now done chiefly through the city warden and charitable associations, the Grady hospital and some excellent charitable institutions to which the city makes appropriations. These together seem to meet the demands of the city and to give good results and the work of these will appear from the reports of the proper departments.

The work in the offices of the city cierk, marshal, tax collector, tax assessors, law department, engineer's office, and, indeed, all of the offices and departments, has been thorough and satisfactory; and while during the year over \$2,00,000 have been paid in and paid out, including the balance at the beginning and at the end of the year, I have absolute confidence that not one dolar of this work is formulated in committee on manufactures, statis

Continued on Sixth Page.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair

Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standa

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

He Went Before Justice Orr and Gave Himself Up After Making a Speech. The African emigrator, B. F. Gaston, sur-rendered himself yesterday and is now in jail awaiting his trial. He went before Justice Orr yesterday and told the judge that he wanted to go back to jail. His nineteen bondsmen were with him. Gaston told Justice Orr that he wanted to go back to jail in order that he might get a trial sooner than he could be remaining on bond. He said that it was his intention to carry tice to make his followers go on his bond. He said that it was hisi ntention to carry out his programme to the letter. He com-plained that it was the people of his own race that were prosecuting him and said that he had nothing against any of the

that he had nothing against any of the white folks—not even the policemen and the balliffs and the judge.

Gaston was turned over to Balliff Boyles, who carried him to the office of Sheriff Barnes. There Gaston surrendered himself again and made another talk. From the sheriff's office he went to jail. It is very probable that he will be tried this week.

WAS ON TRIAL YESTERDAY.

The Suit Against G. K. Woodward for Criminal Libel Has Been Taken Up. Another link in the Venable-Woodward

series was taken up yesterday before Judge Westmoreland in the city court. The whole affair first began with insulting words, which Police Commissioner Venawords, which Police Commissioner Venable charges that Woodward said about him.
Mr. Venable then sought out Mr. Woodward
and administered a severe horse-whipping
to him. Just before the whipping took
place, or while it was in progress, Mr.
Woodward alleges that he told Mr. Venable that he was not the authority for the
charges and that he would make any
apology Mr. Venable wanted.
Following closely upon the horse-whipping
came the trial of Police Commissioner Venable before the recorder. Mr. Woodward renewed the affair by filing a suit for damages against Mr. Venable to the amount of
\$20,000. Following upon this came a war-

ages against Mr. Venable to the amount of \$20,000. Following upon this came a warrant charging Mr. Venable with assault and battery, of which offense he was convicted, the jury giving Mr. Venable its sympathy. Mr. Venable then took up the matter from his side and charged Mr. Woodward with criminal libel. It is this case that is on trial before Judge Westmoreland. It will probably last several days.

Besides the stylish boxes used in both of our retail stores we have all the latest things in FRENCH BON-BON BASKETS AND GERMAN FAVORS. Our Candies are manufactured fresh every hour in the day, by the most expert workmen that can be found in the country. We make nothing but the very highest grade Candy and everything is sold at moderate

Orders from out of the city filled promptly.

NUNNALLY'S, 34 Whitehall Street. Marietta Street.

OVERCOATS

For Children -- For Boys -- For Men.

It is decreed—the mandate has gone forth and the masses are greatly the gainers. This last reduction is the biggest yet, and when the news spreads trade will sweep this as it has never done before. The inducements have not as yet been paralleled by any Southern retail Clothing house.

Sale starts Monday, Jan. 1st, 1894. Sale stops Saturday, Jan. 6th, 1894.

From Monday morning until Saturday night we shall slice one-third off the regular prices of Overcoats. For instance:

> \$10.00 Overcoats at \$6.67. \$12.00 Overcoats at \$8.00. \$15.00 Overooats at \$10.00. \$18.00 Overcoats at \$12.00. \$20.00 Overcoats at \$13.33. \$22.50 Overcoats at \$15.00. \$25.00 Overcoats at \$16.67.

No deception practiced. The original prices are marked on tags in plain figures. Make the calculation yourself. Every garment in the house is fresh, fashionable and perfect as to workmanship, trimming and style.

The discounts allowed or Suits last week are still current. Don't let the chance slip.

"ANUPACTURERS OF CLOTHING IN THE SOUTH DEALING DIRECT WITH CONSUMER.

No Branch House in the City.

just as our individual affairs re ention, just as our individual analysis retime and attention, and that you will deer proper service and attention. I have question. My observation of the work 1886 assured me that good work was ein this respect, and I safely count on during 1894 and do not expect to be dis-

done in this respect, and I safely count on it during 1834 and do not expect to be disappointed.

The perquisite system as compensation for any of the officers of the city has given place to the salary system, and with good results. While some costs and fees are now collected by the city, where default in payment within the prescribed time occurs, this so paid goes into the city treasury. The offices in which perquisites for aerly obtained have had as efficient work under salaries as under the former system, and I am sure will continue to have.

By recent charter amendment a number of the leading officers of the city will hereafter be elected by the people instead of by the general council, and while, under elections directly by the general council, we have generally and almost uniformly been fortunate in securing competent officers, it is safe to say that good officers will be chosen by the people, and the general council will be in a large measure free from the duty of elections.

In conclusion, I express to every member of your body, and to every officer and employe of the city, my thanks for devotion to duty, co-operation given. courtesy shown and assistance rendered. With some I have been in more frequent communication than with others. Especially is this true as to Chairman Stockdell, of the finance committee, and City Comptroller Goldsmith, and I make acknowledgements to each of them. "I have a resolution," said Mr. Broyles, "which I desire to introduce."

The paper was passed to the clerk and read. It was a vote of thanks to the mem-

The paper was passed to the clerk and ead. It was a vote of thanks to the members who were going out for the good work they had done and expressing the wishes of the members holding over that they would have a prosperous future. It was

adopted by a rising vote.

The general council of 1893 was then de-clared adjourned sine die.

As the members of the old body stepped but Mayor Goodwin rapped for order, say-

Let the members-elect come forward and The new members or the members-elect came up to the mayor's stand and circled around the clerk's desk awaiting indees, "Let the two aldermen take the book,"

Baid the mayor.

Messrs. Howell and Colvin took the Bible
and, after Mayor Goodwin had repeated
the oath of office, they bowed their heads and kissed the book.

That made them aldermen for the next

three years.
Then Messrs. Camp, M. M. Welch, Dodge,
Campbell, John Welch, Harman and Nelms the same promise. Then the eight gentie-men went to the seats marked out for them by City Hall Keeper Moon and Mayor Good-

Let the clerk call the roll of the council Mr. Woodward called the roll and the full delegation was found to be present.
"I wil now pass to the clerk," said the mayor, "the list of standing committees for the year 1884. Let him read them slow-

ly and distinctly."

Here are the committees as they were

Reports of the Standing Committees. Standing committees of the general council for 1894: Bridges-Harralson, chairman; Hirsch, Bridges—Harraison, chairman; Hirsch, Nelms. Cemetery—Dodge, chairman; Welch, of the fifth; Broyles. Contested Claims and Litigation—Nelms, chairman; Broyles, Hirsch. Electric and Other Railroads—Harman, chairman; Stephens, Colvin, Dodge, Dim-mock.

mock.
Electric Lights, Telegraph and Telephones—Stephens, chairman; Stockdell, Campbell, Martin, Harman.
Finance—Stockdell, chairman; Hirsch, Boyd, Beatle, Stephens, Howell, Peters.
Fire Department—Colvin, chairman; Harman, Welch, of the fifth.
Manufactures, Statistics, Freight Rates

and Transportation—Harraison, chairman Boyd. Stephens, Harman, Campbell. Ordinances—Howell, chairman; Dimmock Camp.
Parks—Camp, chairman; Broyles, Welch,

Parks—Camp, chairman; Broyles, Weich, of the second.
Police—Hirsch, chairman; Boyd, Colvin, Printing—Welch, of the fifth, chairman; Dodge, Martin.
Public Buildings and Grounds—Welch, of the second, chairman; Campbell, Stockdell, Relief—Dimmock, chairman; Camp, Welch, of the second; Dodge, Welch, of the fifth; Peters, Nelms.
Salaries—Martin, chairman; Stockdell, Howell tary Affairs—Campbell, chairman; Welch, of the second. ools—Beatle, chairman; Hirsch, Pe-

Sewers and Drains-Peters, chairman; Beatie, Stockdell. Streets-Broyles, chairman; Nelms, Camp, Welch. of the second; Dimmock, Martin, Peters. Peters.
Tax—Beatie, chairman; Harralson, Dimmock, Nelms, Colvin.
Waterworks—Boyd, chairman; Campbell,
Harralson.
Aldermen on Board of Fire Masters—Ste-Aldermen on Board of Fire Masters—Ste-phens. Howell. Citizens on Park Commission—Sidney Root, G. V. Gress, Dr. W. S. Armstrong, J. G. Bloodworth. Minutes—Broyles, chairman; Dodge, Mar-

tin.
"The election of a mayor pro tem. is the next thing in order," said the mayor. "Who will you have?"
Mr. Arnold Broyles was nominated by

tion.

Captain D. G. Wylie was nominated for commissioner of public works by Mr. Peters and was elected without opposition.

Mr. Clarence Moore was elected cirke to the commissioner and without opposition.

the commissioner and without opposition. Drs. Avery and McRea were re-elected members of the board of health to fill the terms made vacant by the expiration of the terms they were filling.

Mr. Albert Howell was elected member of the water commission from the seventh

the, water commission from the seventh ward.

Dr. E. L. Connally and Mr. Burgess Smith were elected members of the board of education from the seventh ward, both having been nominated by Mr. Nelms, of the seventh, who nominated Mr. Howell also.

Mr. Harper was elected city electrician.

Mayor Pro Tem. Broyles their took the chair and the work of the evening began. Every one of the new members introduced resolutions for work, each in his own ward, and if the work asked for at the meeting were done it is probable that very little else would be done during the year.

Mr. Dimmock presented a resolution requesting the finance committee in making its apportionments for the year to see if the rate of taxation could not be reduced from 150 to 140, and it was referred.

Mr. Harman handed in a resolution reciting the fact that the Grand Army of the Republic meets in Pittsburg this year and appointing a committee of three and appropriating \$100 to secure the encampment in Atlanta in '95, when the great exposition is to be held.

It was adopted.

## **Fastidious** Guests

more frequently find fault with the butter than any other article on the table. How to satisfy everybody, and always, in this particular, a problem. have the answer to it.

SILVEN CHURN **BUTTERINE**,

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made of the purest materials by a new and special process. It pleases guests on the table; it gratifies cooks in the pastry. Write for our free Booklet of Information.

Wholesale by Armour Packing Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ARMOUR PACKING CO., Kansas City, U. S. A.

All of the standing committees submitted reports of the work done during the year. The reports were transmitted to the clerk, who was ordered to file them to await the action of the printing committee, which will have them put in book form. The first report submitted was that of the bridge committee, and then the others came in the regular call.

The Bridge Committee The Bridge Committee.

The bridge committee, Mr. Hirsch chairman, submitted the annual report, which covered the work of the year. In the report the chairman showed the amount of money that had been expended on bridges during the year and the work that had been done. He referred to the completion of the Forsyth street bridge and called attention to the work which had been done towards the Alahama street bridge and asked for a comthe work which had been done towards the Alabama street bridge and asked for a completion of that work. Mr. Hirsch also putlined the bridge building apart from the Alabama street bridge which the committee should undertake this year.

The Cemetery Committee.

The Cemetery Committee.

The cemetery committee, Mr. Broyles chairman, presented a report covering the work of the year. It showed that during the year there had been 350 interments in Oakland and that that was a decrease from last year. Water hydrants have been placed all over the cemetery and that three public comfort buildings have been erected. The report showed that \$1,506 had been derived from the sale of lots in the cemetery. The Contesting Claims Committee.

The committee on claims, Mr. Meador, chairman, reported suits pending in court claiming damage aggregating \$234,606, have been disposed of during the year by trial and consent yerdicts and settlements at a cost to the city of \$8,051. There have also been brought during the year seventy-seven sults against the city for damage claimed, aggregating \$512,190. There has been realized and paid into the city treasury \$19,914.13. There have been settled various claims for damages which were not in suit \$19,914.13. There have been settled various claims for damages which were not in suit on petition to the council and these aggregated in amount to \$4,603.86. Councilman Meador, in concluding his report, commends the services of his associate, Mr. William Hill, and those of the city attorney and his assistant.

Electric and Other Railroads. The committee on electric and other rail roads, Mr. Peters chairman, sent in an an nual report showing the work done by nual report snowing the work done by the committee during the year. It referred to the change of the Metropolitan lines from steam to electricity; to the privilege granted the Atlanta Traction Company of crossing the Forsyth street bridge at a rental of \$700 a year. The report recommended a new method of paving next to the rails, and suggested that the commanles using the and suggested that the companies using the T rail be compelled to alter their paving to suit the plan.

The Finance Committee. 

Showing bal. in hands of treasurer \$254,769.40 

bonds.

Balance Forsyth street bridge.

Widening Wheat street.
Widening Edgewood ave.
Warrants outstynding.

Williams street school lot. lot. . . . . . 6,943.00 Boulevard fire engine lot. 1,070.00 Cash surplus. . . . . . 3,237.70

Your particular attention is called to the fact that the amount set aside above, for the redemption of the city bonds, are intended to pay the \$40,000 of 6 per cent bonds which fall due this day, the 1st of January, 1894, to gether with the \$1,500 past due bonds not yet presented for payment Heretofore, it has been customary to redeem these bonds by issuing new ones, but your finance committee is pleased to report that our collections in taxes have been so good that we find the city finances in such condition as to pay off the bonds falling due today, in cash, which our treasurer will do as fast as they are presented. We indulge the hope that this action may be repeated by the council of 1894, and in that way place the city of Atlanta on very high ground, financially, with the outside world. It will be an earnest of a disposition on the part of the city to gradually and continually reduce the bonded indebtedness and as that is done, of course, the city's interest account will be lessened accordingly. We believe that by a proper exercise of economy in all of the departments of the city government, and that, too, without crippling any of them, \$40,000 to \$50,000 each year.

Notwithstanding the hard times in all branches of business, and especially in mat-Your particular attention is called to the

that, too, without crippling any of them, the city can reduce the indebtedness from \$40,000 to \$50,000 each year.

Notwithstanding the hard times in all branches of business, and especially in matters financial, we are pleased to report that the collections of city taxes and other items of income have been more satisfactory and have been pad more cheertuilly by the people than ever before in the history of the city. This is very largely attributable to the fact that the officers of the city have rigidly enforced the law regarding collection of taxes. Heretofore, it has been customary for the marshal, in his discretion, to hold up tax fi. fas. to suit the convenience of some of the tax payers, and while they, as a rule, pay their money into the treasury before the end of the year, still, at the same time, it has been the cause of the city being out of the use of several hundred thousand dollars for two or three months' time. As purely a business matter, we submit that the present plan of enforcing the law firmly, and yet giving every taxpayer the full limit of time within which to pay his taxes, is the only proper course to pursue. In this way every one is put upon the same footing and there cannot possibly be favoritism shown to any class.

In the early part of the year we were compelled to borrow the amount of \$150,000 authorized by the charter, but on account of the uncertainty of the money market, our loans were made to fall due pretty much altogether during the summer months. It so happened that this was the very worst time of all others, but by the promptness of our people in paying their taxes, thus taking advantage of the discounts allowed from time to time, we were enabled to meet every obligation as it fell due, and in more than one instance we did so at the surprise as well as the admiration of financial circles.

During the year we have paid off and destroyed bond coupons to the amount of \$161,662.50 and have paid off and destroyed bonds to the amount of \$45,500. These bonds and coupons were examined

The Police Committee. The Police Committee.

The annual report of the police committee, Mr. Hill chairman, made reference to the annual report of the chief of police for details of the work of the department for the year. The report recommended an increase in the appropriation for the year '94. Referring to the liquor traffic the report recited the fact that the committee had made an adverse report upon the petition of the liquor dealers for an extension of hours and asserted that the best solution of the entire question would be a change whereby more beer saloons and fewer liquor saloons could be established.

The Sewer Committee.

The Sewer Committee. The annual report of the sewer commit-tee, Mr. Peters chairman, showed that \$67,201.02 had been expended on sewers in '93, \$42,255.64 going to trunk sewers and '93, \$42,255.64 going to trunk sewers and year 1.13 miles of trunk sewers. During the year 1.-3 miles of trunk sewers were built and 3.88 miles of pipe sewers, making a total for the year of 5.01 miles. This added to the 49.49 miles of sewers previously constructed, gives Atlanta, by the report, 54.50 miles of sewer. The report urged that the appropriation for trunk sewers for '94 be made as large as possible. It called for the immediate building of lateral or pipe sewers on such streets as are to have water mains.

The committee on electric lights, telegraph and telephones, Mr. Stephens chairman, showed the appropriation for the year '38 to be \$62,000, and the expenditures to be \$61,657.35, leaving a balance of \$342.65. The report recommended the abolition of the incandescent lights for street use and referred to the annual report of the city electrician, Mr. Harper.

The relief committee, Mr. Dimmock, chairman, sent in his annual report covering the charitable work of the city for '25. It showed that 389 persons had been buried my the city at a cost of \$1,89.50; that \$1,575.47 had been spent for transporting destitute people;

various homes were rec good they have done.

Street Committee. Street Committee.

The annual report of the street committee, Mr. Reneau chairman, showed that 6.30 miles of beigian blocks had been laid during the year at a cost of \$227,646.63; previously laid, 49.89 miles, making a total of 56.19 miles. Twenty-six miles of sidewalks have been laid during the year at a cost of 388,672.48, giving Atlanta 172.29 miles of sidewalk. The committee recommended a larger appropriation to streets for '94 than in '33.

walk. The committee recommender appropriation to streets for '94 than in '25.

The Committee on Schools

Mr. Beatie, chairman of the committee on public schools, reported. The total appropriation for public schools was \$170,500; 6f this amount, \$30,514.50 was paid out for the purchase of two lots, one on Formwalt street and the other on Williams street, and for the erection of two schoolhouses of the capacity of six grades each, the balance of the appropriation, vix: \$139,35.53 was paid out for salaries and other necessaries incident to the school. There are at present is teachers and il.240 pupils enrolled, while the seating capacity of all the schools is \$207. The attendance upon all the exercises has been good and the work done very satisfactory.

very satisfactory.

There is a great need for a suitable building for the Boy's High school. That department of our educational system has never had a settled home, but has occupied rented quarters from the beginning and often. very unsuitable and uncomfortable ones. Your committee hopes that the council of 1894 will make such an appropriation as will enable the beard of education to pro-cure a suitable lot and commence the erec-tion of such a building as the necessities of

The Fire Department Committee. The Fire Department Committee.

The fire department committee, Mr. Colvin, chairman, was brief in its paper. It showed that \$81,900 had been given the department during the year and that it had all been consumed and was not enough. The report urged the council to make the appropriation to the department greater this year, and made reference to the full, complete and magnificent report of Capitain W. R. Joyner, chief of the department. Manufactures and Statistics.

The committees on manufactures, statistics, freight rates and transportation, Mr. Harralson, chairman, was brief in what it sent to the clerk's desk. The paper simply said there was nothing to report because nothing had been done during the year, except that which had resulted in good to the people of Ataluta.

The Markets Committee. When the committee on markets was called for, Mr. Dimmock, chairman, arose say-"Your Honor, that committee has been

killed by an ordinance passed at the last meeting of the council and as I do not associate with dead things, I have failed to The Ordinance Committee.

The ordinance committee. Mr. Hui, crairman, submitted no annual report, declaring that the work of the committee stood for itself on the record books, which show the ordinances he has drafted during the The Committee on Parks.

The committee on parks. Mr. Broy.cs, chairman, simply referred to the annual report of the park commission fo the work done in that department during the year. Public Buildings and Grounds Com-mittee.

The committee on public buildings and grounds, Mr. Stockdell, chairman, in its annual report depfored the fact that Atlanta had no buildings except the police station, the stockade farm and the engine house to entrust to the committee. All of these, the report said, were of the best character, and were a credit to any city. The report, however, deplored the fact this Atlanta did not have a city hall and sug-gested that the committee next formed by the mayor should at least lay the ground work for a city hall.

The Salary Committee. The committee on salaries, Mr. Northen, chairman, declared very brifly that the salaries which had been adopted recommended the worth of the committee.

The Sanitary Committee. Mr. Shropshire paid a high tribute to the sanitary department, declaring that it was one of the best and most efficient in the service of the city. He referred to the work of the board of health in connection with the sanitary department and to the work of Chief Inspector Veal. The report told of the great progress which had been made in the department during the year and for figures as to the receipts of the department and the expenditure referred to the report of the board of health and to the report of the chief inspector.

The Tax Committee. The annual report of the tax committee, Mr. Rice chairman, was one of the most complete papers that ever went to the city council. It showed a complete history

of Atlanta financially for 1893. The Waterworks Committee. The waterworks committee, Mr. Boyd chairman, referred in the report to the report of the water commission.

The Printing Committee. Mr. Martin, chairman of the printing committee, showed the work of that depart-ment fully for 1893.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF OFFICERS. The reports of the various officers were handed in and were given the same direction as the reports of the standing committees.

Secretary of the Water Board. This report gives a detail statement of the cost of the new waterworks and concludes:
"In addition to the appropriation for the construction of the new waterworks, \$725,000, the sums yet to be paid, running through the years 1894 and 1895, amount in the aggregate to \$103,107.33, making a total cost of the new waterworks of \$823,107.33."

City Marshal's Report.

The report of City Marshal McCandless shows a total collection for the past six months of \$326,743.31.

The report says: "I

The report says: "I sold at marshal's sale in December, 433 pieces of property for general tax, which was bought in by the general tax, which was bought in by the tax committee, the amount of tax for which these sales were made was \$25.680.52; amount of cost \$4,212.12; total amount of deeds, \$30,-892.64. The fi fas. for the delinquent street tax have not yet been issued: they will reach my office on January 10th. consequently no report can be made on that."

Mr. James W. Loyd, who was marshal during the first six months of the year, handed in a report covering the months of January, February, March, April, May. January, February, March, April, May, June and a part of July. It showed the total receipts from all sources to be \$33,-670.64.

City Tax Collector.

James R. Collins, city tax collector, submitted his annual report, showing the total collections for 1882, by him to be \$755\;524.68.

Of this amount \$140.382.58 was collected in July, \$189.075.08 in August, \$219.515.08 in September. \$59,623.87 in October, \$2.561.32 in November and \$134.376.85 in December. With Mr. Collins's report was one covering the work during the first six months of the year by Mr. Maddox, who was then fax collector, it showed the collections to have been during that period \$809.487.05. Of that amount \$62.677.16 was paid in during January, \$18,732.20 in February, \$250,364.78 in March, \$162.832.32 in April, \$161.041.23 in May, \$156.915.83 in June, \$5,322.58 in July. The money came into the office from all sources and was one of the most complete papers the council has seen in a long time. City Tax Collector.

City Clerk.

The report of Mr. A. P. Woodward, city clerk, after showing the amount of money which had passed through his hands during the year, said:

"The statement shows the volume of work done in the city clerk's office during the past year, so far as relates to revenue. The work of keeping up the records, filing, docketing and issuing process and papers, and writing up the minutes of the council, filing and indexing records and papers passed by the council and other matters necessary to a well regulated office has been as well and faithfully done as possible with the assistance allowed by the council. The tax committee, composed of Messras. F. P. Rice, A. J. Shropshire, P. H. Harralson and W. R. Dimmock, has done good service in the interest of the city during the past year.

aving attended most of the meetings also committee. I can testify to the cand consideration given to all matters whiere referred to them by the council, E ybody was treated alike and no favown, the city's interest being their fin usideration. The tax ordinance, compile der the supervision of this meeting at the compile of the supervision of this meeting.

The City Engineer. 49.89 miles of streets paved at cost
of. \$227,646.63
49.89 miles of streets previously
paved at cost of. \$1,455,260.56
56.19 miles of streets paved in
city at cost of. \$1,455,260.56
Also four colored maps showing location
of paved streets, sewers, sidewalks and
water mains.

The annual report of City Attorney Anderson and his assistant, Mr. Colville, presented the litigation of Atlanta. It was:

Suits pending in court claiming damages, aggregating \$23,606, have been disposed of by verdict and settlement at a cost to the city for \$3,031. This does not include the penalty suit of \$500,000 by Robert L. Rodgers against the city, which terminated in favor of the city. There have also been Lrought during the present year against the city seventy-seven suits, aggregating \$512,190. Forty-two of these are for changes of grade, drainage, etc., and aggregate \$390,000. This includes the suits brought for damages on account of the building of the Forsyth street bridge and suits for large amounts for injury to real estate adjoining the city dumping grounds; lwenty-nine suits for personal injuries, injuries to health, homicide, etc., aggregating \$163,775. The city attorneys have collected for the city \$19,914.12—\$10,500 from the Gas Light Company as taxes for oast years, \$5,599.40 from insurance companies on loss at sanitary stables, and the balance on property in the hands of receivers.

City Electrician. The report of City Electrician T. J. Harper is a very complete one, and shows in detail the work accomplished in his depart-The report shows that during the year there have been put in forty-eight are and have been taken out forty see as I also.

There is attached to the report a complete review of every electrical establishment in the city, which contains valuable information regarding the telephone telement in the city, which contains valuable information regarding the telephone, telegraph and street railway systems.

Mr. Harper's report shows that he worked very hard during the past year, har saved money for the city and has done a great deal to give Atlanta a perfect system of street lighting, although he says a great deal remains to be done.

The City Comptroller. The city comptroller, Mr. J. H. Goldsmith, submitted the following, which is an epitomized statement of the finances of his department Comptroller's balance. . . . . . . . . . . . 3 25,342 96 Total receipts 1893. . . . . . . . . 1,947,790 88

Comptroller's balance.. .. .. .. .. 253,218 15 Report of the Water Board?

As to the expenditure, the amount of actual outlay expended for the erection of the new waterworks for the year of 1892 was the sum of \$507,153,31. The outlay during the present year of 1893 has been \$417,-856.69. The sums remaining yet to be paid running through the years 1894 and 1895 amount in the aggregate to \$103,107,35, maxing the total cost of the new waterworks, when complete, \$828,107,33. Sixty 15,0-18 and dollars of the amount consider in the cost of purchasing a fourth engine, not contemplated, and not included in the original estimate when the city en ered upon the Report of the Water Board? templated, and not included in the original estimate when the city en ered upon the waterworks three years ago, but the purchase of which was found not only desirable, but essential for the completion of the plant and by supplying duplicate rules and by supplying duplicate rules are years focusing the city against loss or accident, such as we would have been liable to, if we had depend-ed upon the one engine alone at the pump-ing station. Against the beforenamed total ing station. Against the beforenamed total of cash outlay the waterworks department is entitled to a credit consisting of the value of the old waterworks land and site, and the old waterworks engines. You have lately had a valuation and assessment placed upon this property and it is rated at \$250,000. In addition to this we have other left which are available for sale, estimated at \$12,000. Taking they figures as the stand at the present time, and deducting \$262,000 from \$283,107.33, leaves \$566,107.33 as the actual net cost of the new waterworks. No city has ever made a better move or reaped better results than Atlanta in this great work. The supply of water is abundant and of the very best quality. It is a great and triumphant success.

mphant success. triumphant success.

The report also urges the laying of additional mains. Continuing, it says the total length of water mains now in the city amounts to 56 miles and 28.97 feet. Thirty-eight new hydrants have been erected dur-

Ing the year..

It will take \$100,000 to accomplish what improvements we intend to put in. Iron is low in price and we ask you to take this



#### KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrnp of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidueys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not except any substitute if offered.

matter into faverable consideration at once.

The public expects us to make a reduction in the rate, and our board has adopted a sliding scale for the new rates which has already been sent in.

The income of the department for 1833 was \$81,822.71. The reduction of rates may be expected to make a considerable loss in revenue. It is hoped that this loss will be less than \$20,000. But we hope that with the improved service and improved quality of water we will have a lerge increase in users and that the revenue will rapidly increase. The Park Commission.

The Park Commission.

The annual report of the park commission fixed the value of the L. P. Grant jerk at \$1,000,000. The report discussed the beauties of the park and described how fitch improvement was apparent since the first of last year. The Gress Zoo was spoken of and the only loss shown was the death of a valuable camel. The cyclorama of the battle tie of Atlanta will soon be locted. The report says, on the west side of the jark. Loyd place, at Loyd and Pulliam streets, described as being very attractive. The commission asks for \$1,000 to implove Spring Dale park in Inman Park, An appropriation of \$10,000 was asked for '94 for the Dark. The report showed \$750 towards the L. P. Grant monument fund. The expenditures for the year were \$7,500 and the receipts \$750. THE GREAT POULTRY SHOW.

The Local Members of the Committee

Promise a Splendid Exhibition.

The preparations now being made at the Gate City Guard armory for the poultry show, which begins January 9th and lasts the entire week, show that the fanciers in Atlanta are working and are alive to the importance of making the show a success.

Most of the citizens of Atlanta—and there are a surprisingly large number who take a special interest in birds—are on the line of the "fancy," and not so many are in it as practical poultrymen and for the money that is in it as a business. But as so, a sthey are taught the practical side of this industry, as the people of the north, east and west understand it, the people of Georgia will see the real money there is in it as a business, and they will go into it.

A poultry show is very different from sed on the shown of account of the vast extent to which the poultry and eggs and broiler industry has reached in this country, the poultry shows are visited by the most practical men who are affer making money, as well as those who take an interest in the birds themselves. In the north and east the broiler business and the poultry and eggs business engage as large, if not a larger, part of the serious business attention of the bread-winners, as does truck farming.

All poultry shows can but be helpful and

from of the breatt-winters,

All poultry shows can but be helpful and
the one to be held in Atlanta January 9th
bids fair to be great on the line of the
"fancy" exhibite for the association already has a great many entries from the
largest breeders in this country of prizewinners at the world's fair.

I am glad to notice the work of the At-MARIE TEMPEST IN THE ALGERIAN

Atlanta was introduced to Marie Tempest yesterday. It was a dainty, delightful New Year treat and right heartily was it enjoyed by the large audiences at the matinee and night. Mass Tempest is indeed dainty, exquisite—the very personification of the Dresden china, I rima donna idea which the newspapers have thrown around her. Piquante, pretty ind possessed of a deliciously clear, pure voice, she certainly has reason for her reign as a queen of light opera. Of "The Algerian" there will be differences of opinion, Coming on the heels of "Robin Hood," by the same talented author, if is disappointing. The beautiful thor, it is disappointing. The beautiful catch-ballad music of his earlier opera is ent rely wanting in Mr. DeKoven's latest effort; and while from the standpoint of a omposer true to his art, it may have been the correct thing to be true to the oriental in an opera whose scenes are laid in the east, the result is not at all satisfactory to east, the result is not at all satisfactory to the plain, ordinary lover of light opera. Taken by itself, Mr. DeKgven's orchestration is superb. It may be that it is too good for light opera, or it may be that we ought to listen to the music with our eyes shut and feel satisfied; but people who go to see as well as to hear cannot quite let the cloak of high art in orchestration cover the lack of pretty single aumbers or the entire absence of everything catchy.

cover the lack of pretty single numbers or the entire absence of everything catchy. Then, too, there is a weakness in the comedy element—but, of course, Mr. DeKoven is not resonsible for that. The libreto is clever, the story is sufficiently incerexing to retain the attention, but the lines given the individuals who fill the nomedy relessare not funny. Hen Lodge has one creates—that scene where he recognises the skin of his dead Rohand—and he dees it exquisitely. It is really the hit of the opera. The numbers which pleased most were the opening quartet of the four beauties of the alleged harem. Miss Tempest's solo in the first act, Miss Thropp's rose song in the second act, Mr. Steger's solo "Beautiful Baya," and a trio sung by Celeste, Paul and Tartarin.

The opera is excellently produced. The company is quite a large one and the seenic features and costuming are really sung by Celeste, Paul and Tartarin.

The opera is excellently produced. The company is quite a large one and the scenic features and costuming are really gorgeous. The Algerian surroundings are beautifully represented and some of the stage pictures, with the girls in their eastern garb, the deep blue sky of the orient in the distance are very pretty, indeed. Of Miss Tempest there is little to say in addition to what has oeen said, except that we don't see enough of her musically or physically. Turkish trowsers are frauds under all c-reumstances, particularly when they hive from view so exquisite a figure as was shown in "The Fenzung Master." Miss Thropp, the Suzette, is bright and vivacious and sang her solo excellently. Miss Bayliss was the pretty pearl of the faithful. Mr. Herbert as Prince Grekory, was full up to the requirements of his rele, but that didn't give him the opportunity to be funny; especially so in the scene I have referred to. Maffin's act as Tartarin's attendant was a clever bit of business, and if there had been more "go" to the fun the opera would have been better appreciated. Frank David's name is on the bills as Tartarin, but somebody else was in the part. He, too, did well, but was restricted by the limitations of his role. One of the best voices in the company is that of Harry Scarborough.

The People are, in a word, excellent.

ough.

The people are, in a word, excellent. The production is splendidly made. I did not, however, like the opera—ant in, it was unsatisfactory in the respects I have pointed out. Still many people liked it better than I did, and so may you who haven't seen it. If you go tonight. The engagement concludes with tonight's performance. SOMEWHAT PERSONAL.

Mr. Harry Hodgson, a well known young newspaper man of Athens, was at the Kim-

Hon. W. R. Rankin, of Gordon county, is at the Markham. Colonel Rankin is being named as a possibility for the judgeship of the Cherokee circuit. the Cherokee circuit. Colonel Tom Lyon, of Colorado, is in the

Senator J. D. McLeod, of Lumber City, who faithfully represented his senatorical district, is at the Kimicall meeting his Atlanta friends.

Mr. B. W. Berry, a prominent citizen of Newman, is at the Kimball.

Congressman L. F. Livingston is at the Markham.

Judge John Madday, representative of

Markham.
Judge John Maddox, representative of
the seventh district, is at the Kimball.
Captain J. M. Storey, a prominent merchant of Greenesboro, is at the Kimball.
Colonel Sam Hawkins, a leading lawyer
of Americus, is at the Kimball.
Hon. H. P. Persons, of Taibotton, one of
the able lawyers and legislators of the last
state senate, whose name is being mentioned for congress in the fourth district, is at
the Kimball.
Senator T. A. Robinson, of Tailulah Falls.

the Kimball.

Senator T. A. Robinson, of Tallulah Falls, who so faithfully represented the forty-first senatorial district, is in the city.

Captain L. Y. Dean, of Eufaula, Ala., is at the Kimball house for a few days.

Dr. T. S. Powell is again out after an illness of three weeks.

A DESERVED PROMOTION.—Mr. W. J. Kendrick, one of the best known and most popular young men of the city, received a handsome and deserved New Year's gift yesterday. For some time pust Captain Kendrick has been manager of the local department of the Oreenwich Fira Insurance Company, and has done some magnificent work for his company. So good was his work for his company saw proper to send the captain at appointment as resident agent. The promotion will give the many friends of the aptain pleasure, for there is no young man in the city who has more friends than Captain Kendrick.

ANOTHER FORWARD STEEP The Green and population of the captain Residents.

ANOTHER FORWARD STEP.—The firm of Langston & Woodson announce the admission into their business of Mr. Porte Langston. This alds a man of energy antrue Atlanta grit to the firm, who will help to maintain for it the high character

Mrs. Joseph Thompson Entertain of Her Friends.

MERRY TIME AT BROOK

The Lovely Country Home Be Decorated-The Old Virginia Re Invites the Dancers.

The New Year party given by M seph Thompson, from 2 to 5 o'cloc terday afternoon, was an affair uni-the annals of holiday entertainment open fireplace and its air of cozy a gant luxury, was just the place fu an entertainment, and the gatherin typical of all that is graceful and cha

in southern society.

All the rooms and the warm cordia way had their sharms tenfold end by their holiday decorations of mistlet holly, which was arranged in qui most graceful and lovely fashion in the society were used in the ble. No colors were used in the tions save red and green, and these hues found a charming background the soft walls and rich hangings wa the soft walls and rich hangings wall fin de siecle woman chooses for he roundings. Entering the lavely ear hallway where the big log fire cawarm luxurious light upon tiger skin Turkish rugs, the eye of an artist in the delight of beauty before him, we of holly adorned the landing, and the bright spring made a circle of commercial about many coquettish emerald about many coquettish shades. Garlands of holly were grac looped from the arch of the reception against whose walls of tender blue approximations. soft scarlet bows twined about the liberty silk. The white curtains wer adorned with great red bows, and little Dresden lamps with crimson were placed about the room and be the posts of the symmetrical archwa It was in the dining room, however spacious apartment so lofty and di

In conception, so harmonious in appendix that the artistic decorator for realization to his most beautiful Macross the ceiling from the four exwere hung two garlands holly, these, crossing each in the center through a holly and evergreen wreath suspended the ceiling. Below this wreath was hig bunch of mistletoe, tied with red bons. Wreaths of holly and mistletoe tied with red bowknots and pinned to curtains and the decorations of the manufacture. in conception, so harmonious in curtains and the decorations of the a begun in a garland at the ceiling, looped in most graceful and beautiful ion on either side. The buffet let in wall was adorned with the garlands in the same fashion. The effect of a coral and bright green, the many so with their red shades, the great, roars fire and the superb silver punch wreathed about with red roses mad room one in which a Roman emperor wreathed about with red roses ma room one in which a Roman emperor have reveled. Nothing in modern tin been richer, more splendid and uniqu this apartment, and in keeping w charm were the reffeshments serves the buffet and the large table in one The latter was laden with an old-time iday feast and decked with fruits and

iday feast and decked with fruits and and gay papers containing bonbons sentimental verses.

Everything edible connected in the of man with yule tide was served is joiliest, most informal fashion, a great key, a roast pig gayly adorned with red bon and with the time-honored apple is mouth, delicious, spiced hams, and for sert syllabub, ambrosia, mince pigs plum pudding.

sert syllabub, ambrosia, mince pissiplum pudding.

I am sure the hostess will pardon this reference to fler menu on account of uniqueness, and when the company had taken of this feast of ye olden time one and all declared it to be even be than those elaborate and beautiful diswhich the same hostess is noted for, especially enjoy such bountiful and dious fare and never did their appetites quite so keen as yesterday afternoon, hostess was a radiant figure among company. She wore a rich tolle company. She wore a rich toll black slik brocade with collar of rich Flemish lace and a hi collar of fucasia velvet laid in soft; Dancing was begun early in the noen with an old-time liddle and the

tune of an old-time fiddle and the rouse enjoyed this pastime during tire evening.

It was indeed a jolly merry-fraught with old-time fun, touche the graces of luxurious, modern hoccasion long to be remembered an ished as one full of happiness ancheer.

Mrs. Sam M. Innan gave an eleg brilliant dinner last evening to a of friends. The table decorations pink, pink candles, with rose-co-shades, being used in the silver co-bra, while the centerpiece was a chara-arrangement of maluenhair ferns and France roses.

At each plate American Beauties placed and the favors were handsoms in place.

The menu served to the bright and gental company was delicious, dainty ciaborate. Those present were: All mrs. Imman, Miss Josephine Imman, McPheeters, Miss Leftwich, Miss is on Miss Emily English, Miss Rebie Love Miss Bertie Crew, Mr. Thomas B. F. Mr. Robert Maddox, Mr. Quintard P. Mr. Walter Inman and Mr. Peter Grant Level and

I am glad to notice the work of the lanta Scnool of Art in opening to the ple of this city and outsiders the optumity only to be had in the larger of for acquiring a thorough knowledge drawing in ail branches. Besides the rollar classes held during the day, instriction will be given on two evenings of week, Tuesday and Thursday, from 50 clock. This class is designated as the lar a month night class, and remains out the numerous institutes scatter throughout the land, aithough not on quisich an economical basis, yet is essential the same in every other particular. Tadvantages gained can be attested by sor of the brightest men who in their early creers began in these classes to acquire the thorough system of tuition the same in the them to great and distinction in their profession.

Why should not some of the bright at alented people of the cities of this staffollow their footsteps? Now is the ment of their lives for them to decide. It is a supplemental and distinction and mechanical drawings, builing construction, modern processes of flustration and drawing from objects.

## Fresh Air and Exercise

possible of both, if in need of flesh and nerve



force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

#### Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh

and strength quicker than any other preparation known to sci-

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods VAID. Propared by Boots & Bourso, R. Y. All dragging

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Mr. Walter to the Not in ye

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here and rest fairs.

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AT BROOK Home Be d Virginia Re

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## ALL TALKING OF IT.

Atlanta's Proposed Exposition is Attract ing Attention Everywhere.

IT WILL MAKE WORK PLENTIFUL

Mr. Walter Brown Offers a Suggestion a to the Site-Opinions of Men from all Sections of the Country.

The exposition is the talk. Not in years have the people generally, the people of Atlanta and the territory immediately tributary to the city, shown so deep an interest in any enterprise. On all sides you hear the exposition taiked of. There is no exaggeration in this, but it is a fact that the people of Atlanta cre going into this new enterprise with all the old-

time vim and energy and enthusiasm. "I tell you what I have dee," said one of the most prominent men of Atlanta to Judge Howard Palmer yesterday. "Imme diately after that meeting at the Chamber of Commerce I marked up values on all the property I possess. I knew what that meet-ing meant. An exposition with the backwhich this one will have will almost double the value of the property in the city of Atlanta, and I feel a great deal richer than I did before that preliminary step was taken. I expect to subscribe lib erally to the exposition fund and if everybody who receives direct benefit from it will do the same thing, there will be abso lutely no delay in raising what money may

"That man," said Judge Palmer in telling of the incident, "was one of the most conservative men in the city. I have heard the same sentiment expressed among business men generally. All I have talked with agree that the exposition will be of very great value to Atlanta in its immediate effect, as well, of course, as the indirect benefit which we are bound to receive from bringing those countries south of us in direct communication with this city and in the thousand and one other ways in which an exposition benefits a city.
"It is natural that every man should cor

sider the immediate effect of any big affair upon his own business interests. There is nothing in the exposition to warrant its being held off, if there were no indirect benefits to accrue, even if the cost were three or four times as great as it will be. With the nucleus we have here the direct cost will not be great, but the direct benefit will be felt by everybody in the city."

Mr. Walter Brown made an interesting suggestion yesterday. It was that the old waterworks property be turned over by the city to the exposition for exposition pur-poses. His argument is that that property would furnish a beautiful lake of fresh water with beautiful scenery, that there are two large engines ready to be put into motion to run machinery and to be used in case of fire and every other way in which they may be necessary. The property there cov-ers 300 acres of land with the lake of about sixty acres. Mr. Brown in arguing for his proposition says that the land, the lake and the engines ready for work will give Atlanta an opportunity to start the exposition by subscribing to it what will be equal to about one-quarter of a million of dollars. With railroads nearly circling the city, the tract can be reached by short spurs by the East Tennessed, the Atlanta and Florida, the Central and ithe Atlanta and West Point, and with the street car lines almost reach.

the Central and the Atlanta and West Point, and with the street car lines almost reaching it, he thinks that the site is a most desirable one.

It seems to be the general opinion, however, that the Piedmont exposition grounds furnish more complete facilities than any other point around the city, and while the subject of location is, of course, one for after consideration, it seems as if it would be hard to find a better place, taking everyhard to find a better place, taking every thing into consideration. Railroad facili-ties and street car facilities are already there. Magnificent buildings form a nucleus around which others might be built and in every respect it would seem best to util-ize what we have, saving a good deal of money thereby.

But, as stated, that is something for con-

sideration after the permanent organization is perfected. Of course, it is interesting to discuss all possible plans and it may be that Mr. Brown's will prove more acceptaothers which may be may

certainly does not hurt to discuss all these phases, however, and the discussion only tends to show how general is the interest, It is a noticeable fact that the workingmen of this city are taking a very great in terest in this exposition proposition. They see in it great things for the working people of all classes and they are unquestionably right. Nothing which could have been proposed could have been so thoroughly in the interest of the laboring people as is this exposition. It will give thousands of people work and will be of great benefit to people work and will be of great beneat to them, because it will brighten up things here and result in a better condition of af-

The fame of Atlanta's determination to hold an exposition is traveling fast. Mr. J. G. Watson, of Boston, whose business brings him south very frequently, said at the Aragon last night: "I see that Atlanta is taking hold of an expecition which, I am is taking hold of an experition which, I am sure, she will carry through to success. I have been here two days, and though one was a legal holiday and the other Sunday, I have seen a good many people and all I have tasked with seem to have exposition on the brain. They are all for it and with such unanimity I am certain any people could make an enterprise of that kind a success. But I am told that is the way with you Atlanta folks. We made a good deal of fun in the east year before last grout the fact that every man from Chicago seemed to be a walking advertisement of sout the fact that every man from Chicago seemed to be a walking advertisement of the proposed world's fair, but it was that Chicago spirit more than anything else which made a success of the biggest thing of this kind the world nas ever known. They call your town the Chicago of the south. Well, people have reached a stage where they have ceased to make fun of the original Chicago or of Chicago talk. They found that there was something in it. I don't know that you have any jealous neighbors, but if you have any such and if they should show a tendency to laugh at your undertaking, you can just point to success which met the efforts of the Chicagoans and say: We are going to do like-

ragoans and say: We are going to do likewise. I admire your spirit in undertaking this thing right now when everything locks so blue from a business standpoint, but I believe things are going to improve and I think you will have no trouble in making a success of this undertaking." A New York man, who was interested in the export and import trade, Mr. J. M. Pattem, overheard the latter part of this talk, and sald: "You are exactly right in all you say, but I-view the question from another standpoint and yet one which argues strongly on the advisability of holding this exposition. It is this We have said absolute. standpoint and yet one which argues strongly on the advisability of holding this exposition. It is this: We have paid absolutely no attention to the commerce of Certral
America, Mexico, South America and the
islands south of us. It is high time we
were going in for that trade. There is no
possible reason why we should not have it,
all of it. There is every reason why we
should have, and I am frank to say, I
see none why it should not come through
these southern ports. The trade is here
right at our doors. Having my head
quarters in New York I naturally consider
it from a standpoint of a New Yorker, and
yet I come south very frequently; have
some interests down here, and cannot help
seeing the possibilities which not only these
southern ports but all these southern countries have in this trade with Central and
South America and Mexico. That map,
which The Constitution published Sunday,
was a most striking one. It brought more
vividly to me than anything ever has before
all that is meant by the expressions of possible commercial relationship between these
southern states and the southern countries. I believe the new tariff policy will have a tendency to build up commerce between these countries and our own and an exposition held at the time you propose will, it seems to me, do a great deal toward attracting the attention of the country to the possibilities that I have mentioned and will result in direct commercial arrangements, which will greatly benefit all this country."

A gentleman from Chicago, who has been

A gentleman from Chicago, who has been in the city several days, said: "I am amazed at the universal and unanimous enthusiasm which I find wherever this ex position scheme is talked of. When we started out to get the world's fair there was any number of Doubting Thomases, whose special mission, it seemed to be, was to throw cold water on the proposition. It is entirely different down here. Every-body is for it. With that sentiment back of it, with the nucleus in the shape of quite fine site, I understand, in grounds and buildings, which can be utilized, I see no reason why you should not feel confident of the greatest success. I tell you that that subtropical idea catches me. I am a business man and I studied the exposition as a business man who had the time naturally would. In other words I went through it very thoroughly. I was especially inter-ested in the exhibits from Mexico and the countries to our south. It has always seemed to me that we know too little about those countries and we certainly know too little in a business way. Well, you would be surprised if you have never studied it, to find what marvelous and interesting exhibits they can get up. I am sure the sub-tropical feature will be a great drawing card for your exposition. We people in the north, and I might say especially those who have not come south, very often feel a very great interest in our southern states. I don't mean that those of us who do come south don't feel that interest but what I mean is that to the average northerner the south is a sort of a romance, a seri of a sealed book. Now there is no trouble about the people coming down here to such an exposition you are going to give. I believe you can count on a very large attendance from all parts of the country. That will guarantee the success of your exposition on a financial standpoint and that, it seems to me, is really the feature for the people of Atlanta, for that is where they especially come in. You will find that every interest in your city is increased in value by this exposition. Of course your show is not going to be a world's fair, but I believe from what I have seen that it will be almost as big a thing for Atlanta as the world's fair was for Chicago, and that will mean that everybody benefited by such an exposition."

Everybody who comes into the city seems to be studying the exposition-an exposition possibility. Mr. J. G. Drake, of Cleveland, O., came down on the East Tennessee yesterday. "You know," said he, "from the time I struck the Cincinnati Southern coming south I heard but two topics. One was the Corbett-Mitchell fight and the other was Atlanta's big scheme. Of course some people did now and then express an opinion on the Hawaiian question and on other topics of national politics, but really the peo-ple especially talked about this exposition which you people say you are going to have. As near as I could catch the drift of opinion it was conceded that while it was some-thing of an undertaking, Atlanta was equal to it and could be counted on to carry it through to success. Everybody seemed to think, especially the southern people, that all Atlanta had to do was to say the word and that success was sure, I hope that is the case, for anybody who outlines an enterprise of this kind deserves success.

A Suggestion About the Buildings. Atlanta, Ga., January 1, 1894.—Hon, Clark Howell, Dear Sir: Like every citizen who attended the meeting at the Chamber of Commerce last Thursday I was delighted with the prospect of seeing Atlanta shake herself and get together again, and was particularly pleased with the enthusiasm

particularly pleased with the enthusiasm you aroused upon the subject.

One of the earliest matters to be arranged should be the design and construction of the buildings. The times will not permit these structures to be plain, rough sheds. The buildings should be an architectural exhibit as much as any product. With well shaned and carefully designed buildings. planned and carefully designed buildings the exhibitor is encouraged to give more attention to the artistic display of his pro-duct. There are two ways-to accomplish perfect results in the buildings—that is harmonious designs. One is to employ the services of one architect to design all of the buildings. The other is the system found to be so advantageous by the world's fair committee, viz.: An architect of skill and ability was appointed as chief of construction. He then nominated a number of architects, ten, I believe, as an architectural commission, himself being the chairman of this commission. These were approved by the committee. The architects met, discussed the problem before them, the buildings were given out, one to each architect. After preparing rough sketches they again met to compare and criticise rethey again met to compare and criticise results. The plans were then perfected and submitted to the board of directors for approval. Being approved the chief of construction was ordered to execute the work. This latter plan I think the better one. First, there is one responsible head to the building department, thus preventing friction and ensuring economical work. Second a number of architects avecaging the tion and ensuring economical work. Second, a number of architects preparing the designs, thus securing a pleasing variety and at the same time perfect harmony. By selecting four or five architects of known ability from different sections of the south the local feature would be eliminated and the exposition at the very start would become southern.

Again the expense of preparing these drawings in a number of offices would be less than if done in one office and the cost to the exposition company could be reduced to a minimum, besides the friendly rivalry secure the best results for the least

money.

Knowing the great interest you take in the preposed exposition I have written you this note simply to call your attention to the buildings, and to suggest a system that will insure good designs together with economi-eal construction. Very truly yours, THOMAS H. MORGAN.

FIRE AT DUBLIN.

A Fine Two-Story Brick Block Is Lost with Considerable Stock. Dublin, Ga., January 1 .- (Special.)-The wo-story brick block, belonging to Whitehead & Watkins, comprising four brick stores downstairs, and offices and a public hall upstairs, was burned to the ground last night. The alarm was given about 10 o'clock and in two hours the block was in ruins. Tarpley & Kellam's drug store was a total loss, but they had \$2,800 on \$4,000 of stock. E. J. Tarpley's millinery stock was a total loss. G. W. Bishop and G. W. Mada total loss. G. W. Bishop and G. W. Maddox saved the larger part of their goods. Upstairs W. F. G. Corker, Ira S. Chappell, J. P. Walker and Judge Mercer Haynes, lost their office furniture and law libraries. A. T. Summerlin, dentist, and A. L. Wade, lawyer, saved almost all their office fixtures and books. Dr. Charles Hicks lost everything, including \$800 in money. His total loss amounts to about \$1,400. The block cost about \$13,000.

total loss amounts to about \$1,300. The block cost about \$13,000.

The fire broke out in the center of the building downstairs and is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. This block was the 'argest and handsomest in the city and had been erected about three years.



W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

### A HOLIDAY JAUNT.

A Banker's Son and a Lively Young Woman End Theirs in Limbo.

AN ATLANTA GIRL'S ROMANTIC CAREER

She Flies from Birmingham with a Prom inent Young Man, and They Are Arrested Here.

A banker's son genteelly attired in garments faithfully copied from the fashion plates and diamonds purchased of a reliable jeweler, left his home in Birmingham Christmas in company with a fin de seicle young woman in a gown bright and attractive and ended their holiday jaunt by spending. New Years when at the Atlanta spending New Year's night at the Atlanta police station.

The young man is S. B. Simons, aged

twenty-two, of Birmingham, Ala., and the young woman is Minnie Elliott, aged eighteen, of the same city. The couple claims to be married, but the local police officials disbelleve this statement.

Mr. Simons is the son Mr. II. Sim-

ons, head of the banking firm of H. Simons & Sons, bankers, Nineteenth street and Third avenue, Birmingham, and is himself a member of the firm. He is a young man of good business qualifications and enjoys a good reputation in the Magic City, where he is widely known in business and commercial circles.

Miss Elliott formerly lived in this city, but since she was fifteen years old has been an inmate of the convent of the Good hepherd at Memphis, Tenn... Her history has been an eventful one, and although she but eighteen, her experiences have been multifold. She ran away from the Memphis convent to take up her romantic career and since that time her life has not been without its theatrical passages.

She has known young Mr. Simons since they were quite young and when she fled from the Memphis convent and returned to Birmingham during the past summer she met Mr. Simons again and the two were thrown together frequently. On account of her somewhat Frenchy past young Simons's father objected to his sort paying her attention. But proverbs and experience prove that parental objections have about the weight of a feather in an affair where two young people are of one way of think-ing about matters of the heart.

Parental objection was tossed to the winds and last Wednesday young Simons left Bihmingham with Miss Elliott and come to Atlanta. They engaged rooms on Mitchell street and have since been living there It was there they were arrested yesterday

The cause of the arrest of the young couple was a complaint made by a Young man named W. B. Manning, w.c. made Simons's acquaintance and visited him at the latter's rooms. Manning states to the police that he accepted an invitation from Simons to go with him to his room yesterday afternoon.

He found Miss Elliott in the room and

the three spent the time trute pleasantly. When he left his pocketbook, containing \$30, was missing from his overcoat, which he had thrown across a chair upon entering the room. He says he was positive the money was in the coat when he reached the room, and he suspected that it had been taken by either Simons or the young wo-

He called in Officer Ball and had the couple arrested. They were carried to police headquarters, where they were ques-tioned at length by Captain Thompson and Detective Looney. Mr. Simons stoury de-nied taking the money and the young girl was as emphatic in her protestations of innocence. In answer to the questions of the officers they said they were married, but latter the young girl admitted to a re-porter that they were not. "Say in the papers that we are not mar-

ried," she said. ried." she said.

Yeng Stions was locked up and a case of suspicion booked against him. Captain Thompson states that a case of robbery will be made our today. Miss Elliott was will be made our today. Miss Elliott was allowed to remain in the captain's office. She says she loves Simons and will never forsake him. She is particularly bright and attractive and has traveled cons She has numerous relatives in Atlanta and lived in this city until seven years ago.

Young Simons is very earnest in protest
ing his innocen 29. He stated to the others
that he saw nothing of Mr. Maining's pork
etbook while in the room. He seemed badly put out over his arrest.

A MANIA FOR BITING Ella Means Makes Two Dangeron

Bites Within a Month. Ella Means is a rabid creature. She is a Decatur street negro of the ultra-tough type. She is regarded as one of the most reliable customers of the city in police cir-cles. She is oftener in police circles than she is at her prayers.

She has recently developed a tendency for biting which is quite alarming. Within the past six months she has seriously bitthe past six months she has seriously bit-ten three people and yet she flourishes with keenef teeth and a stronger desire to bite than ever. Four weeks ago she bit off the upper lip of a young negro woman and de-formed her for life. The wound was a sickening thing to see and it was thought that Elm Means would vanish from public gaze for a time.

But she turned up in a few days as dangerous as ever. Last night she had a quarrel with Eella Harris. The two came quarrel with Eella Harris. The two came together and, like a fierce dog. Elfa Means rushed at her antagonist and clinched her right cheek between her sharp teeth. She brought her teeth together and left a horrible, bleeding gash in the girl's face. Elia Harris screamed with agonizing pain and rushed after an officer, the blood dripping from her wound. Patrolman Grant arrested both of them

and Ella Means will once more answer to the charge of biting.

The trial of Mrs. M. J. Lawrence, charged with receiving stolen goods, is set for to-day. Chief of Police Jarrell, of Dayton, O., promised to send witnesses to testify against her, but the witnesses had not turned up last night. The cyldence these witnesses will furnish is to the effect that the goods received by Mrs. Liwrence were stolen. I'nless the witnesses from Dayton arrive it is hardly likely that the hear-ing will be had.

Chief Connolly was the respicent of a superb New Year's present from the police force yesterday afternoon. It was an elegant silver cigar case, large and beautifully modeled. It is one of the handsomest designs in silver that could be found in the Atlanta jewelry stores.

The case was presented while the men were assembled in the rollcall room by Chief of Detectives Wright, who made a short speech of presentation. Chief Connolly responded, expressing his high appreciation of the gift. He was proud of it as an expression of the friendship of the men, and he voiced his personal interest in the well being of every man connected with the force.

The case made against Jim Collier at p The case made against Jim Collier at police headquarters has been canceled and it the matter is pushed it will be done through the action of the grand jury. Collier is the negro who killed Henrietta Simmons on Christmas day by accidentally discharging a pistol, and a charge of murder was docketed against him. This case has been dismissed, but it is probable that the grand jury's attention will be called to the killing.

Station House Keepers Foute and Joiner changed working hours yesterday? Captuin Joiner, who has been on the day watch from 8 in the morning until 4 o'cock in the afternoon changed places with Dr. Foute, who formerly did duty from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until midnight.

Prominent Manufacturer

New England

"I suffered severely for four years from stone in the bladder, and tried many rem-edles and spent much money in my efforts to get cured, but without success. After becoming almost discouraged of ever re-covering my usual health I heard of

# Buffalo

"Began to take it, and in a short time had passed a large number of stones, about one-half of which I send you herewith. The largest ones were retained by different physicians hereabouts, as they said they were the largest stones they had ever seen passed. I can sincerely recommend Buffalo Lithia Water to fellow sufferers, as the text I cane it was a most severe one. test I gave it was a most severe one.
"RUFUS H. BRIGHAM.
"Hudson, Mass., November 16, 1893."



Above is exact representation of Calculi referred to in this statement. The largest ones are retained by physicians and cannot be shown here; one of them is described as being the size and shape of an almond.

Prominent physicians in every part of the United States prescribe Buffalo Lithia Water, and pronounce it of the greatest value in Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Diabetes, and Nervous Prostration. Dr. Wm. A. Hammond says it is better than any other lithia water.

Water in Cases of One Dozen Half-Gallon Bottles, \$5 F. O. B. Here.

Descriptive Pamphlet Sent Free. THOMAS F. GOODE,

Proprietor,

Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

#### LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD. General and Nervous Debility,



ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

The blood is oxidized in the lungs, but it is purified (freed of poison) in the kid-

neys.

If the kidneys are deranged they cannot keep the blood pure and healthy.

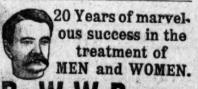
And if the blood is not kept pure, the whole system becomes poisoned and de-

ranged. Having few nerves of sensation, disease may exist in the kidneys and yet give no

Some of the evidences of diseased kid-Some of the evidences of diseased kidneys are high-colored, scalding urine, brick dust deposit, uric acid in the blood, puffiness under the eyes, swelling of the abdomen, ankles and legs, tube casts in the urine, dryness of the skin, pallor of the face, cold extremities, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, neuralgic pains, rheumatism, fickle appetite, headache, dark, muddy urine, etc., indicate the need of

#### Stuart's Gin and Buchu

Any of the above symptoms at first may be slight, but they should not be neglected. They point to kidney trouble, and left to develop may terminate in Bright's disease. Sold by all druggists.



.W. Bowes ATLANTA, CA., Chronic, Nervous, Blood

and Skin Diseases. VARICOCELE and Hydrocele permanently cured in every case.

NERVOUS deblity, seminal losses, despondency, edects of bad habits.

STERILITY, IMPOTENCE,—Those desiring to marry, but are physically incapacitated, quickly restored. ted, quickly restored. Blood and Skin d. seases, Syphilis and its effects,

Ediarged Prostate.

Urethral Stricture permanently cured without cetting or caustics. at home, with no frierruption of business.

Send 6c, in stamps for book and question list. Best of business references furnished. Address Dr. W.W. Bowes, 2 Marietta St. Atlanta. Ga.



TO BE ABSOLUTELY GIVEN AWAY BY

MCKELDIN & CARLTON

SHOES AND SLIPPERS! 23 WHITEHALL STREET. 45 PEACHTREE STREET.

HOW IT WILL BE DONE.

We have had made for us a number of keys, one of which will unlock the burglarproof money box which is now on exhibition at our shoe store, 23 Whitehall Streat
We have placed in this box \$25.00 in gold, and on and after February I, 1894, each holder of one of these keys will be entitled to try to unlock the box. The person whose key
opens the box will be given the contents, absolutely free.

HOW TO GET A KEY.

With every purchase of Shoes or Hats at either of our stores we give one key gratuitously. There is but one key that will unlock the box. You may get it.

No key will be honored unless attached to the original tag. All keys must be left in
our store after trying them.

It will be impossible for us to know who has the lucky key until it is tried.

We want it distinctly understood that OUR PRICES are lower than any house it
Atlanta. Come and see.

tlanta. Come and see.
M'KELDIN & CARLTON, TWO STORES, 23 Whitehall street, 45 Peachtree street.

## TO SHOE DEALERS:

There are "bests" among Shoemakers as among manufacturers of every kind, for the best of best, no matter what, there's almost sure to be something to pay for the name. Most folks are willing to pay it-the certainty of excellence is worth the extra cost. But suppose the goodness and the guarantee come without a cent more to pay? · Here they are:

#### "OLD COLONY."

Men's Calf Shoes. All widths and sizes and made expressly for the foot comfort of men who walk a great deal. Pump soles, plump uppers; good for wet days, good for cold days.

#### "QUEEN AND CRESCENT."

Women's Dongola Shoes, button or lace, made to our order, of chosen leathers, by one of the widest-awake American manufacturers. Where could be better Shoes at the price? Retailers may buy here in any quantities and select their own

GOLEMAN, BURDEN & WARTHEN GO.,

Cor. Pryor and Decatur Sts., Atlanta.

OF WILL

# THE KINNEYS DRY GOODS

-FROM-

# Ryan Stock Continued in Full Force Today.

We throw out on counters many things from that stock

# NEVER BEFORE OFFERED BY

Remember 35c and 40c on the dollar is all we want for the Ryan goods. Anything and everything of our own goods at New York cost.

Savannah, Ga., January 1.—(Special)—
The colored element celebrated emancipation day today by a large and enthusiastic parada after which they listened to
an address from Bishop Turner at the
opera house,

### THE YEAR 1893.

#### Synopsis of Bradstreet's and Dun's Reviews for the Year.

#### FAILURES THE LARGEST ON RECORD.

But All Hope the Year 1894 Will Bring Brighter Days and Better Prices to All Sections of the Country.

Bradsreet's for Saturday devotes considerable space to the "long list of business failures and the stock market of 1893." It makes something over two pages, and is very interesting reading, though showing the worst business year on record. It says "What will doubtless be known as the panic year 1893" has brought with it, as was to be expected, the largest number of bus ness failures ever recorded in the United States since records of the same have been kept, the total amounting to 15,560, in which are included only commercial, industrial and financial business failures in which est mated actual assets are smaller than the reported liabilities. For this reason about 240 banks and banking institutions, which have been forced to suspend since May 1s last, owing to restricted credits, hoarding

funds and panic, because they were not able to promptly liquidate their total in-debtedness, are not included among institutions reported failed, their aggregate lia bilities, amounting to about \$80,000,000 in round numbers, as contrasted with corre-sponding assets of about \$100,000,000. But more than 370 remaining banks and banking institutions, out of more than 600, reported suspended during the past twelve months are included in the statistics of business failures."

It makes the number of individuals, firms and corporations in business, number of

years I	named	as	follows	3:	
		7	lumber	Number	Per Cer
1.1			Busines		Failin
1893			1,050,000	15,360	1.
1892			1,035,000	10,270	1.
1891			1,010,000	12,394	1.
1890			989,000	10,673	1.
1889				11,719	1:
1888			955,000	10,587	1.
1887			933,00)	9,740	1.0
1886			920,000	10,568	1.
1885			660,663	11,116,	1.
1881			875,000	11,620	1.3
1883			855,000	10,299	1.3
1882				7,635	
1881				5,929	7
1880				4,350	
			703,000	6,652	
"The	increa	se	in the	number of	mercar

tile failures in 1893, as compared with the year before, is more than 51 per cent, which it is unnecessary to explain, is the heaviest annual increase on record. In years of increased prosperity and volume of business the tendency of the commercial death rate is to decrease, as shown in the exhibt for the years 1886, 1887 and 1890 and 1892. In 1890 we had the largest volume of trade ever reported in the history of commerce in this country, with the natural effect of check-ing influences tending to eliminate weak business houses, one result being a decrease in the number of failures that year of 9 per cent. But in the latter part of that year occurred the Baring failure, which con-tinued into 1891, and resulted in 16 per cent more failures that the year before."

The western states lead in the number of failures, being 4,371, followed by the middle states with 3,415. Next comes the southern states with 2,419, and the New England states with 2,139. The northwestern states had 1,630; the Pacific states, 1,202, and the territories, 384.

In the western states Kansas reported the largest number of failures—878.

In the middle states New York led in the number of failures 1,884 and Pennsylva-

list with 650. Tennessee comes next with 274, followed by Virginia with 268. Geor-gia's failures amounted to 239. Of the stock market Bradstreet's says:

"The year, which for business purposes ends today (Saturday) will be remembered in Wall street as the most disastrous which the speculative market has ever experienced. Declines in the values of securities have been extreme and, though the close of the year displays a measured improvement, it cannot be denied that the fall in prices have been more prevalent than has heretofore been the case, even in the severest of preceding prices. Financial pressure, disorganization in general business, shrinking corporation earnings and an unparalleled number of receiverships have been the unvarying features of the speculative situation, while the same causes have checked the investment demand, which, under ordinary circum-stances would tranfer the securities thrown over by speculators and lodge them in the hands of permanent holders. European participation in the American market has been almost at a standstill, the doubts which existed in regard to the stability of our currency caused a steady withdrawal of funds invested in the country, and even with the repeal of the Sherman act and the abandonment of a silver purchase policy, European interests found little encouragement in this situation, and consequently withheld the support which would be so effectual a faction in the re-establishment of confi-dence and the recovery of values.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review was rece'ved yesterday, and like Bradstreet's, devotes considerable space to the year 1893.

votes considerable space to the year 1893. It says:

"Starting with the largest trade ever known, mills crowded with work, and all business stimulated by high hopes, the year 1893 has proved, in sudden shrinkage of trade in commercial disasters and depression of industries, the worst for fifty years. Whether the final results of the panic of 1837 were relatively more severe, the scanty records do not clearly show. The year closes with prices of many products the lowest ever known, and with charity laboring to keep back suffering and starvation in all our cities. All hope the new year may bring brighter days, but the dying year leaves only a dismai record.

"Clear evidence of the shrinkage in different branches of business is afforded by answers already received to several thousand circulars requesting figures of sales during the last half of 1893 and 1892. Full information of the results will be given hereafter, but returns of textile goods already show sales amounting to 343,893,875 this year against \$70,347,882 last year, a decrease of 37 per cent. Iron returns thus far aggregate \$40,853,180 against \$65,520,921 last year, a decrease of 38 per cent; reports thus far of fewelry show decrease of 29 per cent; of furniture. 26 per cent; of drygoods, 20 per cent; of hats, 19,5 per cent; of hardware, 19 per cent; of shoe manufacturers, 18 per cent, and by dealers, 8 per cent, and of clothing, 10 per cent. It is curious that the only trade showing any increase as yet is in groceries, the aggregate sales being 1 per cent larger than in the last half of 1892.

"In thirty-seven years, covered by the records of this agency, the number of fail-

gate sales being 1 per cent larger than in the last half of 1892.
"In thirty-seven years, covered by the records of this agency, the number of failures has only once risen a little above 16,550 in a year. In 1893 the number reported has been 16,650. The aggregate of liabilities in all failures reported has, in six years, risen above \$200,000,000. This year the strictly commercial liabilities alone have exceeded \$331,422,333, the liabilities of banking and financial institutions have been \$210,956,864 and the liabilities of railroads placed in the hands of receivers about \$1,212,717,033. As all reports hitherto have been to some extent erroneous, through inclusion of failures not strictly commercial, the classified returns given on the next page will be found more complete and instructive than any hitherto published. They show 3,226 manufacturing failures in legitimate trade, with liabilities of \$184,707,449; 10,683 failures in legitimate trade, with liabilities of \$35,527,896, and 302 other failures, including brokers and speculators, with liabilities in manufacturing is \$50,000; in legitimate trading, \$8,000, and in other failures, \$11,000."

Notes.

si pi or ac lii

The year 1833 is a thirty of the past, and it will long be remembered as a season that has tried men's souls as well as their purses, and which brought more ills than blessings, unless they were blessings in disguise, to the financial and commercial world. It is useless to look back and discuss the causes which led up to a culmination of one of those cycles of adversity which follow periods of prosperity with almost the same degree of regularity as the planets revolve around the sun, except to

try and avoid the mistakes of the past; but let us accept the situation as it is, and look forward in full assurance that good times and prosperity are in store, and, possessing our souls in patience, remember that all things come to him who waits.

Prices of securities and products are very low, in many cases far below their intrinsic value. The country has passed through a most trying season of liquidations and enforced economies. Manufacturers and merchants have reduced stocks to a minimum, and a basis has been established from which a quick recovery is not only possible, but certain. The turn may not come at once, but come it will. Our railroads that are now in receivers' hands will adjust their affairs, and although large losses will be made, settlements will be eflosses will be made, settlements will be ef-fected upon a basis which will guarantee future prosperity.

Owing to the general holiday there wer

The following are	bid and	d asked quotations.	
STATE	ANT.	CITY BONDS	
New Ga. 3348 27 to 30 years 9	4 56	Atlanta 6s, L. D. 108 Atlanta 6s, S. D. 100	
New Ga. 33-5,35 to 40 years 9	1 96	Atlanta 5s, L. D. 193 Atlanta 4 2s 99	***
New Ga. 4148.		Augusta 7s, L. D.10/	100
1915107	109	Macon 6s107	110
Georgia 7s, 1894 100 Savannah 6s 100	102	Columbus 55 299	100
Atlanta 8s. 1903114	115	Waterworks ds. 100	148
Atlanta 7s, 1914 106 Atlanta 7s, 1833195	168	Rome 58 93	
RA	ILROA	O BONDS	
Ga. ea. 1877 97 Ga. ea. 1910 102 Ga. ea. 1922 109 Centra! 7s. 1893 112 Obar. Ool & A. 98	98 101	Ga. Pacific, 1st. 90 Ga. Pacific, 2 L. 30 A. P. & L., 18t/s. Mari'ta & N. d., S., A. & M., 18t., 45	32 80 3) 60
RA	ILROA	D STOCKS.	
Georgia	150	Aug. & Sav 77	83
Southwestern 40 Central 10	45	A. & W. P 70	80
Cent. deben 15	12	do deben 85	90
The Loc	al Co	tton Market.	
Local-Market clos	sed ster	dy; middling 7c.	
Mha fallamhan ta an	-		

	RECEIPTS		SHIPMTIS		STOCK.	
1	1893	1592	1893	1832	1893	1892
Saturday	218	256 T10	100	1076	*:3086 12984	1255
Tuesday	-		,,,,,,	inner.	1	
Thursday	****			****		
Total	303	1366	450	1401	***************************************	

ATLANTA, January, 11894.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 1 1894.

ATLANTA, January 1 1894.

ATLANTA, January 1 1894.

ATLANTA, January 1 1694.

21.60c § 100 B cases Lion 21.40c Levering's 24.60c
Green—Extra choice 21 kgc, choice good 20 kgc; air 13/k;
common 17/kgd18/5, Sugar—Grauulated i/kgc powdered
5/kgc cut loat 5/kg; white extra C s; New Orleans yellow
clarified 4/kg; yellow extra C s; New Orleans yellow
clarified 4/kg; yellow extra C si; New Orleans yellow
Clarified 4/kg; yellow extra C si; New Orleans yellow
Clarified 4/kg; yellow extra C si; New Orleans yellow
Clarified 5/kg. Sugar—Grauulated i/kgc; yellow
Orleans choice si6c; prime 35%-48c; common 20.4331

Molasses—Gounline Clubs 38/kg.38c; imitation 12/2255
Teas—Black 38/kg.5c; green 40 c60c.
Nutmeg 55 n55:
Teas—Black 38/kg.5c; green 40 c60c.
Nutmeg 55 n55:
Teas—Black 38/kg.5c; green 40 c60c.
Nutmeg 55 n55:
Siches—Gounline Clubs 38/kg.5c; imitation
Ginger 18c. Singapore pepper 11c.
Major 18c.
Head 6c; good 5 n5c; common 4/kg; imported Japan 52/kg.5c.
Salt—Hawley's dairy \$1.50c; icecrasm \$1.10c
Virginia 7uc. Cheese—Flats 13/kg.1c.
Virginia 7uc.
Head 50c; palls 60c.
Mackerel—js bbls. \$6.00c.
\$3.00c.
Clanine 18c.
Singalog.

Clarified 18c.
Singalog.

Clarified 18c.
Singalog.
Si

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA. January 1—Flour—First patent \$4.75; second patent \$4.40; extra fancy \$3.40; fancy \$3.30; family \$3.00. Corn—No. 1 white 55c; No. 2 white 55c; mired \$20. Corn—No. 1 white 55c; No. 2 white 54c; mired \$40. Seed ryve—Georgia 75o; 80. Hay—Choice timothy, large baies, \$1.00; No. 1 timothy, large baies, \$1.00; choice timothy small baies, \$9c; No. 1 timothy, annull baies, \$9c; No. 2 timothy, small baies, \$0c; small sacks \$9c. Cotton seed meal—\$1.30 il cut. Steam feed—\$1.10 in cut. Steam feed

Fruits and Confections. Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA. January I — Apples — Fancy northern 6.50@6.50 % barre; Georgia, Virginia and Tennessee 2.00%. 55. Lemons—Messina \$5.50@6.00; Florida \$1.50 c.250. Oranges—Florida \$1.50@2.00 % box. Grape Fruit \$1.75@2.00 % crate. Coconnuts i 44%c. Pineapples \$1.10@1.50 % oz. Bannas—Selected \$1.00@2.00. Pige 13@18c. Raisins—New Calliornia \$1.90 % boxes \$1.00 c.00 c.00 rais \$1.90 % boxes 76c. Currants \$4.7c. Leghorn citron 20 @25c. Natural 11%c. Walnuts 12%c. Beauts—Virginia, electric light \$c; isacy handpicked \$4.54.5c; North Carolina \$3.90 c. Georgie 24.2%c.

Country Progues Country Produce.

ATLANTA, January 1 - Eggs 20 #22½c. Butter—Western creamery 30:35c; fancy Tennessee 18:29c; choice 18:6:20c; choice 18:6:20c; other grades 12½-6:15c. Live poultry—Turkcys 10:12½c % henes 25 27; spring chickens, large 15:20c; medium 12½-6:15c; smail 10:6:12½; ducks 20:20½c % Dressed poultry—Turkcys 11:0:1c; ducks 15c; chickens 10:6:12½. Irish potatoes—\$2.50@2.75 2 bbl; fancy % bu. 55:00c. Sweet potatoes, 55:00c % bu. Honey—Strained 8:10c; in the comb 10:12½c. Onions 75:0:6:10.0 % bu; % bbl \$2.25:2.25c. Spanish onions. 1 bu. brates, \$1.40@1.00. Cabbage 20:2½c. Grapes—Malaga 56 to 55 to kegs \$5.00; 60 to 55 to kegs \$5.00.

Provisions.

NEW YORK, January 1-Pork steady; mess new fila.75@dl.450. Middles nominal short clear —. Lard steady; western steam & 46; city steam —; options, January 8.15; May 7.95.

#### Dressing Gowns, Smoking Jackets

KERCHIEFS, SILK SUSPENDERS. SILK UMPRELLAS, WALKING

CANES, ETC., ETC. Everything handsome-everything stylish everything cheaper than the same grades

A. O. M. GAY & SON, 18 Whitehall Street.

You pick the Suit, NOW --We'll do the rest.

A. Rosenfeldsfor.

Of Course,

One of the South's Most Popular

THE WORK IT IS DOING

n Educational Institution That is the Pride of Georgia-Its Spring Term Opens January 16th, 1894.

The spring term of this noted school for girls, commences on January 16th, next. The attendance on the fall term, closing on the 16th of January, has been, as in all the past history of this school, very large, and is now almost up to the full capacity of the dormitories. A few more boarders, by early application, can be comfortably accommodated.

No school in the south has enjoyed more constant and brilliant success than the Ag-nes Scott, and the causes of this success are

nes Scott, and the causes of this success are evident:

1. Its location in-north Georgia is unrivaled; the local surroundings are ideal, Decatur having long been noted for its refined, educated and religious society.

2. A large and accomplished corps of trained and experienced teachers, each member of the faculty having been selected for his or her character and special qualifications for the chair occupied.

3. Thorough work. The utmost effort is made to do thorough teaching, and no careless or antiquated methods are used. None of the officers or teachers have any financial interest in the management of the in, ittue, and each teacher is able to give her or his entire time and undivided and disinterested attention to the work of instructing. Pupils not making satisfactory progress or not improving their time are not allowed to waste the money of parents by further attendance.

The curriculum is already high. It is not

tendance.

The curriculum is already high. It is redidly pursued and is being steadily advanced as the school grows in years. It is the desire and aim of trustees and faculty to place the Agnes Scott as the leader in elevating the standard of female education in the courth.

the Agnes Scott as the leader in elevating the standard of female education in the south.

The special departments, as music and art, are well equipped and under charge of skilled specialists, are fully abreast of the times and the best schools.

4. The low scale of fees, these having been fixed, not with the view of money making, but simply to cover current expenses, repairs and equipment.

5. The superb buildings were constructed especially for school purposes after the best approved plans. They are all of brick, heated by steam, lighted by electricity, silentifically ventilated and supplied throughout with hot and cold water and fire hose. These are some of the leading causes of the brilliant success of the Agnes Scott. The school is, in every department, well equipped for its work with all necessary appliances and apparatus. There are many attractive features to which attention cannot be called in an article of this character for lack of space, and parents contemplating the selection of a school at this time of during the next year will be furnished with catalogue on application to the principal at Decatur, DeKalb county, Ga.

"Brown's Brenchial Troches are excellent for the relief of Hoarseness and Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective."-Christian World,

#### Children cry for Cheney's Expectorant PERSONAL,

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

Stockman & Welch-Patent solicitors have removed their Atlanta office to 20 North Pryor street, Kimball house. Regular hours 10 to 1 o'clock. for Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat diseases consult Dr. W. L. Bullard, Columbus, Ga. Those unable to pay treated free. fri su tu.

Chaney's Expectorant Will cure your cough OFFICE SUPPLIES

Of All, Kinds at Receiver's Sale We have a complete line of office stationery that must be sold, as we are compelled to realize the cash on same. G. T. Osborn, Receiver for John M. Miller, 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.

Free Chair Car. To Chattanooga on East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway; solid vestibule train. Leave Atlanta at 2 o'clock pl m., arrive at Chattanooga at 7:10 o'clock p. m.

Royal Germetuer Cures LaGrippe,



A. K. HAWKES, Optician,

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WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD. From Nashville, 7 00 am To Nashville ... \$ 00 am From Marietta. \$ 40 am \$To Chattanooga. 3 10 pm \$From Chatth'n'ga 11 65 am |To Marietta. b 30 pm \$From Nashville 6 25 pm \$To Nashville 8 20 2m ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'm'y 6 15 am STO Selma 6 25 am From Hogansville 7 45 am Tr. Palmetto. 11 55 am SFrom Montg'm'y 11 40 am STO Montgomery 1 30 pm From Palmetto. 2 15 pm STO Montgomery 4 10 pm From Selma 4 45 pm To Hogansville 5 10 pm Following Train Sunday only: only: From Hoganville 10 15 am To Hogansville...... 1 05 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. (PIEDNONT AIR-LINE.) \$From Wash'gton 5 20 am \$To Richmoad.... 8 50 am From Cornelia ... 8 15 am \$To Washington ... 12 40 m From Washington ... 4 00 pm \$From Richmond 9 15 pm \$To Cornelia ... 4 00 pm \$From Cornelia ... 15 pm \$To Washington ... 2 15 pm Sunday only ... 2 50 pm day only .... 2 50 pm THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY. GEORGIA RAILROAD.

\$From Augusta... 5 40 am \$To Augusta... 7 20 am From Covington... 7 55 am To Decatur... 8 55 am From Decatur... 9 55 am To Decatur... 12 05 pm \$From Augusta... 1 15 pm To Clarkston... 3 15 pm From Clarkston... 1 45 pm \$To Augusta... 3 40 pm \$From Augusta... 1 15 pm To Covin...ton... 6 30 pm From Clarkston... 4 45 pm \$To Augusta... 11 15 pm From Clarkston... 4 45 pm \$To Augusta... 11 15 pm EAST TENN VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA R'Y. From Jacks'ville. 2 45 am: To Cincinnati.... 3 01 fm
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\$From Cincinnati... 1 50 sm 'STo Brunswick 11 25 am
\$From Macon....... 8 10 pm | FTo Jacksonville... 2 00 am GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULF.

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1 20 pm Ar New York Lv 12 10 pm. 6 00 pm | Lv Pm't v (w) Ar | 8 00 am | 630 am | Ar Wash'gton Lv | 7 00 pm

(b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia (b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Co. Trains Nos. 134 and 127 solid vestibuted rains with Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and washington, and Pullman Buffet parlor contribetween Washington and New York; eleeping carbetmeen Washington and New York; eleeping carbainted and Wilmington. Trains Nos. 3 and 41 run solid between Atlanta and and 41 run solid between Atlanta and Columbic, S. C. Tic. ets union depot or at company's ticket office, No. 6 Kimball House.

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Ar LaGrango 4 3 a 10 11 au 3 65 pm

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25 Beautiful Silk Tapestry Parlor Suits and fancy pieces.

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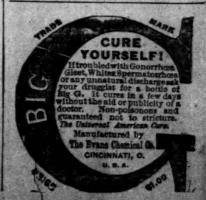
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The Direct World's Fair Line.

All smokers will admit that nothing affords more pleasure than a rich "Havana" cigar after a fine Christmas dinner. Fully appreciating the wants of my customers, I have imported a special stock of select "Havana" cigars for the holidays, which are now displayed at the Big Bonanza Cigar Store, 17 Peachtree street. Being a direct importer, there is no middle man's profit, therefore, I can make you rock-bottom prices. Among my celebrated handmade Cuban goods might be mentioned "La Corona," "La Fama," "Planta Ferfecto," "El Conqueror," "Cuesta's Concha," "Fim Especial," "El Progresso" and numerous other brands of equally fine quality. 'Incee goods are being received fresh every week from my factory at Port Tampa, Fla.

As to quality there need be no comment, as their merits are known throughout the land. My stock of imported French and English Briar and Meerschaum pipes cannot be excelled. Neither can my stock of chewing and smoking tobacco be excelled. All of these goods may be had at my wholesale and retail establishment, Big Bonanza Cigar Store, If Peachtree street, Give me a call and I will not fail to please you in every instance. A. L. CUESTA, Proprietor.
A. G. BALLARD, Manager.
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#### DIDN'T SUCCEED.

Sheriff Euless, of Texas, Tried to Kidnap Ed Crawford,

BUT SHERIFF BARNES WAS ON HAND

The Texas Sheriff Secured His Prisoner, but Quit Even-Crawford's Father Swears Out Warrants.

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QU.

After a desperate attempt to kidnap s prisoner, Sheriff Euliss, of Texas, was cap-tured by Sheriff Barnes, of Fulton county, at Bolton, and his prisoner, Ed Crawford, wanted both in Texas and Georgia on the charge of forgery, were brought back to

Several days ago Ed Crawford was arrested by the police here on a telegram from Fort Worth. The telegram asked that Crawford be held as he was wanted on the charge of forgery, and that a requisition had been signed by Governor Hogg.

Yesterday morning Sheriff Euliss reached Atlanta with his papers and immediately went before Governor Northen In the meantime the bondsmen of young

Crawford had surrendered him to Sheriff Barnes and the sheriff requested the police authorities to hold him on this account so the prisoner was held on two counts-a requisition from Texas and a surrender by

Sheriff Barnes seems to have thought that Sheriff Barnes seems to have thought that there was a general understanding that all of the parties interested in Crawford were to have a hearing before the governor at 9,30 o'clock in the morning so that the relative merits of the two cases might be de-

But it didn't work that way. Before Sheriff Barnes knew what was up he found that Sheriff Euliss had taken Crawford and gone with him.

Sheriff Barnes saw Detective Looney, who intimated that the Texas sheriff had who intimated that the Texas sheriff had gone towards East Point and would get on the train there. Sheriff Barnes immediately sent a bailiff to East Point with instructions to stop the sheriff, having beforehand secured an order from the governor revoking the order honoring the requisition from Texas. Another bailiff was sent out the Cassal Pacific read with equal haste and

Georgia Pacific road with equal haste, and Sheriff Barnes went towards Bolton, Ga. When the sheriff of Fulton county reached Bolton he found no trace of the two people he was after, except the fact that a closed hack had been seen at Bolton. After waiting half an hour, however, Sheriff Barnes found Sheriff Euliss and Crawford—the latter being securely hand-cuffed.
The Texas sheriff looked considerably worried over the unexpected turn affairs had
taken, but when shown the order revoking
the authority possessed by him, gave up his

Charged with Kidnaping.

Charged with Kidnaping.

While all this was occurring among the officials, the father of Crawford took steps to stop the flight of Sheriff Euliss and his son. He went before Justice Bloodworth and swore out a warrant charging Sheriff Euliss with kidnaping, and this was served on the sheriff just after he had given up his prisoner. Crawford's father allowed the sheriff to continue his trip without molestatation since Sheriff Barnes had young Crawford in custody.

ford in custody.

Sheriff Euliss continued his trip via Chattanooga, where he will stop for another

Crawford Tells a Sensational Story. Ed Crawford, who was taken by Sheriff fullss from the station house, despite the fact that he was wanted here on a similar charge, tells a very sensational story and alleges that it was a veritable piece of kid-naping on the part of the sheriff, who was most admirably assisted by Detectives Looney and Bedford. The part that Crawford claims these officers played would indicate that they acted entirely without instructions, since Sheriff Barnes says that the officers at the police station knew that Crawford was wanted here and that they had agreed to hold him to answer the charge-

here.
"Detectives Looney and Bedford came into my cell," said Ed Crawford, "and hand-cuffed my arms behind my back. They told me that they were going to take me to the jail, and lead me out to a closed cab. I got in and was hardly seated before Sheriff Euliss came in and sat down beside me. iff Euliss came in and sat down beside me. The curtains were drawn down closely and I could not see where I was going. I think we drove about two hours when we got out at Bolton. On the wax that I tried to cry out for help, but the sheriff put his hand over my mouth so that I could make no noise. I could do nothing as my arms were fastened behind me. After we got to Bolton the sheriff wanted me to go into the woods, but this I refusel to do I soon saw Sheriff Barnes, and the sheriff from Texas insisted that I should go into the woods, but I told him that he would have to carry me on his back. Sheriff Barnes then got me, and later my father arrived with a bailiff to arrest Sheriff Euliss for kidnaping. He allowed him to go, however.

What Sheriff Barnes Says. What Sheriff Barnes Says.

What Sheriff Barnes Says.

"As I understood," said Sheriff Barnes,
"we were to have had a trial before the governor in the morning, but when I went
up at 9:30 o'clock the sheriff from Texas
had stolen a march on me, secured authority for Crawford's removal and left with
him. I saw Detective Looney, who told me
that the last he had seen of Sheriff Euliss
he was going towards East Point. Thereupon," said Sheriff Barnes smiling, "I didn't ne was going towards hast Foint. Increupon," said Sheriff Barnes smiling, "I didn't go to East Point, but went to Bolton, where I found Sheriff Euliss and got Crawford." Crawford is wanted here for forsery and is now in jail. He will probably give bond this morning. The amount of the bond is

As the modern railroad train is ahead of the old-time stagecoach, so is Hood's Sarsaparilla, a modern medicine, ahead of the old-time remedies. In positive merit it is peculiar to itself.

REV. W. F. COOK ELECTED President of the Methodist Ministers'

Association.

Rev. W. F. Cook, the presiding elder of the South Atlanta district, is now the president of the Methodist Ministers' Associa-

He was elected to this important office

yesterday morning at a meeting of the association held in the basement of the First Methodist church.

Dr. J. W. Heldt, who previously occupied this position, and who held it acceptably for three years, declined the honor of a reelection.

election. Rev. J. B. Robins, the pastor of the First Methodist church, was elected to fill the office of vice president with Rev. C. V. Weathers as secretary and treasurer. There was a large attendance present and the meeting was thoroughly enjoyed. The following committee was appointed to look after programmes for the year: Fevs. J. W. Roberis, T. J. Christian, C. V. Weathers, I. S. Hopkins and W. W. Brunsfield.

ers, I. S. Hopkins and W. W. Brunsfield.

Always Giving Satisfaction.

Brandredth's Pills have always given satisfaction. In fifty years there has been no complaint of them. That is about their life in the United States and millions of persons have used them. There is no doubt that they have established themselves by merit alone. They cure rheumatism, dyspepsta, piles, are complaint, billiousness and any disease arising from an impure state of the blood. One or two at night on an empty stomach, for a week or two, will keep you in good form and tone up the system. They are purely vegetable, absolutely harmless, and safe to take at any time.

Soid in every drug or medicine store, either plain or sugar-coated.

Oryon are all worn out, really good for nothing, it is general debility. Tre BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite.

BLANK BOOKS And Office Supplies.

Now is the time to open a new set of books for the New Year; remember we have a full line of blank books of all kinds and can save you money, for the goods must be sold. G. T. Osborn, Receiver for John M. Miller, No. 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga. NEW YEAR AT THE LIBRARY.

The Association Enters Upon the Brightest Year in its History.

The New Year brings to the Young Men's Library Association of this city every indication of a bright and successful year.

This is simply as it should be. The association deserves well of everybody, and all who have not joined the library should send in their subscription for the year to Percy Jones, the assistant secretary.

Mr. Jones, who is specially in charge of this department in addition to his duties as the valuable assistant of Miss Annie Wallace, has shown himself a most efficient offi-

the valuable assistant of Miss Annie Wallace, has shown himself a most efficient officer during the year. He has managed the
collections with consummate ability, giving
offense to none and winning each day a
number of friends for the association.

Mr. Jones is one of the best read young
men in the city. As a graduate of the
University of Georgia he is recommended
by the highest honors of that institution in
addition to the rare culture with which his

addition to the rare culture with which his manners and conversation are both clothed. In this respect the library has never been served by any one in the capacity of as

served by any one in the capacity of assistant secretary who has brought to the discharge of his duties a greater amount of literary taste and information.

With Miss Annie Wallace as librarian, whose efficient work during the past few years, has brought the association to its present high standard, and whose taste, in everything pertaining to the library, has given to it much of the charm of her own personality—there is nothing in the way which threatens to prevent the realization of all the plans win by the association for the coming year.

all the plans wn by the association for the coming year.

The doors of the library will be opened at the usual hour this morning, and those who have not yet joined the association should begin the year by identifying themselves with this institution. Waste no money. Buy Salvation Oil, the only good liniment. It kills all pain.

SCHOOL OPENS TODAY And the Children of the City Will Begin Their Studies for the Year. The school bells will today chime out

their greetings for the New Year.

And hundreds of children from all parts of the city after the enjoyment of their brief vacation, will trudge back to school to enter upon its busy routine of study and recliation. If there is anything auspicious in a bright

sky and fair wether, the school people have certainly a fair omen for never was a brighter year pledged in a more prophetic outlook. From beginning to end there was not a cloud in the sky yesterday, and be-ing the st of January the whole year ought to borrow its tinge from the color of the

Never before were the schools in a bet-ter condition. When they closed a few days ago for the Christmas holidays they were all crowded with pupils, and in some of the grades there were not enough seats for their accommodation.

All of the school property has been care

All of the school property has been carefully inspected and thoroughly fumigated. No fears arising from the apprehension of diseases spreading among the children should be entertained. The care that is exercised in this matter by the board of education is second to that of no other entailed upon them by the public schools of the city.

city.

Beginning with today the West End school will hereafter be reckoned as a part of Atlanta's public school system, and will be treated as such by all of the rules governing the different schools throughout the

With renewed energy and spirit quickened by the enjoyment of their Christmas vaca-tion both pupils and teachers will begin the new year today.

Neuralgic headaches promptly cured by Bromo-Seltzer-trial bottle 10c.

WEST END POSTAL IMPROVEMENTS

Some Extensions of the Delivery System Which Took Effect on the 1st. With the inauguration of the new year, West End, under the management of Su-perintendent Blodgett, who has charge of

perintendent Blodgett, who has charge of the city delivery system, will be given another corrier. By this arrangement, letters will be as promptly delivered in West End as in an other part of the city, and the restrictions in the carrier service hitherto existing in that suburb will be removed. The carrier system will empress. ing in that suburb will be removed. The carrier system will embrace every house within the corporate limits of West End.

In addition to this the special delivery system has been extended to West End, and hereafter special delivery letters will be sent to any address in West End. This will be a great convenience to those who wish to send a note or other communication to their friends in West End. By putting the special delivery stamp on the letter, it will go directly to its destination.

These improvements in the postal service of West End show great enterprise on the part of the city delivery department of the postoffice, and are a great convenience to the residents of the new suburb.

Keen Up with the Times, Den't cling to the imperfect things. Do you use cereal foods on your breakfast table? Then you need cream Berden's Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream is decidedly superior in richness and flavor to ordinary milk or cream.

NO OFFICERS ELECTED.

The Evangelical Association Met Yesterday Morning but Adjourned. There was a short meeting of the Evan-gelical Ministers' Association yesterday

morning.

The meeting was called to order at 10:30 o'clock by Rev. H. C. Morrison, in the lecture room of the First Methodist churca.

Rev. T. P. Cleveland, the secretary of the association, opened the meeting with a short prayer of invocation.

It was intended by the association to hold.

It was intended by the association to hold the annual election of officers yesterday morning but on account of the small at-tendance it was thought best to defer the election. It will not occur, therefore, until the next

regular meeting in February. After receiving the benediction the meeting adjourned

Live Leisurely, is good advice, but live carefully is better. In both cases Simmons Liver Regulator will help you live best. It keeps the liver active, the bowels regular and helps throw off the poison in the system which causes Malaria and Rheumatism. The Regulator also promotes digestion and never fails to relieve the most severe cases of Dyspepsia, Constipation and Biliousness.

Bank Statement.

Attention is called to the excellent showing of the Lowry Banking Company in another column, made in response to a call from the state treasurer on all state banks. This bank, since its organization under a state charter in 1889, has regularly paid 8 per cent dividends amounting to \$146,000 and has accumulated surplus and undivided profits of over \$109,000. Its success is due to the conservative management of its president, Captain R. J. Lowry, who has been engaged in banking in this city for the past thirty years, and of the cashier, Mr. J. T. Orme, who has been conneced with the bank for afteen years. Their board of directors is an exceptionally strong one, being composed of Joel Hurt, S. M. Inman, Thomas D. Meador, J. H. Porter and R. J. Lowry, who, at weekly meetings, give the benefit of their counsel and advice toward the direction of the affairs of the bank.

The Lowry Banking Company begins the new year under the most flattering auspices, and with ample capital and abundant facilities, is prepared to grant every accommedation to its customers consistent who safe and conservative banking.

Royal Germetuer Cures LaGrippe.

Ceacham's Pills cure sick headache.

Free Chair Car To Macon on East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway; leave Atlanta at 11:25 a. m., arrive at Macon at 1:54 p. m.—only two hours and twenty-nine minutes. Solid ves-tibule train.

Cheney's Expectorant Will cure your Cough. F. J. STILSON,

JEWELER.

55 Whitehall St. Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silver-

ware, Etc., Etc. Reliab e goods Fair dealings and bottom prices.

# AHAPPY NEW YEAR

Thanks to our friends and customers for patronage besiewed on us in the past.

An Invitation To everybody to call during the year, and

especially this week, and inspect our goods and prices. Our motto: "Reliable Goods

Bottom Prices,"

Will always be upheld. Goods will be exchanged or money refunded; in short, everything in our power will be done to make this your trading place for Clothing, Fur-

Men's Suits

On Bargain Counter. These are small lots of fine all-wool suits worth \$12.50, \$13.50 and \$15.00

> AGrand Chance To Save Money.

THE PEOPLE'S OUTFITTERS,

3 Whitehall Street

An Evil Trade.

Danger to the Public from Misleading Advertisements of Bogus Medical Practioners.

Medical Practioners.

Physicians now estimate that more than one out of every ten persons in this country suffer from some form of private disease peculiar to the sex. What renders it the greatest evil of our country is its deceitfulness—the stealthy character of its first appearance. No very serious results attending its first stages, the sufferer is sometimes unconclous of having a disease at all until he has it in the rooted chronic form. Of course, the proper step for any one detecting symptoms of the malady is to go at once to some trustworthy physicician. Dr. Hathaway & Co. are probably the best—that is to say, their system of treatment as genuine cure.

The trouble is that diseases peculiar to men and women are the most treacherous of all diseases. They will "possum" a cure—that is, they will seem to be cured under almost any kind of treatment. There are drugs and mixtures that will temporarily relieve or hide the bad symptoms and make the sufferer think that he is entirely recovered. That makes him grateful and he gives his advertising doctors a statement telling the world of their skill. Presently he discovers his mistake. He finds that his horrible disease, instead of being remedied and ended, has only been luiled to sleep like a toothache under opium. The direase has simply "possumed." And it is this deceitfulness of these diseases that offers such an opportunity for money-making to bogus "specialists." Any horse doctor—a physician without medical knowledge enough to treat a wart—can apply those wicked remedies and hull the sufferer into a belief that he has been miraculously healed. Then, with dupes enough, he can readily fill whole pages of newspapers with the statements of grateful "cured patients." Then, if the advertisement be sufficiently pretentious and misleading, dupes will continue to enter the trap till the imposition is publicly exploded and the authorities take hold, as they have done in this and some of our neighboring cities. It is a vile trade!

The proper course is to go to some regu

PRACTICING SPECIALIST To actually limit yourself to and keep your word, though you sometimes lose money by it, is just what is done by DR. HATHAWAY & CO.



SPECIALTIES-Syndia, Burictures, Hydrocele, Diseased or Unnatural Discharges, Impotency, Manhood, Nervous Debility, Night Losses, Varicocele, Pimples, Ulcers Tiles, Latarrh and

Call on or address D. HATHAWAY & CO., 224 S. Broad st., rooms 34 and 35, Inman Building, Atlanta, Ga. Hours-9 to 12, 2 to 6 and 7 to 10; Sundays, Mail treatment given by sending for symptom books. No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases. Send 2-symptom blanks. No. 1 for men, No. 2 for men and women.

If you do not wish to address Dr. Hathaway & Co., simply write: Lock Box 69, Atlanta, Ga.

Now Order and Plant As soon as it rains shade trees, fruit trees, consental and flowering trees and shrubs, roses, etc. The best and cheapest can be had from

W. D. BEATIE, 508 Equitable Building.

FINANCIAL.

FINANCIAL.

SPECULATION—We offer special facilities to operators, large or small, for trading on margins in stocks, grains or provisions. Market letter issued regularly, giving latest confidential advices. Orders received on 1 per cent margins. Our book, "Speculation, or How to Trade," malled on receipt of 2-cent stamp. C. F. Van Winkle & Co., 236 LaSalle street, Chicago.

WANTED—Rooms, Houses, Etc.

WANTED—One large furnished room with dressing room attached; bath, servants attention, and privilege to use parior, close in Address, stating terms, postoffice box 114, city.

WANTED-Miscellaneous. WANTED—A second-hand copy, last edi-tion, Georgia code. Address, stating price, R. C. Wilson, 114 Loyd street, Atlanta. HELP WANTED-Male.

WANTED Stemographer who can furnish own machine. Apply between 9 and 10 o clock Tuesday morning. 339 South Fryor street. WANTED—Rive old line insurance solicitors for the city; best contract in Georgia to right parties; don't call it you don't mean business. Room 404 Kiser building. Call next five days, between 9 and 10 sun-tues

HE Metropolitan Jockey Club of Chicago desires a live man in every town as broker for their winter books; liberal commissions. For information address A. J. Teevin, manager; 234 La Salle street, Chicago. MEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER— Steady employment, experience unneces-sary, \$75 salary or commission. U. S. Chemical Works, 840 Van Buren, Chicago. aug 13—6m

HELP WANTED-Female. A FEW GOOD active lady canvassers wanted Call Tuesday at 51 Magnolis

wanted Call Tuesday at 51 Magnolia street.

LADIES—You can earn from \$5 to \$12 per week doing strictly home work for us; no canvassing. Send envelope with your address upon it to Star Supply Co., Boston, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male. WANTED—Situation as wood turner or ban sawyer. Address L., care Atlanta Constitution.

Constitution.

WANTED—Situation by young man; can give very best city references; wholesale house preferred. Address R. H., care Constitution. wanted a good cotton mill to sell on commission; have extensive jobbing acquaintance. Address R. S. Philips, Room 7 Masonic building, Kansas City, Mo. City, Mo.

WANTED—Position of any kind, office work preferred, keep books and do general office work; letter No. A-1. Address Zenith, care Constitution.

dec31 3t

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female. WANTED—By experienced dressmaker, work by the day or position in establish-ment. Box 195, Macon Ga.

INSTRUCTION. DR. THOMAS'S SCHOOL OF LITERA-ture and Science will open January 2, over Chamberlin & Johnson's, 66½ White-hall street; pupils please attend promptly, dec31-3t

dec31-3t

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION—Professor A. J.

M. Bizien, at \$8 N. Pryor, teaches privately or in classes the English branches,
French, Latin and Greek. Mrs. Bizien
also teaches French.

dec29 6t also teaches French.

GWIN SEMINARY—For girls and young ladies, opens after vacation January 2d, corner Ellis and Ivy streets. D. W. Gwin, LL.D.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE.

NEW YEAR'S DAY, 1894—We will offer for a few days only some of the greatest bargains in parior and chamber suits and odd pieces ever shown in this market. Notwithstanding the heavy trade our stock is simply immense. We cannot floor the goods, and in order to cut it down will offer some rare bargains to cash buyers. Every one in search of handsome furniture at low prices should not fail to examine this stock. P. H. Snook & Son.

WANTED-Agents.

GOOD AGENTS everywhere for latest office specialty. Sells itself with large profit. Enclose stamp. Am. Lock-Crank Co., Milwaukee, Wis. 10 DAILY; greatest cooking utensil ever invented; retail 25 cents; 6 to 12 sold in every house; sample, postpaid, absolutely free. Nelson Little, Manufacturer, R 27, Chicago, Ill. dec28-sun tues thur

"WANTED-Boarders.

WANTED—Several couples to board in private family; none but the most desirable applicants need apply. Address R. R., care Constitution. BOARDERS WANTED—At "The Chiquo-la," 51 North Forsyth street, near the postoffice, one of the best places in the city for transient or permanent board-ers.

PERSONAL.

A WEALTHY bachelor, thirty-five years of age, wishes to correspond with some good-natured, affectionate young woman. Object, matrimony. Address J. C., box 2014, San Francisco.

2014, San Francisco.

MARRIED LADIES, for absolute safety and health use the Gem. New invention. Send 10 cents. Ladies' Novelty Company, Kansas City, Mo.

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee; Niagara Falls forty miles away. july 16-ly.

CASH paid for old gold and silver, Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT-My furnished 8-room dwelling, corner Spring and Walton streets; has all modern improvements. Call at residence. Mrs. M. E. Horn. san2-st Mrs. M. E. Horn.

FOR RENT—No. 8 Highland avenue, twostory, eight rooms, hot and cold water
and all conveniences; immediate possession. Charles Z. Bialock, owner, 234
Whitehall street. dec31-tf Whitehall street.

RESIDENCE of the late Pr. Crichton, corner Courtland and Ellis streets, will be leased to an approved tenant. Ten large rooms; modern improvements; large, elevated lot, stables, etc. E. C. Crichton, 402 Kiser building.

dec 24—Im

FOR RENT-Furnished Rooms. ROOM FOR RENT at 11 Cone street; nicely turnished; everything new; hot and cold baths. One block from postoffice.

ROOMS-Furnished or Unfurnished. NICE unfurnished room, suitable for persons who desire to speak either the French or Spanish language. Apply 125 Spring street.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT-Large store with basement on South Broad street, near the bridge. The best stand on the street. Cheap. J. C. Hendrix & Co. FOR SALE-Real Estate.

FOR SALE—7-r house; great bargain. 2-r house, renting property; sacrifice. 650 pur-chase money notes. 1,150 purchase money notes. 56 East Alabama street, dec30-6t FOR SALE-Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—The tabernacle formerly used by the Second Baptist church on East Mitchell street. Must be moved off im-mediately. Apply to G. B. Adair, 23½ West Alabama street. jan2-3t

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY-We buy good short time notes and loan money on any desirable security with-out delay. Moody & Brewster, 413 Equi-table. table.

MONEY TO LOAN on monthly installment plan. Money on hand; no commission; no delay. Trust Company of Georgia, 326 Equitable building. dec29 3m

MONEY TO LEND on improved city, property. Jno. K. Ottley, No. 19 Decatur st. dec20 1m

WANTED—To buy purchase money notes or any good notes well secured. Apply or address T. W. Baxter, 407 Equitable build-ing. WE ARE prepared to negotiate loans of any amount on central business property at 6 per cent, also \$15,000 now on hand for choice residence loans. Weyman & Con-nors, 511 Equitable buriding. dec10 Im

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 23 Gould AT 6 PER CENT-five years, central bustness property.
AT 7 PER CENT—five years, select residence preperty.

AT 8 PER CENT—One to three years, resi-

dence property.

AT 8 PER CENT-Monthly plan, any amounts. R. H. Jones, 45 Marietta street.

LOST.

LOST—A blue paper box containing baby's satin cap, either on Mariatta or Mangum streets. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 45 Marietta street. W. A. Haynes. LOST—Setter dog, white, with lemon spots; had on new collar and chain. Return to Perry Chisolm, at Jacobs' pharmacy, and get reward.

LOST—Supposed left on sidewalk opposite 9 West Mitchell. red leather values in box inside containing gaffs. Liberal reward given. Apply 9 West Mitchell.

Joyous Greeting.

As the artisan plans with well measured rule, and carefully places stone upon stone so that at the completion of his work the architecture shall be attractive and strong, so did we-commencing at the bottom-rising higher and higher, until today we have reared at 38 Whitehall street a monument to the High Art Clothing industry of this great southland. Our success is due to the perfect fit, the quality of ma-



terials, combined with the idea of large sales and small margins-always the best quality of Clothing, Hats, Furnishings for



well to the year just past, and with the other we welcome the future and bid it enter where the influence of our reputable past, and our best endeavors in the time forward shall strengthen, if possible, the ties and good opinions of our friends and

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

EDUCATIONAL.

Cons'd'in of Chichton's SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND. CO & CHICHTON'S BUSINESS College.

The Berlitz School of Languages, 17 E. Cain Street, FRENCH, GERMAN AND SPANISH Taught by native teachers. Trial lossons free.

ESSONS in china and oil painting. WEDto order. Art materials at bottom prices.
WM. LYCETT, 83 1-2 Whitehall, St.

B. COLLONGE, Directors.

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF ART. Open daily from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Classes held morning, afternoon and

aight.
All branches of art taught The One Dollar a Month Night Class All kinds of drawing.
Every night from 8 to 10 o'clock.
R. L. PALEY.
630 Equitable Building

New Year Opening

Southern Shorthand **Business University** 

"The Grand," Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga., January 2, 1894. New and elegant quarters, new furniture, new and improved methods. Has over 6,000 graduates in position, or three times as many as any other business college in the south.

Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy and English taught.

Miss Peebles and Miss Thompson's ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS
30, 32, 34 EAST 57TH ST., NEW YORK,
Special Students Admitted,
dec 21—2m s c d

## China Cut Glass

It is an easy thing to select a suitable Christmas present from such a stylish and varied stock of China, Cut Glass and Bric-a-Brac as we carry. We purchased largely-especially for the hollday trade and these goods must go. Make your relations and friends useful presents. You can get them at our

DOBBS, WEY & CO

61 PEACHTREE ST., Atlanta, Ga.

Wholesale and Retail

54) 1-2 Paichtres St. For a Nice Xmas Present Visit H. W. Yarbrough, Who makes all styles of Picture Frames to order. Also nice line Pictures.

AUCTION

401-2 PeachtreeSt.

AUCTION—At T. A. Shelton's new Stables, corner Mitchell and Madison, formerly Thompson street. Just received several carloads of Kentucky and Tennessee horses to be sold at auction Monday 10 a. m. Also two loads well-broken Texas horses and two loads fine mules just received. T. A. Shelton.

DEGIVE'S

Monday and Tuesday, January 1st and 2d. Matinee Monday-New Year's Day.

(Direct from Daly's New York Theater.)
A comedy opera in three acts. Music by
Reginald DeKoven; book by Glen MacDo-

Marie Tempest

FIRST VISIT TO ATLANTA Wednesday and Thursday, January 3d and 4th. Matinee Thursday 2:30.

Ghas. Frohman's Go., The Lost

A Play of Today.

**Paradise** BY H. C. DeMILLE.

Presented in the same superb manner as seen for 250 nights in New York city, 150 nights in Chicago and 100 nights in Boston. No increase in prices.

FAREWELL SOUTHERN TOUR.
Friday and Saturday, January 5th and 6th.
Matinee Saturday. MODJESKA OTISSKINNER

FRIDAY NIGHT. MARY STUART. SATURDAY MATNIEE, "AS YOU LIKE IT." SATURDAY NIGHT, MAGDA.

Where to Get Money at Low Rates. Call On

The full New York Cast and Complet Metropolitan Cast Guaranteed.

HENRY H. SCHAUL No. 143 Decatur Street. Who will lend you money on watches, tewelry, diamonds, pistols, clothing, musical instruments or anything of value. All transactions strictly confidential. HENRY H. SCHAUL. No. 146 Decatur Street.

W. R. HOYT,

Sewing Machines at a sacrifice.

GROCER.

Regal Patent Flour, Peachtree Patent Flour. Rijamo Coffee, Talo Tea, Hoyt's Jersey Butter,

> W. R. HOYT, 90 Whitehall,

Hoyt's Regal Sugar Corn.

325 to 329 Peachtree.



Quality and Price J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall.

# there H

con't be in a hurry-read this. the distillery bottling-genuine-"o. o. p."-old oscar pepper-kentucky's finest whisky-is put up in square bottles, with large "o. o. p." printed in red on face of white labelwhite caps, embossed in red-"o. o. p."now be careful-don't be deceived.

# bluthenthal & bickart,

"b. & b.,"

marietta & forsyth.

whiskies, whiskies, whiskies, "four aces whisky." "canadian elub."

#### "THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE BEST,"

"cleveland club," dollar a quart.

Call and see what we can do before you purchase elsewhere. We are a home institution and by patronizing us you will be indirectly helping yourselves. May Mantel Co., 115, 117, 119 West Mitchell Street.

"A HAPPY NEW YEAR."



Ring out the old, Ring in the new, And buy of Delkin for 'tis true

Engagements made with Delkin's Rings The surest, sweetest pleasure brings,

So come right on, don't hesitate, Or else, perhaps, you'll be too late;

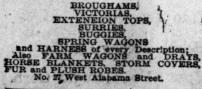
THE PERSON AND THE PE This song we sing.

#### A. L. DELKIN CO. POPULAR JEWELERS,

59 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Before Buying a Vehicle

JAMES E HICKEY, FINE DISPLAY OF



#### RAILROAD NEWS.

Many Are the Changes That Are Being Made for the Year.

COLONEL POPE RESIGNS, SURE LENOUGH

All Sorts of Rumors About the New Traffic ager of the Central-Railros Matters Here and There.

Rumors of railroad changes are as numer There is always a great stir among rail-road men at this time of year when the authorities are shifting around from base to base and the systems are snaping their business for the new year at the instance and recommendation of the annual meet-ings of the boards of directors and the stock-

ings of the boards of directors and the stockhoiders.

Of course, many of the rumors are not new, having been whispered around from day to day for several months, but new interest is given to them by the fact that several very well known railroad men have resigned their positions with this line or that to take effect with the begining of the new year, and these resignations seem to bear somewhat on the rumors as to who will be elected to this office or that.

Colonel A. Pope, for a long time the well-known secretary of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, has resigned his position with the association. It hus been rumored for some time that he will be the traffic manager of the Central railroad to succeed Mr. Shellman, who, it is known, will be put in charge of the Atlanta and West Point and the Western Railway of

West Point and the Western Rauway of

Alabama. But, there have been several names men tioned in this connection and the fact that Colonel A. C. Knapp, of the Georgia South-Colonel A. C. Knapp, of the Georgia Southern and Florida, has resigned his position, has been construed by some with equal certainty that he will be the new traffic manager of the Central. Again, the name of Captain Chears, of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, has been connected with the coming vacancy with the Central, and some think that his recent resignation from service with the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham means that he is confident of this place with the Central.

Thus it is seen that three names have been mentioned for the place among rail-road men, and that all three men have re-signed their places with some other line, seemingly in readiness for this position.

The Atlanta and West Point.

The Atlanta and West Point.

The meeting of the stockholders and directors of the Atlanta and West Point will not be held on the 3d of the month as was at first intended. Nor will the meeting be held on the 5th as was announced a few days ago. It has been postboned until the 10th of the month for the reason that co-Receiver Comer cannot be there before that time. Mr. Comer will be in Washington on the 5th of the month for the purpose of arranging the papers for the sale of the Central railroad. He will be in conference with co-Receiver Hayes for sextral days and cannot reach Montgomery until the 10th.

The meeting will be held that day and the plan for placing Major Shellman in charge of the Atlanta and West Point and the Western Railway of Alabama will be rati-

Western Rallway of Alabama will be ratified, is is very well understood.

It is told that the reason for this change is that Mr. Comer has for a long time been dissatisfied with the management of the Montgomery line because there was not enough traffic thrown into the hands of the Central, the East Tennessee getting far more than its share.

Nothing definite is known as to what Captain Tyler, general manager of the road, will do but it is thought that he will not be long out of rallway service as he has

be long out of railway service as he has been prominent among the leading officials of the southern lines.

Captain Tyler is known to be wealthy and

Captain Tyler is known to be wealthy and for this reason he may not be hasty in seeking further service in the railway world.

Colonel Phinizy, who is president of the Atlanta and West Point and the Western Railway of Alabama, is also president of the Georgia railroad, and for this reason he is to continue in the railroad service after the offices of general manager and president of the Atlanta and West Point and Western Railway of Alabama are consolidated, and Major Shellman is put in charge.

The Southwestern.

There is, perhaps, more interest in the future of the Southwestern now than any

The recent circular sent out by the Macon committee has caused a great deal of con-sternation among certain members of the directory and the stockholders, particularly

those living in Savannah.

The Savannah men claim that Savannah built the Southwestern and they are very, very sore on the recent moment to cut the Southwestern off from the Central. They say the movement means nothing more than

The circular of the committee, however

The circular of the committee, however, sets forth no such purpose.

The following from yesterday's Savannah Press is interesting along this line:

"Savannah opinions vary. A prominent Southwestern stockholder this morning regarded the movement as a 'big bluff.'

"The Southwestern,' said he 'cannot afford to leave the Central and bond their road for \$6,000,000. They would be big fools if they did so. They would soon be in the fix the Central is, if they try to bond their property and buy up other lines.

"I do not know how to take the matter, except literally,' said another well-posted man in Central's affairs. "The resolutions plainly 'mean separation. If Mr. Comer knows anything more than appears on the face of these resolutions. I do not. I think the Mecon except wents to be the second served wents to be the second served wents.

face of these resolutions. I do not. I think the Macon crowd wants to take the road

"'Yes, I believe such action would be bad for the Central and bad for the Southwest-ern. It is true the Southwestern railroad, which is now operated very cheaply, has made \$181.000 in five months—more than six months' rental. But, suppose the Central was competing with it, how much would it earn? The Central with the Savanna and Western, the Sam road and the Columbus Southern railroad would very quickly cut into the Southwestern's territory, competing with it at Columbus. Americus and Albany, and reaching Montgomery and Birmingham; where would the Southwestern company he then?

Albany, and reaching Montgomery and Birmingham; where would the Southwestern company be then?

"Savannah built the Southwestern. More stock is owned here than all other places in Georiga combined. It is our road, and the Central should keep it."

"In another quarter it was intimated that Captain Raoul might be trying to lead the Southwestern railroad into a new campthat of the Plant system or the Louisville and Nashville railroad. It was suggested that Captain Raoul wants to be president of the Southwestern railroad, or possibly of the Central after reorganization. Captain Raoul owns no Central stock and is not personally interested in Savananh, so his Macon movement may be explained.

"Captain Raoul remarked three years ago in the Southwestern meeting in Macon that he could take that road and clear 7 per cent, as an independent line. Viewed in recent lights this is doubtful."

Railroad Short Lines.

sold annually.

Railroad Short Lines.

Mr. S. H. Hardwick. of the Richmond and Danville, spent the first day of the new year in Montgomery at home.

Mr. Guy Crawford Hamilton. traveling freight agent of the Central with headquarters at Augusta, is in the city. He came up last night and will spend several days in Atlanta on business for the road. There is not a more popular railroad man in the south than is Mr. Hamilton.

Colonel Fred Bush is still pegging away on the emigrant business and it is authoritatively stated that he has done more of this kind of business this season than any other two men at work for the Louisville and Nashville. The people have been flocking home from Texas on a vacation to visit their old homes in this region of the south, and many a Georgian has pulled up

## Special

#### Mark-Down Sale!

Very unusual, very exceptional, very attractive. Our entire stock is absolutely new—every Garment in it manufactured this season for this season's trade. However, certain conditions exist that make it wise for us to indulge in great and uparalleled reductions. Like this:

All our \$15.00 Suits and Overcoats marked \$12.50 All our \$18.00 Suits and Overcoats marked down to ...

our \$22.00 Suits and Overcoats marked All our \$27.50 Suits and Overcoats marked

Dollars to cents that every prudent man in Atlanta, needing a Suit or Overcoat, will take advantage of the foregoing splendid offerings.



# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that end it as superior to any prescription own to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D. New York City.

EDWIN F. PARDER, M. D.

Kills Worms, gives sleep, and pro

125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.



# SOUTHERN

Office and Works 304 Chapel street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. P. PELLEGRINNI, L. P. HUNKEKOPF AND A.FUGAZLI. Successors to Pellegrini & Castleberry.

Successors to Pellegrini & Castleberry, anufacturers of Ornamental Staff Work r Exterior and Interior of Buildings, trebrick, Flue Lining, Stove Thimbles, Lomotive and Boiler Arch Brick. The most implete Grate Back made.

## A Large Stock of Chimney Tops

If you have a chimney that smokes notify us and will make it draw.

## START RIGHT:

## Get Your Stomach in Good Fix;

Keep It In That Condition

YOU have suffered many physical pains during the year that has just passed. Many of those pains were caused by overeating, and eating in an unintelligent manner. To be free from suffering during the year 1894, and for that matter the remainder of your life, you should use Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. A Single dose of it will correct indigestion within five minutes, and a few doses will cure the worst forms of Dyspepsia. Begin the New Year right.

Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy: For Sale Everywhere. Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy: Price 50c per Bottle.

Manufacturing Chemist,

Atlanta, Georgia.



No dealer should be without this sizes and

MEYER & GO., 1 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga., DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

Shoes, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Hal

Of the Former Stock of the

# YAN

Will be continued today at 10 o'clock. Sma merchants should attend.

L, FRESH, Auctioneer.

SCIPLE SONS.

ANTHRACITE MONTEVALLO. JELLICO, SPLINT.

R. O. CAMPBE

WRITE FOR PRICES.

GEO.P. HOWARD

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

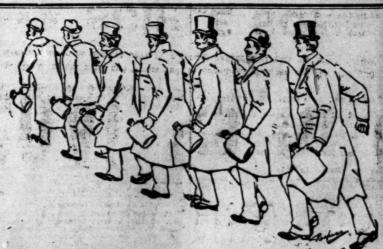
Best Alabama Coal.

Coal at yard handled entirely in bins. No possible dirt. Best

256 MARIETTA STREET,

OFFER MINGO, JELLICO, ALABAMA AND ANTHRACITE

Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders kindly so licited. Phone 1415.



WE ARE GOING FOR

Stone Mountain Corn Liquor

Potts-Thompson Liquor Co. 7-9-11-13 Decatur St---It's the Best in America.

PETER LYNCH.

AGuaranteed Gure

Opium Habit.

VOL.

AS SEEN Messrs. Flagler,

mend the

All of Them

TAKING A